CYCLES B. S. A. RALEIGH INVICTA, ROYAL WEST END, SINGER, Special Barton-on- Humber with stamped fittings, all genuine British made from Rs. 171 to Rs. 324- each, all complete. Full particulars supplied free. WELLINGTON CYCLE & MOTOR Co., BOMBAY & POONA.

The Bombay Chronicle

CYCLES B. S. A. RALEIGH INVICTA, ROYAL WEST END, SINGER, Special Barton-on- Humber with stamped fittings, all genuine British made from Rs. 171 to Rs. 324- each, all complete. Full particulars supplied free. WELLINGTON CYCLE & MOTOR Co., BOMBAY & POONA.

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FOUNDED BY SIR PHEROZESHAH M. MEHTA IN 1913.

VOL. X. NO. 172 BOMBAY: SATURDAY, JULY 22, 1922. TWO ANNAS

SHIPPING

P. & O. AND BRITISH INDIA

(COMPANIES INCORPORATED IN ENGLAND.)

MAIL & PASSENGER SERVICE

P. AND O. SAILINGS TO PLYMOUTH AND LONDON CALLING AT MARSEILLES.

All Passengers are required to be in possession of passports.

Date.	Steamers.	Tons.
22nd July	KAISAR-I-HIND	11,430
29th "	CALEDONIA	7,622
5th August	NARKUNDA*	16,118
12th "	NEVASA	9,071
19th "	KASHGAR †	8,840
26th "	CHINA	7,952
2nd Sept.	MOREA *	10,911
9th "	PLASSY	7,393
16th "	MALWA	10,941
23rd "	KAISAR-I-HIND	11,430
30th "	NALDERA *	15,825
7th Oct.	CALEDONIA	7,622
14th "	MACEDONIA †	11,089
21st "	DELTA	8,097
28th "	CHINA	7,952

NARKUNDA, MOREA, NALDERA } *Through steamers from China Australia.

KASHGAR, MACEDONIA } †Through steamers from China

P. AND O. MARSEILLES SPECIAL TRAIN

A special train leaves Marseilles for London via Boulogne shortly after the mail steamer's arrival.

BRITISH INDIA SAILINGS.

Port Said and Plymouth.

Date About	Steamers.	Tons.
3rd Aug	MANDALA	8,245
23rd "	MANTOLA	8,963
6th Sept.	MULBERA	8,900
13th "	MERKARA	8,235
31st Oct.	MADURA	8,975

SAILINGS TO STRAITS AND CHINA.

About	Steamers.	
29th July	NALDERA	Connects at Colombo with s. s. Novara.
12th Aug.	KALYAN	
19th "	SONDAN	
26th "	MACEDONIA	
9th Sept.	MANTUA	Connects at Colombo with s. s. Dongola.
9th Oct.	NARKUNDA	Connects at Colombo with s. s. Nankin.

SAILINGS TO AUSTRALIAN PORTS.

Date	Steamers.	Tons
29th July	NALDERA	15,825
26th Sept.	MANTUA	10,902
9th Oct.	NARKUNDA	16,118

SAILINGS TO AFRICA, KARACHI AND PERSIAN GULF.

Date About	Steamers.	Destination
26th July	VASNA	Basreh via Karachi.
24th July	VITA	Karachi direct.
26th July	TAROBA	East & S. Africa
27th July	BARALA	Karachi and Persian Gulf

Terms and Rates of Freights and Passage for P. and O. and B. I. sailings may be arranged with

MACKINNON MACKENZIE and Co., Nicol Road, Fort, Bombay.

P. O. Box 122.

NOTICE.

CANADIAN GOVERNMENT MERCHANTS' MARINE, LIMITED,

AND

B. I. S. N. CO'S JOINT SERVICE

CALCUTTA TO HALIFAX DIRECT TAKING CARGO FOR TRANSHIPMENT.

Terms Rate of Freight and Passages may be arranged with:—

MACKINNON MACKENZIE & CO., 18, Strand Road, CALCUTTA, P. O. Box 163.

Telephone No. 1230.

THE SCINDIA STEAM NAVIGATION CO., LD.

Fortnightly sailings between Bombay, Karachi and Calcutta, Burma calling at Galle, Tuticorin, Colombo and other coast ports according to demand.

Steamer.	Tonnage.	Sailing about.
S. S. Jalatarang	4300	29th July 1922
S. S. Jalavihar	8750	31st July 1922
S. S. Jalapalaka	7670	10th Aug. 1922

For freight and other particulars apply to

NAROTTAM MORARJEE & CO., Agents, Ismail Buildings, Fort, Bombay.

SHIPPING

N.Y.K LINE

NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA.

(Incorporated in Japan.)

Regular Service to Japan via Singapore Hongkong and Shanghai.

Steamer.	Commander.	Tons.	Arrival.	Dep.
Hakodate Maru	U. Aoki	5,235	19 July	23 July
Ceylon Maru	S. Matsukura	4,805	19 July	2 Aug.
† Yojin Maru		6,733	25 July	5 Aug.
Awa Maru	Y. Nirei	6,037	28 July	12 Aug
Tamba Maru	M. Wada	5,845	11 Aug	26 Aug.
† Gyokoh Maru	H. Ogata	5,191	18 Aug.	26 Aug.
Akita Maru	Y. Kotorii	3,817	23 Aug.	8 Sep.
Wakasa Maru	M. Goto	6,083	11 Sep.	25 Sep.
Kamakura Maru	J. Fujisawa	5,843	27 Sep.	9 Oct.

†This steamer has no passenger accommodation.

All steamers, equipped with every comfort, are fitted with electric lights and fans in every cabin free of charge and wireless telegraphy. A qualified Surgeon and specially trained Chefs carried.

For particulars, apply to—

K. AKIYAMA, Manager.

Telephone No. 279. 4362

Allos Building, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay.

BANKING

ALLAHABAD BANK, L[TD.]

ESTABLISHED 1865.

(Affiliated with the P. and O. Corporation Ltd.)

AUTHORISED AND SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL ...

CAPITAL ...

RESERVE FUND IN GOVERNMENT PAPER 85,50,000

CONTINGENCY FUND for equalisation of Dividend, Provision for bad or doubtful debts, adjusting fluctuations in values of investments or etc., ... 6,00,000

HEAD OFFICE—ALLAHABAD.

BRANCHES.

Bombay, Bareilly, Calcutta, Cawnpore, Delhi, Dehra Dun, Gorakhpur, Jhansi, Jubbulpore, Lucknow, Meerut, Mussooree, Naini Tal, Nagpur, Patna and Rangoon.

SUB-AGENCIES.

Allahabad City Office, Amritsar, Aminabad Park, Lucknow, Benares, Cawnpore City Office, Chandausi, Fyzabad, Hathras, Hapur Lucknow City Office, Lyallpur, Moradabad, Mutra, Rae Bareli, Sitapur.

CORRESPONDENTS.—In all the principal Towns throughout India.

LONDON BANKERS.—The P. and O. Banking Corporation, Limited. The National Provincial and Union Bank of England, Limited.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS.—Interest at 2 per cent. allowed on balances from Rs. 500 to Rs. 100,000 provided the interest amounts to Rs. 5 per half year.

FIXED DEPOSITS.—Received for long or short periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.

SAVINGS BANK DEPOSITS.—Small sums received Copy of Rules can be obtained on application. Government Paper and other securities purchased and sold, the Custody thereof undertaken and interest and dividends realised. Loans and Cash Credits granted.

Currency Notes of any Circle, Cheques and Hundies are received for credit in Fixed Deposit account free of charge. Banking business of every description transacted. Copy of Rules may be had on application at the Head Office and at any of the Branches.

T. L. FOREMAN, Agent.

Bombay Branch, Allahabad Bank Buildings, Apollo Street, Bombay.

HONGKONG & SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

(Incorporated in Hongkong.)

PAID-UP CAPITAL	$20,000,000
STERLING RESERVE FUND	£4,500,000
SILVER RESERVE FUND ...	$25,500,000
RESERVE LIABILITY OF PROPRIETORS	$20,000,000

HEAD OFFICE: HONGKONG.

LONDON, OFFICE: 9, Gracechurch Street, E. C.

BOMBAY OFFICE. 40, Churchgate Street.

OTHER BRANCHES.

Amoy	Ipoh	Rangoon
Bangkok	Johore	Saigon
Batavia	Kobe	San Francisco
Calcutta	Kuala Lumpur	Shanghai
Bairen	Lyons	Singapore
Canton	Malacca	Sourabaya
Colombo	Manila	Sungei Patani
Foochow	Nagasaki	Tsingtao
Hamburg	New York	Vladivostock
Hankow	Penang	Yokohama
Harbin	Peking	Yloilo
Hongkong		

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and interest allowed half-yearly on daily balances of Rs. 1,000 to Rs. 1,00,000 at 2 per cent. per annum provided the sum accrued amounts to Rs. 5.

FIXED DEPOSITS received for varying periods on terms which may be learnt on application.

DRAFTS GRANTED AND BILLS, PURCHASED on the principal commercial centres of the World.

GENERAL BANKING AND EXCHANGE business undertakes.

E. E. HYND, Agent.

BANKING

THE YOKOHAMA SPECIE BANK, LIMITED

(REGISTERED IN JAPAN.)

(ESTABLISHED 1880.)

Subscribed Capital ... Yen 100,000,000

Paid-up Capital ... Yen [illegible]

Reserve Fund ..... Yen 61,000,000

HEAD OFFICE—YOKOHAMA.

BRANCHES.

Batavia	Kobe	Saigon
Bombay	London	San Francisco
Buenos Aires	Los [illegible]	Seattle
Calcutta	Lyon[illegible]	Shanghai
Changchun	Man[illegible]	Shimonoseki
Darien	Nagoya	Singapore
Frengtien	Newchwang	Sourabaya
Hamburg	New York	Sydney
Hankow	Noya	Tokyo
Harbin	Osa	Tsinan
Hongkong	Ping	Tientsin
Honolulu	Pigoon	Tsingtau
Kai Yuan	Rio de Janeiro	Vladivostock

CURRENT DEPOSITS ACCOUNTS are opened for approved customers and interest is allowed at the rate of 2 per cent. per annum on daily balances of Rs. 1,000 to Rs. 10,00,000 provided that the amount of half-yearly interest is not less than Rs. 5.

FIXED DEPOSITS are received for one year or shorter period on terms which may be ascertained on application.

Every description of BANKING and EXCHANGE business transacted.

H. UNAGAMI, Acting Manager, Hornby Road, Bombay.

Post Box No. 907.

THE TATA [illegible] INDUSTRIAL BANK, LIMITED.

Paid-Up Capital and Reserve	Rs. 7,50,18,450
Reserve Liability of Shareholders	Rs. 2,43,55,536
	Rs. 5,25,12,915

Sir D. T. Tata, Kt., Chairman.

Board of Directors.

HEAD OFFICE, BOMBAY.

LONDON OFFICE: 9, Bishopsgate, E.

Branches: CALCUTTA, CAWNPORE, DELHI, HYDERABAD, (DECCAN) LUCKNOW, MADRAS, RANGOON.

Every facility offered for General and Exchange banking throughout India and with Europe and America, Bills of Exchange negotiated. Deposits received.

For terms apply to Head Office or any branch.

General Manager, L. D. L. BUCKLEY.

THE UNION BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED.

	Rs.
AUTHORISED CAPITAL ...	5,00,00,000
SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL ...	3,97,61,500
PAID-UP CAPITAL ON 31-3-22 ...	59,33,12[illegible]/8

HEAD OFFICE. 62-68, Apollo Street, Fort, Bombay.

SUB-BRANCHES. Zaveri Bazar, 289, Shaik Memon Street.

LONDON AGENTS.

THE LONDON COUNTY WESTMINSTER AND PARR'S BANK, LIMITED.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS: Interest allowed at 2½ per cent. per annum on DAILY BALANCES upto Rs. 1,00,000. From 1st January to 30th June interest at 3 per cent. per annum is allowed on sums over Rs. 50,000 provided the balance does not fall below that figure. No interest is alowed unless the sum accrued amounts to Rs. 3 half-yearly.

FIXED DEPOSITS received for one year and for shorter periods at rates to be ascertained on application.

SAVINGS BANKS. Interest allowed at 4 per cent. per annum. Rules on appliation.

LOANS AND CASH CREDITS are granted on approved securities at favourable rates.

SHARES AND SECURITIES prchased and sold.

General Banking and exchange buiness of every description transacted.

T. C. ANDERSON, General Manager.

THE BANK OF INDIA, LD.

ESTABLISHED 7TH SEPTEMBER, 1906. INCORPORATED UNDER THE INDIAN COMPANIES ACT VII OF 1882.

ORIENTAL BUILDINGS, BOMBAY.

CAPITAL SUBSCRIBED	£ 2,00,00,000
CAPITAL PAID-UP	1,00,00,000
RESERVE FUND	72,50,000

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

Interest is allowed on daily balance from Rs. 300 to Rs. 1,00,000 AT THE RATE OF 2½ PER CENT. PER ANNUM THROUGHOUT THE YEAR. On sums exceeding Rs. 1,00,000 interest is allowed by special arrangement. No interest will be allowed which does not amount to Rs. 3 per half year.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Deposits are received fixed or one year or for shorter period at the rates of interest which can be ascertained on application.

SAVINGS BANK ACCOUNTS opened on favourable terms. Rules on application.

J. G. GRAY, Manager.

BANKING

THE EASTERN BANK, LD.

(Incorporated in England).

HEAD OFFICE:—4, Crosby Square, London, E. C. 3.

BRANCHES.

Amara	Calcutta
Baghdad	Colombo
Bahrein	Madras
Basrah	Mosul
Bombay	

Authorised Capital	£2,000,000
Paid-up Capital	£ 999,[illegible]
Reserve Fund	£ 300,000
Reserve Liability of Shareholders	£1,000,156

BOARD OF DIRECTORS.

J. S. Haskell, Esqr., Chairman.
Sir J. Leigh-Wood, K.B.E., C.B., C.M.G., Deputy Chairman.
Sir Percy Wilson Newson, Bart.
J. H. Batty, Esq.
G. Bromley-Martin, Esq.
Emile Francqui, Esq.
Meyer Sassoon, Esq.

BOMBAY COMMITTEE.

A. J. Raymond, Esq.,
Sir Dinshaw Maneckjee Petit, Bart.
Narottam Morarji, Esq.,

BOMBAY BRANCH.

Corner of Hornby Road and Churchgate Street.

INTEREST allowed on deposits fixed for one or two years at rates to be ascertained on application.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and Fixed Deposits received for shorter periods at rates to be ascertained on application.

INTEREST allowed on Savings Deposit Accounts at 4 per cent. per annum. Copies of the Rules may be obtained on application.

BILLS OF EXCHANGE purchased. Loans and Credits granted on aproved security and every description of Banking and Exchange Business undertaken. Purchases and sales of British and Foreign securities effected on usual terms.

L. F. TUCKER, Manager.

THE PUNJAB NATIONAL BANK, LIMITED.

ESTABLISHED 1895.

Capital	Authorised	50,00,000 0 0
[illegible]	Issued	50,00,000 0 0
[illegible]	Subscribed	50,00,000
[illegible]	.....	20,45,920
[illegible]	.....	17,20,00[illegible]

LAHO[illegible] M[illegible] P[illegible]

[illegible] Srinagar [illegible] Mul[illegible] City Umballa City Umballa Cant.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS are opened and interest allowed at 3 per cent. from January to June and 2½ per cent. from July to December.

FIXED DEPOSITS are received for 12 months and shorter periods at rates of interest which can be ascertained on application.

SAVINGS BANK DEPOSITS.—Sums as low as Rs. 5 received and interest allowed at 4½ per cent. per annum.

LOANS OVERDRAFTS and CASH CREDITS.—The Bank grants accommodation of terms to be arranged against approved security.

CHEQUES, HUNDIS, BILLS, etc., of outstations are bought collected and discounted. For other particulars and rules of business apply to—

DES RAJ MEHRA, Manager.

NEDERLANDSCH INDISCHE HANDELS BANK,

(NETHERLANDS INDIA COMMERCIAL BANK.)

(Incorporated in Holland.)

Established 1863.

Authorised Capital	Fl.60,000,000	about £5,000,000
Paid-up Capital & Reserve Fund	Fl. 75,000,000	£6,250,000

HEAD OFFICE at AMSTERDAM (Holland) SUB-OFFICE: THE HAGUE.

EASTERN HEAD AGENCY at BATAVIA, BRASCHES.

DUTCH EAST BRANCHES.

Ampenan	Palembang
Bandeong	Pekalongan
Cheribon	Probolinggo
Gorantolo	Semarang
Macassar	Soerabaia
Medan	Tjilatjap
Menado	Weltevreden

STRAITS SETTLEMENTS:—Singapore.
CHINA and JAPAN.—Hongkong, Shanghai and Kobe.
BRITISH INDIA.—Bombay and Calcutta.
LONDON BANKERS.—London Joint City and Midland Bank, Ltd., Swiss Bank Corporation Williams Deacon's Bank, Ltd.
PARIS BANKERS: Guaranty Trust Company, of New York.
NEW YORK BANKERS:—Farmers Loan and Trust, Co., Guaranty Trust Co., of New York, Goldman Sachs and Co.
Correspondents in every part of the World.

BOMBAY BRANCH.

Sorab Building No. 7 Mursban Road, Fort. Post Box No. 876.

Every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted

W. J. DeGRAAN, Manager.

THE SHILOTRI BANK, LTD.

SHILOTRI BANK BUILDINGS, TAMARIND LANE, FORT, BOMBAY.

ASSETS EXCEED RS. 30,00,000.

ANNOUNCEMENT.

5% P. A. ON DAILY BALANCES.

As long as the Government of India finds it difficult to borrow funds in the open market at a rate of interest lower than 6 per cent. p. a. or at any rate below 5 per cent. p. a. we have decided to give full advantage to our customers of the predicament of the Government and to grant them 5 per cent. p. a. on their daily balances with us on Savings Accounts. Interest payable only on the 31st day of December each year, even though an account may be closed earlier.

Investments mainly in or against Government of India Securities and in Securities admitted by the Trust Act. For rules and particulars apply to

YESHWANT ANNA KUNTE, Esq., Director, Girgaum Branch.

Dr. PRABHAKAR S. SHILOTRI, M.A., Ph.D., Managing Director.

THE INDUSTRIAL & EXCHANGE BANK OF INDIA LIMITED.

7, FORT STREET, BOMBAY.

BRANCHES AT KARACHI RAWALPINDI SURAT AND KAPURTHALA Agencies in all parts of India. CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and interest allowed at 3 per cent.

SAVINGS BANK ACCOUNTS opened and interest allowed at 3 per cent.

FIXED DEPOSITS for short period, one year and more accepted, interest allowed for 18 months at 6 per cent. for 5000 and under and at 6½ per cent. on sums above 5000, special rates for large deposits. Cheques or receipts of any part of India accepted at par in long term deposits. ADVANCES MADE, OVERDRAFTS ALLOWED, CASH CREDIT OPENED ON APPROVED SECURITIES. Bills for Collection accepted.

Every description of Baning business undertaken.

SHARES AVAILABLE AT PAR.

G. P. Notes. Shares Stocks bought and sold Free of Charge for Customers.

Short terms deposits invited on favourable terms.

Further particulars from— Post Box. 22.

Phone 5305.

KHOLSA AND CO., Managers.

INDIAN CAPITAL, INDIAN MANAGEMENT.

BANKING

THE BANK OF MORVI, LD.

(REGISTERED IN BOMBAY.)

HEAD OFFICE: Fort, Bombay.

BRANCHES—Shroff Bazar (Bombay) and Surat.

LONDON AGENTS—The National Provincial and Union Bank of England, Ltd.

Subscribed Capital	Rs.	1,00,00,000
Paid-up Capital	"	40,00,000
Reserve Liability for Calls and Contingency	"	80,00,000
Funds	"	3,89,000

ACCOUNTS.—Interest at 3 per [illegible] year on sums of Rs. 500 to [illegible] Received for 12 months [illegible] POSIT[illegible]—Received at [illegible] TELEGRAPHIC [illegible] London bought and sold.

GOLD AND SILVER IMPORTED.

STOCK and SHARES sold and purchased in India and England and Dividends collected.

All kinds of Banking and Exchange Business transacted.

C. I. PAREKH & CO., Agents.

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THE INDUSTRIAL & PRUDENTIAL ASSURANCE CO., LD,

19, ESPLANADE ROAD, FORT, BOMBAY.

CHAIRMAN

Sir Fazulbhoy Currimbhoy, Kt.

Attractive Plans for Life Insurance with lowest rates and with special advantages.

For particulars apply to—

JIVANLAL DASTUR & CO., Secretaries and Managers.

NATIONAL INSURANCE [illegible]

Head Office.

7, Church Lane, CALCUTTA.

A PROGRESSIVE INDIAN LIFE OFFICE

Total Invested Funds exceed	Rs.	58,00,000
Claims Paid over	Rs.	14,00,000
New Business 1921	Rs.	55,86,500

Lowest Rates of Premiums in India, Liberal Policy Conditions.

For all Forms of Assurance please apply

S. N. BANERJEA, Secretary.

RAE AND CO. Managing Agents;

Or

DHURANDHAR BROTHERS. Chief Agents.

Bombay Presidency, C. P. Berar and C. I. 803, Hornby Road, Fort, BOMBAY.

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According to the Government of India Insurance Blue Book.

The Oldest Life Office of Bengal,

THE HINDU MUTUAL LIFE ASSURANCE, LD.

Established 1891.

Funds and Assets over—Rs. 2,00,000.

Claims Paid Exceed—Rs. 2,00,000.

Government of Bengal (Official Trustee) the Trustee of the Reserve Fund.

Policies from Rs. 500 to Rs. 4,000.

LOWEST RATE OF PREMIUM.

This is the only policy-holders' office and the oldest purely Hindu Life Office in India. We ask every Hindu to compare our rates with any other Indian or Foreign Office before insuring elsewhere.

For particulars apply to—

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The Chief Agents, D. N. SEN & CO., 1, Chowringhee Calcutta.

Agency Applications Invited.

HINDUSTAN CO-OPERATIVE INSURANCE SOCIETY, LD.

CALCUTTA.

Second Quinquennium Valuation-Report and commends a Bonus of [illegible] per cent., on the sum assured for each complete year of assurance on Policies in the Ordinary Assurance Fund which become claims during the Quinquennium ending 30th April, 1922, after making a Special Reserve of Rupees One Lac.

Premium Reserve Fund exceeds Rs. [illegible].

The only Indian Life Office managed on sound democratic lines.

Prospectus and forms of Assurance can be sent on application to Head Office or any Branch or Chief Agency Office in India.

S. R. KHOPKAR, Manager.

Bombay Branch, 48, Madows Street, Fort, Bombay.

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PROSPECT HOTEL.

PANCHGANI.

Opened under entire new management on Western principles. Bracing climate, excellent cuisine and comfortable rooms open on all sides. Terms moderate. Book rooms sharp. Season commencing October.

Tel. 2710. *Telegraphic*: "LODGE."

THE ONLY BEST AND COMFORTABLE HOME.

FOR RAJAHS AND HIGH CLASS HINDU FAMILIES.

Shri Narsinh Hindu Lodge.

VITHAL SAYANA BUILDING LOHAR CHAWL

Decent boarding and lodging accommodation guaranteed.

For charges :—	Monthly	Daily
Special Class for kings	200—0	10—0—0
1st Class	75—100	3—8—0
2nd Class	50—70	2—8—0
3rd Class	40—0	2—0—0

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Bengal Paste Board and Paper Mills, Ltd.

THE ONLY BOARD MILL IN INDIA.

Card Board, Coloured Boards, etc., speciality.

HIGHLY APPRECIATED BY H. R. H. THE PRINCE OF WALES and other eminent Gentlemen

Shares available and alloted on the basis of Prospectus.

THE DIRECTOR

THE BENGAL PASTE BOARD AND PAPER MILLS, LTD.

8, OLD COURT HOUSE CORNER, CALCUTTA.

The India Equitable Insurance Coy., Ltd.

Head Office:—1 Lal Bazar Street, CALCUTTA.

Note well:—The Astonishing Profits (Reversionary Bonus) declared to the Policy holders at the last Actuarial Valuation of this Company:—Rs. 15/per thousand per annum.

Please compare this results with the results of other Companies before insuring your life.

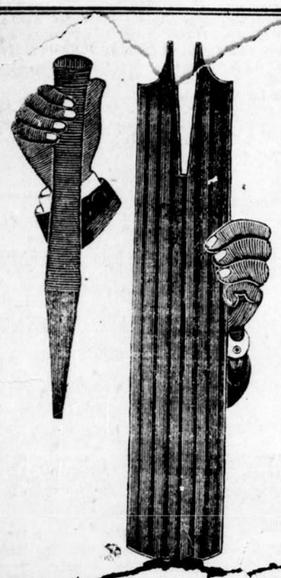
Wanted Agents on Commission and Allowance guaranteed business.

For further particulars, Proposal forms and erms of Agency please apply to—

THE INDIAN PRODUCTS SUPPLYING AGENCY, LTD.

Local Secretaries, 79 Medows Street, Bombay.

P. CHAUDHURI, Secretary, Head Office, CALCUTTA.



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We have well experienced SIALKOT MEN to repair Bats.

Rates Moderate

Satisfaction Guaranteed.

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Large stock of Autograph, Cannon, Ferce, Spl Club and varieties of English Bats and other materials.

DODHY'S Men size Cricket Bats costing from Rs. 3 to 20.

Catalogue sent FREE

DODHY & SONS

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BOMB[illegible]

THE

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Empire Building Hornb Road, Fort Bombay.

(Estd. 1891)

Telephone No. 595. Telegrams:—EASTLIGHT.

FUGUKAWA WIRE

Just Unpached Consignment of

Insulation Testing Sets, Heating Apparatus, Boilers, Toasters, Irons Heating Plates, Watchman's Clocks, Fancy Presentation, Table Lamps, Illumination Strips.

Also Pumps, Motors, A.C. and D.C. Fans, Etc.

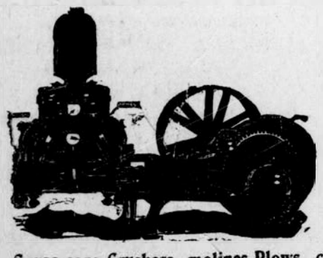
Price on Application.

SUPER OR MAKE

K. B. JOSHI & COMPANY.

321, HORNBY ROAD, FORT, BOMBAY. (INDIA.)

SOLE AGENTS:—



MYERS PUMPS

Reliable House of Myers Pumps in India. A large stock of differents kinds of Pumps, such as Hand Pumps Power Pumps, Spray Pumps for every purpose and for depths up to 300 ft.

PATRONIZED BY

Government and Indian States.

Also can be Had of us:—

Sugar-cane Crushers, molines Plows, cultivators, Hand Grinding mills etc.

Write for catalogue and particulars to above address.

KATOL

STICKS.

Destroys Mosquitoes. Rs. 1-8 per box.

A. H. NASER & CO.,

Princess Street, BOMBAY.

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PORTABLE AEROTHRUST CENTRIFUGAL PUMPING SETS AND MOTOR OIL ENGINES.

Out Board Motors, Spraying and Lime-Washing Machines, etc.

Sole Agents. S. NAVALKAR & SONS, Agricultural Merchants and Importers,

316, Princess St., Bombay, 2.

KATOL

The Best Insecticide Powder, Annas 14 per tin.

A. H. NASER & CO.,

Princess Street, Bombay.

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AUCTION SALE.

SORABJEE COWASJEE & CO.

AUCTIONEERS AND COMMISSION AGENTS
(21, Medows Street, Fort, Bombay.)

AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE VACANT PIECE OF LAND SITUATE AT BANDRA HILL CAVE ROAD NEAR KHOJA SANATORIUM, BANDRA.

Messrs. SORABJEE COWASJEE & CO., will by order of Mr. Gulamhusein Hajee Hassam Noorani, sell by Public Auction on SUNDAY, the 23rd July, 1922 at 4-30 p.m. (S.T.) the undermentioned properties on the premises.

LOT NO. 1—Will be sold with the consent of Messrs. Bhowanidas & Co. and Lot No. will be sold with the consent of the Alliance Bank of Simla, Ltd.

PARTICULARS OF PROPERTIES.

LOT NO. 1.

All that piece or parcel of land, containing by admeasurement 3,599 square yards or thereabouts be the same a little more or less situate, lying and being at Bandra Hill in the Thana Zilla in the Registration Sub-district of Bandra, and bearing Survey No. 197 and bounded as follows, that is to say, on the East by the vacant land, on the South by the property of Mr. Pundol and Government land on the West by the property of Mr. D'Souza and on the North by the Cane Road.

LOT NO. 2.

All that piece or parcel of land containing by admeasurement 5,956 square yards or thereabouts be the same a little more or less situate, lying and being at Bandra Hill in the Thana Zilla, in the Registration Sub-district of Bandra, being the upper and Eastern portion of the land bearing Non-agricultural Survey No. 197A. and Entry No. 2592 and bounded as follows that is to say on or towards the North by a public road, on or towards the East by the property of the Vendor now agreed to be sold to Fathe Mahomed Sher Mahomed, on or towards the South by the property of Kurim Nanjee and on or towards the West by the land and premises hereby assigned to the purchaser and more particularly described in the Schedule above written.

For further particulars and condition of sale apply to Messrs. Munchershaw B. Chothia & Co., Attorneys for the vendor at their office, No 14 Hummum Street, Motilal Mansions, Fort, Bombay or to the undersigned auctioneers.

P.S.—The properties will be sold in small lots or in one lot as may be determined at the times of sale.

WEEKLY SALE.

Messrs. SORABJI COWASJI and Co., will on WEDNESDAY, the 26th day of July, 1922, sell by Public Auction at their Rooms at 3 p.m. (S.T.) the following:—

By order of the Banks and others concerned:—
5 Crates Earthenware.
2 Cases Lamps.
5 Casks about 20 cwt. Alizerine Red Paste.
2 Cases Gent's Boots and Shoes.
1 Case Cotton cord cloth and lace pieces.
5 Cases Windsor Brown Soap.
3 Cases Copper Foils.
1 Case Silk piece goods.
2 Case Kola Granulated Astice.
On account and at the risk of Mahomedalli Abdolali Railwalla of Bhendy Bazar.
1 Case 10 Rolls Oil Cloth for shoes.

SORABJEE COWASJEE & CO.
Auctioneers.

Bombay, 22nd July 1922.

J. S. MODY & CO.

AUCTIONEERS & COMMISSION AGENTS,
20, Apollo Street.
Tel. No. 3409.

AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE IMMOVEABLE PROPERTY SITUATE AT CADELL ROAD, MAHIM (FORMERLY CALLED MAHIM BAZAR).

Under instructions from Messrs. Vachha and Co., Attorneys for the Mortgagees, Messrs. Devichand Gomaji and Co. and on account and at the risk of the Mortgagors, Messrs. Dattatraya Shridher Paradker, Vasudeo Shridher Paradker and Shrikrishna Sadashiv Paradker and under the power of sale reserved to the Mortgagees under an Indenture of Mortgage dated the 1st day of September, 1919, and made between the said Mortgagors of the one part and the Mortgagees of the other part, Messrs. J. S. MODY and Co. will sell by Public Auction on WEDNESDAY, the 26th day of July, 1922, at 4-30 p.m. (S. T.), on the premises the undermentioned valuable immoveable property.

THE SCHEDULE.

All that piece or parcel of Mahim Pension and Tax land or ground together with the messuages, tenements, dwelling houses or chawls now standing and to be erected thereon, situate, lying and being at Cadell Road (formerly called Mahim Bazar), outside the Fort and in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay containing by admeasurement 1,000 square yards forming portion of land registered in the Books of the Collector of Land Revenue under Old No. 633, New No. 4563, Old Survey No. 209 and New Survey No. 1/1519 and assessed by the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under G Ward Nos. 4816 (3), 4815 and 4816 (1), Street Nos. 145B, 144 and 145, and bounded as follows, that is to say, on or towards the East by the property of Mr. Louis, on or towards the West by the Cadell Road, on or towards the North by the property of Ansuyabai Paradkar and on or towards the South by Lady Hardinge Road.

For further particulars and conditions of sale, apply to Messrs. Vachha and Co., Solicitors for the Mortgagees, at their Office 327, Hornby Road, Fort (Nawab Building), or to the undersigned.

J. S. MODY & CO.,
Auctioneers.

Bombay, 22nd July, 1922.

MEHTA & CO.

Auctioneers.
On Government and G. I. P. Railway Plot.

AUCTION SALE OF LARGE SIZED TARPAULINS.

THIS DAY, SATURDAY, the 22nd July, at 3-30 p.m. (S. T.), Messrs. MEHTA & Co., will sell by Public Auction at their Rooms at 25, Medows Street, Fort.

80 Bundles each about 10 large sizes Tarpaulins.

MEHTA & CO.,
Auctioneers.

Bombay, July 22.

The Bombay Chronicle Press
IS EQUIPPED WITH UP TO DATE QUICK-SERVICE AND LABOUR SAVING MACHINES
PROSPECTUSES ARE PRINTED WITH UTMOST EXPEDIENCY

AUCTION SALE.

BENNETT & CO.

120, APOLLO STREET, FORT.

TO-DAY, SATURDAY, the 22nd July, 1922, at 3-30 p.m. (S. T.) Messrs. BENNETT & Co., will sell by Public Auction at their Rooms, a quantity of grey and coloured piece-goods, one iron safe on stand, etc.

AT 2-30 P.M. (S.T.)

1 second-hand rubber tyred canoe victoria in good order.
1 second-hand rubber tyred palanquin office Shigram.
1 second-hand rubber tyred vis-a-vis in good order.
One Daimler motor car 20-25 H. P. in good running order.
By order of the Bank concerned and on account and risk of the concerned.
1 case Brass goods.

AUCTION SALE OF FURNITURE AT DADAR.

TO-MORROW, SUNDAY, the 23rd inst., at 2-30 p.m. (S. T.), Messrs. BENNETT & Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at the "Palm", Dadar Main Road, Dadar, very valuable and handsome made-to-order household furniture, rich glass and crockeryware, best platedware, English solid mahogany sliding table, arm and without arm chairs, sideboard and dumbwaiters, rich carpets, oil paintings and water colours, drawing room suites of sofas and chairs, Chesterfield sofas and easy chairs, electric hall and table lamps, one phonograph with records and stand, fancy vases, parian and marble figures, blackwood open carved pier table and carved furniture, corner and centre cabinets, fancy ornaments, old China jars and vases, single and double bedsteads, reclining sofas, teapoys, mirror almyrahs, dressing chest of drawers, dressing and wash-hand tables, cloth and gown presses, writing tables, office chairs, glass door book and silver cases, easy chairs, card tables, hat stands, coir matting, aluminium utensils, etc., etc., at 4-30 p.m. 1 English built A. T. Canoe shape steel wheel Landaullete.

The property of E. A. Green, Esq., and others.

Catalogues are published and the property is on view.

BENNETT & CO.,
Bombay, July 22.

MISTRY & CO.

AUCTIONEERS.
9, Dean Lane, Fort, Bombay.
Telephone No. 5921.

Auction Sale of very rich household and artistic furniture by John Roberts, Wimbridge and other well-known makers, Telescopic Dining Table, Roberts' Sideboard, English Cabinet, Gramophone, Roberts' handsome Silver Show Case, Cabinet, Steel English Ice Refrigerator, rich Platedware, Glassware, English Crockery, Cutlery, Cabinet, English Bedroom Suite, etc., etc.

On TUESDAY, the 25th July, 1922, at Forbes Building, Home Street, Fort, Messrs. MISTRY & CO. will sell by Public Auction, very rich furniture, comprising of telescopic screw dining table, Roberts' sideboard, dinner wagon, dumbwaiters, tea tables, Roberts' handsome silver show and cabinet, Chesterfield sofas and easy chairs to match, carved cashmere table, brass top centre table, palm-stands, English cabinet, gramophone, Roberts' tea tables, low arm chairs, ladies fancy writing table, hatstands, card tables, carpets, English bedroom furniture, mirror almirahs teakwood, clothe and gown press, dressing tables, marble top wash tables and toilet set, and revolving chairs, steel English ice refrigerator, glassware, English crockery, cutlery, cooking utensils, etc., etc.

The property of Manager, Russo-Asiatic Bank.

Catalogues will be published and the property is open to view.

MISTRY & CO.,
Auctioneers.

Bombay, July 22.

MENESSE & CO.

AUCTIONEERS.
No. 85, Hummum Street, Fort,
Telephone No. 4083.

AUCTION SALE OF UNCLAIMED AND CONFISCATED GOODS BELONGING TO THE GOVERNMENT CUSTOMS DEPARTMENT.

In accordance with section 88 and 167 of the Sea Custom Act VIII of 1878 and under instructions from the Collector of Customs Bombay Messrs. MENESSE and Co., will sell by Public Auction on Tuesday the 25th July, 1922, at 2-30 at the New Custom House Ballard Road the following goods:—

Wearing apparel, Cinema Films, Fire works, Deck chairs, Cigar and Cigarette and other miscellaneous articles.

Also.

By order of the Collector of Customs.

12 Bales and 3 Cases containing 104 reams 19 quires double Demy 35 x 22½ x 50 lbs. 516 Antique Paper (Printing Paper).
9 Reams Double Demy 80 lbs. Art Paper 960 yards Binding Cloth Dark Blue.

AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE AND UNCLAIMED BOOKED AND UNBOOKED ARTICLES.

Under instruction from the B. B. and C. I. Railway Company, and in accordance with Sections 55 and 56 of the Indian Railways Act IX of 1890, Messrs. MENESSE and Co. will sell by Public Auction on SATURDAY, 29th July, 1922, at 12 noon (S. T.), at the Railway Company's Goods Depot, Colaba, next to the Tramway Company's offices:—

A quantity of booked and unbooked parcels, articles of clothing, books, etc.

A descriptive list of booked articles can be seen at any important station on the broad gauge section of the B. B. and C. I. Railway.

MENESSE & CO.
Auctioneers.

Bombay, July 22.

WHERE TO GO!

GO to friends for advice,
GO to women for pity,
GO to Strangers for charity,
GO to relatives for nothing.
GO to the ADVANCE MOTOR COMPANY,
for dependable Automobile Accessories.

The Advance Motor Co.
Accessory specialists,
Lamington Road,.....BOMBAY.
Telegram: Automotive

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TO-DAY & TO-MORROW AT 4-30, 6-30, 8-15 and 10 p. m.

NOW SHOWING

The Gigantic Eye Treat
TENNYSON'S FAMOUS POEM
"Lady Godiva"
"Lady Godiva"
"Lady Godiva"

A Startling Motion Picture The Romantic and Dramatic Spectacle

SEE
The surging crowds of twenty thousand at the coronation ceremony.
SEE
Lady Godiva's sensational ride through the town.
SEE
The destruction of the Castle and the fall of the mighty!

BEAUTY! THRILLS! PUNCH!

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"EVIL EYE" Serial
Episodes 3 and 4.
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The Great devotee of Guzerat in 7 powerful reels

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NATIONAL FILM Co;
Directed and Photographed by
PATANKER

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Satur. & Sunday at 3-30 & 5-15

Prices as usual

ALWAYS A GOOD SHOW

UNDER THE KIND PATRONAGE OF H. H. THE
Maharaja Sayajirao Gaekwar
OF BARODA
GandharvaNatak Mandali
will stage at
New Elphinstone Theatre, Grant Road,
Saturday 22nd July, 1922 at 8-30 p.m (S. T.)
Sangit] MOOKA NAYAK [Acts 3
Sunday 23rd July, 1922 at 3 p. m. (S. T.)
Sangit] SWAYANWAR [Acts 5

TICKETS can be had at the New Elphinstone Theatre, Grant Road at 8 to 11 A.M. and 2 P. M. to 8 P. M. (S. T.) Daily.

Proprietor. Gandharva Natak Mandali

FEATHER LIGHT
FURRY WARM
FLEECY SOFT
DONEGAL TWEED SPORTS COAT.
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Professional Tailors and Gent's Complete Outfitters
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Smallest New Arc Lamp.

Burns ordinary Kerosine Oil Light & Handy Pattern . . .
Low Consumption Simple, Reliable
Price . . . . on application.
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DOUBLE PROGRAMME
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WEST-END CINEMA

TO-NIGHT! THIS WEEK!
Another Universal Special Attraction.
A Photo-drama pulsating with Emotion!
"The Forged Bride"
(5 Reels—6000 feet)
Starring the Enchanting Screen Beauty
MARY MACLAREN.

The story of a hard old convict who disavows his daughter so that she will be eligible, in the eyes of society, to marry the man she loves.

A TRULY GREAT PICTURE OF A WOMAN WHO WON HAPPINESS THROUGH AN UNSELFISH FORGERY.

Bill Reynolds, said by Government authorities to be the country's most skillful forger, has eluded the police of seven cities in the last ten months, leaving behind him a shower of worthless checks.

He always is accompanied by his daughter, a beautiful girl. The police believe she lures victims to Reynolds' net. She is called the "forged bride," because of instances in which she has posed as the wife or widow of wealthy men, aided by her father's expert pen.

"The Forged Bride"

BILL REYNOLDS, THE FAMOUS FORGER, DID HIS BEST WORK WITH THE PEN WHEN HE SIGNED AWAY HIS DAUGHTER'S . . . .

In this picture Miss MacLaren has another opportunity to display that peculiar method of expressing emotion which makes her work so individual. She is seen [illegible] every feminine mood, from light hearted [illegible]ty to despair, while portraying the [illegible] who, like Damocles of [illegible] over her head

[illegible]de"

[illegible]ER" with Lee Moran of the P. D. Q. Comedy fame.

Also the International Screen Magazine.

To-night and To-morrow: 3-30; 5-30; 7; 8-45; 10-30 p.m. (S. T.)

West-End Cinema
(New Churney Road)

Are you prepared
FOR A SURPRISE AND A SENSATION?
Well, here's something really SMART!
ZIGOMAR
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ZIGOMAR
has again appeared with his "Z" Gang.
See this "Eclair's" Masterpiece production that has a world-wide
UNEQUALLED REPUTATION!
Together with our
Most Sensational Serial of Millions and Mystery The
EVIL EYE
EVIL EYE
EVIL EYE
Episodes 3 and 4, featuring
The World's Lightweight Boxer Champion
BENNY LEONARD,
This Double Bill Extraordinary will be presented at the
"STAR" CINEMA
Tram Terminus, Grant Road.
NO INCREASE IN PRICES.
4 shows daily 5-15, 7, 8-45, and 10-30.
Saturday and Sunday, Extra Matinee 3-30.

"STAR" Cinema
ZIGOMAR
AND
"EVIL EYE" Serial
Episodes 3 and 4.
DOUBLE PROGRAMME
Tram Terminus, Grant Road.

AMUSEMENTS

The Excelsior
The Excelsior
The Excelsior

AT LAST! TO-DAY AT 6-30 and 10 p.m.
AT LAST! TO-DAY AT 6-30 and 10 p.m.

The great picture, the world's Greatest Comedian has been working on for a whole year. YES.
IT'S 6 REELS OF JOY
Took a whole year to make
Charlie Chaplin
Charlie Chaplin
Charlie Chaplin

The picture has created a world sensation. THE LAUGH OF CENTURY, That it has broken records in every theatre where shown that it played to packed houses at the ELPHINSTONE THEATRE, CALCUTTA, for FOUR WEEKS.

That it Drew 300,000 people to the Strand

New York in Three Weeks!
That took over £15,000 per week.

That this Tremendous Comedy.
"The Kid"
"The Kid"
"The Kid"
is written, produced and directed by CHAPLIN HIMSELF as IF THIS WASN'T ENOUGH! He has taken a partner in the fun business, it's Jackie Coogan the Kid.

They're the greatest combination of mirth makers who ever got together; and the laughs that Charlie may be he overlooks come fresh and snappy, from the Kid and the Kid is

Jackie Coogan
Jackie Coogan
Jackie Coogan
an amazing infantile actor aged 6, a newcomer to the screen. HE IS IMMENSE, He has sometimes been acclaimed as the REAL STAR OF THE PLAY. A youthful player with extraordinary personality.

"STAR" Cinema
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Episodes 3 and
DOUBLE PROGRAMME
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THE EMPRESS

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3, 4-30, 6-30, 8-15 and 10 p. m.
AN ORIENTAL SUBJECT
PLAYED BY A CAST OF EUROPEAN STARS
"NARAYANA"
"NARAYANA"
"NARAYANA"
A Story of an Indian Idol
whose possessor has five wishes.
STARTLING HAPPENINGS
are the result of the various wishes.
FOUNDED ON A STORY BY BALZAC
"CAPTURING THE LION BY AEROPLANE"
also
A ROARING COMIC
"THE JOY RIDE"
Monday, 24th July at 6-30, 8-15 & 10 p.m.
Special performance of Madan Theatres. Ltd; own Classic Production
"MAHABHARATA"

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SANDHURST ROAD, PHONE 3455.
THE COOLEST PICTURE HOUSE IN BOMBAY.
TO-DAY
at 5, 6-15, 8-15 and 10 p.m.
MATINEES
SAT. SUN. AND HOLIDAYS.
at 3-30 p. m.
THIRD INSTALMENT
"THE BLUE FOX"
(in 15 Episodes)

ARROW FILM CORPORATION OFFERS
The Blue Fox
with
Ann Little
(America's Foremost Serial Star)
Each Episode Crammed full of
MYSTERY, SENSATION AND SUSPENSE
TO-DAY
Episode 7 WASHED ASHORE
" 8 A PERILOUS LEAP
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GOLDWYN BRAY PICTOGRAPH and HAROLD LLOYD COMEDY with BEBE DANIELS & SNUB POLLARD
POPULAR PRICES
Rs. 2 to 3 annas.

"STAR" Cinema
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Episodes 3 and 4.
DOUBLE PROGRAMME
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This Week and This Week only
The picture [illegible]tation of the finest story fiece [illegible] the great national epic
Pandavas In Exile
A picture beautiful, abounding in national atmosphere,
one week more
For the satisfaction of our numerable patrons
Cinema Majestic
Girgaum
Time: 5-15. 7, 8-45, 10-30
Extra on Saturday and Sunday at 3-30
Prices as usual

"STAR" Cinema
ZIGOMAR
AND
"EVIL EYE" Serial
Episodes 3 and 4.
DOUBLE PROGRAMME
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UNDER PUBLIC PATRONAGE
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Founded by
Late Mr. KESHAVRAO BHONSALE
will stage at
Grant Road, Bombay Theatre, BOMBAY
on
Saturday 22nd July 1922 at 8-30 p.m. (S.T.)
and
Sunday 23rd July 1922 at 3 p.m. (S. T.)
SATTECHE GULAM.
Proprietors
N.B.—No Complimentary Tickets will be allowed for this play.

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General Manager,
The "Bombay Chronicle."

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Price list on application.
103, MEDOWS STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.
Near Tata Bank (New Building).

THE DWARKA "TEMPLE" BRAND PORTLAND CEMENT.

GUARANTEED.
British standard tests and specifications.

Used by
GOVERNMENT DEPARTMENTS
and
Leading Firms in
REINFORCED Concrete Work.

For particulars apply to:—
PURSHOTAM VITHALDAS & CO.,
No. 2, Rampart Row, Fort, BOMBAY.

NOTICE.

WE have resumed the tanning of skins for the public.
We do not undertake taxidermy work or the making of Leather articles from skins supplied.
For charges and conditions writee us for List.
THE CHROME LEATHER COMPANY,
Chromepet P. O.
near MADRAS.
Largest Manufacturers of Finished Leathers in Asia
R4103

NOTICE.

BOMBAY CYCLE AND MOTOR AGENCY, LIMITED.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the [illegible] ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING of the shareholders of the above Company will be held at the REGISTERED OFFICE, 16, New Queen's Road, Bombay, on THURSDAY, the 27th July, 1922, at 5-30 p.m. (S. T.), to transact the following business:—
1. To receive and adopt the audited Statements of Accounts for the year ending 31st March, 1922.
2. To appoint Directors in place of those who retire by rotation but who are eligible for re-election.
3. To appoint Auditors for the current year and to fix their remuneration.
4. To transact such other business as the Chairman may lay before the meeting.

The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from 26th July to 7th August, 1922, both days inclusive.
By Order of the Board,
K. D. WADIA & COY.,
Agents.
Bombay, 18th July, 1922.
C13763

NOTICE.

TO MOTORISTS AND THE MOTOR TRADE.

WE invite SPECIAL ATTENTION to the fact that lubricating OIL OFFERED for sale AS MOBILOIL by any dealer BEARS NO GUARANTEE as to its being genuine Mobiloil, UNLESS it is offered IN OUR REGULAR SEALED and LITHOGRAPHED one gallon and four gallon CANS. Material offered in ANY OTHER PACKAGE by a dealer BEARS NO GUARANTEE, and no person is in a position to guarantee, as genuine Mobiloil, material offered in any other package by dealers.
The SAME WARNING applies IN RESPECT OF oils offered in our regular CAN WITHOUT SEAL, OR showing signs of the SEAL having been TAMPERED WITH.
C13707 VACUUM OIL COMPANY.

THE BOMBAY CUTCH MANDVI RUN

WE beg to draw attention of the general and travelling public to the fact that we have at present a steamer under construction for the sole purpose of carrying passengers. She would carry about 1,000—1,200 passengers and will be fitted with all the latest improvements and so will be in a position to give to the travelling public such comforts as no other line on the Bombay Cutch Mandvi Run is giving at present. There is one essential feature about this steamer and that is that she will be running very fast, faster than all the boats that were so far put on this run.
We now have to request the travelling public at large to be good enough to place before our Marine Expert, at the office of the P. S. N. Co., Ltd., at 39/41, Apollo Street, Fort, above the Morvi Bank, personally or by letter, before the end of this month any suggestions that they may have to make especially as to the fitting of the steamer so that before bringing the ship out to India any suitable suggestions in the fitting out of the steamer may be complied with.
C13744

SALE OF MATCHES.

THE OFFICER COMMANDING DETACHMENT "A" Supply Depot Company, Bombay has about 17500 gross Swedish Safety Matches packed in tinlined cases in stock, which he offers for sale.
2. Interested parties are requested to inspect the matches in P. O. L. Division, Grain Depot, Mazagaon, and deposit their offers in the tender box in the office of the undersigned upto 12 noon on WEDNESDAY, the 26th July, 1922, quoting rate per gross including packing and stating the quantity they are prepared to purchase.
3. Offers should be accompanied by a deposit of 10 per cent of the value of the matches tendered for.
4. Customs duty has already been paid on the matches and no duty is payable by purchasers.
5. Offers will hold good for one month.
(Sd.) J. RICE, CAPTAIN,
for O. C. Dett: "A" Sy: Depot Coy.
Bombay Castle, Behind Town Hall,
Fort, Bombay.
20th July, 1922.
C13775

PUBLIC NOTICES.

THE INDIAN NEWS PAPER CO, LD,

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the FOURTEENTH ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING of the Members of the above-named Company, will be held at the Registered Office of the Company Medows Street Fort, at 4 p.m. (S. T.), on TUESDAY, 25th July, 1922, to transact the following business:—

1. To adopt the Directors' Report and the Audited Statements of Accounts made up to 31st December, 1921.
2. To confirm the appointment of, Messrs. D. L. Vaidya, N. H. Belgaumwala, L. R. Tairsee, M. W. Pickthall, Mrs. Sarojini Naidu and Mr. Osman Sobani, as Directors of the Company.
3. To appoint Directors in place of Mrs. Sarojini Naidu and Mr. D. L. Vaidya who retire under Arts. 105 and 106 of the Articles of Association, but are eligible for re-election.
4. To appoint auditors for the year 1922, at a remuneration to be fixed by the meeting.

The TRANSFER BOOK of the Company will be closed from 18th July, 1922 to 1st August, 1922, both days inclusive.

By order of the Board,
OSMAN SOBANI,
Managing Director.

FOR SALE

MOTOR LAUNCH "DUKE OF PORTLAND"
Horse Power: 35.
Engine: Kelvin,
Speed: 10 Miles per hour.
Length 36' Breadth 8'.
Price Rs. 6,000 or near offer
Apply to
MACKINNON MACKENZIE & Co.,
Nicol Road, Fort, BOMBAY.
C13755

MUNICIPAL CORPORATION OF THE CITY OF BOMBAY.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN in accordance with Section 418(3) of the City of Bombay Municipal Act, 1888, as amended by Bombay Act IV of 1921, that it is the intention of the Municipal Corporation of the City of Bombay at their ordinary monthly meeting proposed to be called for Monday, the 11th September, 1922, to take into their consideration the below noted local standards of weights and measures, proposed to be provided under Section 418(1) of the Act, for the purpose of verification of weights and measures in use in the several trades or classes of trades in the City.

STANDARD WEIGHTS.

The [illegible] as

[illegible] of 4 Bombay seers.
[illegible] maund of 16 Bombay pay[illegible]s.
[illegible]ay map of 2 Bombay maunds.

STANDARD LIQUID MEASURERS.

[illegible] seer, being a measure such that [illegible] contains when full weighs exactly

[illegible]ultiples ½, ¼, and 1/8 of the [illegible]om

[illegible]ultiples 2, 4 and 8 Bombay seers.

STANDARD MEASURES OF LENGTH.

The unit to be the British yard. For higher measures the chain of 66' sub-divided into 100 links and the furlong and mile of 220 and 1,760 yards respectively.

STANDARD MEASURES OF AREA.

The squares of the standard measure of length for small areas and the British acre for land measurement.

2. The Corporation will before finally approving of the said local standards, receive and consider any objection or suggestion which may be made in writing by any person with respect thereto before the day of the said meeting.

3. Any person desiring to object to the said local standards on giving written notice to the President of the Corporation, not less than ten days before the day of the said meeting of the nature of his said objection, will, by himself or his Counsel, Attorney or Agent, be heard by the Corporation thereon at the said meeting but not so as that more than one person be heard on the same matter of objection.

4. A printed specification of the proposed local standards is kept at the office of the undersigned for public inspection and any person who wishes to peruse the same will be permitted to do so during office hours free of charge.

5. Printed specifications of the proposed local standards will also be delivered to any person requiring the same on payment of a fee of anna one per specification.

6. After the proposed local standards of weights and measures have been approved by the Corporation, the Municipal Commissioner will give, under Section 418(4) of the Act, public notice thereof fixing a date after which such standards shall be introduced in such trade or class of trades, and it is provided in Section 420 of the Act that every contract for goods which shall after the date mentioned in such notice be made in such trade or class of trades shall be deemed to be made according to one of such weights or measures, or some multiple or part thereof. It is further provided in the same Section that after such date no person shall in any such trade or class of trades—

(a) sell by any denomination of weight or measure other than one of the weights or measures in use in such trade or class of trades of which the Commissioner has provided local standards, or some multiple or part thereof;

(b) use, or have in his possession for use, any such trade or class of trades, any weight or measure which has not, within five years before the time at which it is used, been verified or reverified and stamped in accordance with sub-section (2) of section 419;

(c) use, in any such trade or class of trades, any weight or measure which has become defective in consequence of wear or accident, or has been mended, until the same has been re-verified under sub-section (2) of Section 419;

(d) in using a measure of capacity, heap the measure or strike the same by any appliance or means other than a round metal roller, straight and of the same diameter from end to end.

A. A. MOULVI,
Municipal Secretary.

Municipal Corporation Office,
Bombay, 19th July, 1922.
C13761

PUBLIC NOTICES.

GREAT INDIAN PENINSULA RAILWAY.

(Incorporated in England.)

POONA RACES.

SPECIAL EXPRESS TRAINS will run between Victoria Terminus and Poona on 29th July; 5th, 12th, 15th, 19th 26th and 30th August; 2nd, 6th, 9th, 16th, 20th, 23rd and 30th September; 4th and 7th October, 1922, for Poona Races.

Two special trains will run on each date i.e., one for first and the other for second class passengers. On no account will a third train be run.

For full particulars, see poster notice at Stations on this Railway or apply to the Station Superintendent, Victoria Terminus or to the undersigned.

D. S. BURN,
General Traffic Manager.

Bombay, 18th July, 1922.
C13753

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that one old Share Certificate No. 63 of the face value of Rs. 1,000 (subsequently reduced to Rs. 100) of the Alliance Cotton Manufacturing Company, Limited, standing in the name of Chhagan Manji has been LOST or MISPLACED and that the undersigned has therefore applied to the Company for a duplicate thereof. If any person has any claim to the said share, he must submit it to the Company within one month from the date hereof, on the expiration of which period, I shall be entitled to obtain the duplicate from the Company free from all kinds of claim whatsoever to the said share.

THAKER NARANDAS RAMJIBHAI.
Ahmedabad, dated 19th July, 1922.
C13781

SALONA BRAND PORTLAND CEMENT

Manufactured by Spalato Portland Cement Manufacturers, Ltd.
Spalato, Italy.

Deliveries from Stock.

Apply Sole Agents:—
TILDEN, NAROTTAM & CO., LTD.,
Standard Buildings,
Hornby Road, Fort,
Bombay.
R4377

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that [illegible] as so to [illegible] as

[illegible] C13782

THE INDIAN CO-OPERATIVE NAVIGATION & TRADING CO. LD.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the THIRTEENTH ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING of the Indian Co-operative Navigation and Trading Co., Limited, will be held at 2 p.m. (S.T.) on SATURDAY, the 12th August 1922, at the Marvadi Vidiyala Hall, Sandhurst Road, Bombay, to transact the following business:—

1. To adopt the Directors Report and the Audited Balance Sheet and Profit and Loss Account, made up to 31st May 1921.
2. To sanction payment of dividend.
3. To sanction payment of bills submitted by Messrs. Payne and Co., referred to in the Report.
4. To appoint auditors and to fix their remuneration.

By Order.
T. SOUSA MACHADO,
Secretary.

Prag Mahal, Dobhitalao,
Bombay, 15-7-1922.

N. B.—1. Shareholders wishing to attend the meeting will please produce at the door their Share Certificates or Final Payment Receipts, failing which will not be admitted.
2. Persons using Share Certificates or Receipt not of their own will render themselves liable to prosecution.
3. The Transfer Books of the Company will be closed from 5th August to 19th August, 1922, both days inclusive.

C13786

THE BOMBAY COTTON MANUFACTURING CO. LD.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the THIRTY-SEVENTH ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Shareholders of this Company, will be held at the Registered Office of the Company, Shivlal Motilal Mansions, Hummum Street, Fort, Bombay, on MONDAY, the 24th July, 1922, at 3 p.m., to transact the following business:—

1st. To receive and adopt the Directors' Report and Audited Statement of Accounts made upto 31st March, 1922.
2nd. To sanction declaration of Dividend on Preference Shares.
3rd. To sanction declaration of Dividend on Ordinary Shares.
4th. To confirm the appointment of Mr. Ardeshir Bomanji Dubash as Additional Director of the Company.
5. To elect a Director for the ensuing year in place of the one appointed by Ordinary Shareholders, who retired.
6. To elect Auditors for the ensuing year and to fix their remuneration.

And to transact any other business which the Chairman may bring before the Meeting.

The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from Thursday, the 20th July, 1922, to Monday, the 31st July, 1922, both days inclusive.

By order of the Board,
Per Pro. Hormasjee Sons & Co.,
PURSHOTAM JEEVANDAS.
Agents.

Bombay, 29th June, 1922.

N.-B.—The Dividends when declared will be made payable at the registered Office of the Company, on and after Tuesday the 1st August, 1922, to those Shareholders whose names stand on the Register on the 20th day of July, 1922.

Shareholders are requested to notify to the Company change of address, if any at once.

C13658

PUBLIC NOTICES.

IMPERIAL BANK OF INDIA

Advances Against Government of India 6% Five and Ten Year BONDS.

THE BANK is prepared to give advances to approved constituents who wish to subscribe to the above on the following terms until further notice.

(1) The Bank will advance 95 per cent. of the amount applied for, the Borrower paying the remaining 5 per cent. at the time application is made.

(2) The Borrower must undertake to repay the advance by monthly instalments of not less than 4 per cent. Thus if a Borrower applies for Rs. 10,000 of Bonds he will require to make an initial payment of Rs. 500 and regular monthly payments of Rs. 400 for 23 months and payment of Rs. 300 on the 24th month.

(3) The rate of interest to be charged on the advance will be 5½ per cent.

(4) Borrowers are at full liberty to repay advances more rapidly than indicated above.

(5) In the event of a Borrower failing to pay any monthly instalment the Bank reserves to itself the right to demand payment of the advance and on failure by the Borrower to make such repayment, to sell the securities. Should the Bank decide not to exercise these rights, interest will be charged at Bank rate on the balance of the advance outstanding with a minimum of 6 per cent.

(6) The Scrip will be held by the Bank as security for the advance. Borrowers must keep with the Bank, at all times, sufficient security to cover the amount advanced plus a 5 per cent. margin.

R. AITKEN.
W. B. HUNTER.
Managing Governors.

IMPERIAL BANK OF INDIA
Bombay, 20th June 1922.
C13479

THE WESTERN INDIA CHEMICAL WORKS, LD.

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the ADJOURNED SECOND ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the shareholders of the Company will be held on MONDAY, the 21st August, 1922, at 4 p.m. (S.T.) at the Registered office of the Company, 65 Apollo Street, Fort, Bombay, to transact the following business:—

1. To receive and adopt the Directors' Report and audited Balance Sheet for the period ending 30th November 1921.
2. To elect two Directors in the place of [illegible]shboy K. Barodawalla and Mr. [illegible] who retire by rotation, for re-election, and [illegible]ly.
3. [illegible]rent year

[illegible]

C13783

LEGAL NOTICES

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION.

In the matter of the Indian Companies' Act VII of 1913
and
In the matter of the National Democratic Publishing Co., Ltd.
The Trinity Electric Syndicate ... Petitioners.

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Kemp, the Sitting Judge in Chambers, has, by an Order dated the 20th day of July, 1922, appointed Mr. N. H. Moos, the Official Receiver of Bombay, to be Provincial Official Liquidator of the abovenamed Company with powers to forthwith take charge of all the property including the papers, documents, account books and securities, if any, belonging to the said Company, and to carry on the business of the said Company, to take possession of, collect and protect the assets of the abovenamed Company and to affix his seals and board on the doors of the Registered Office of the said Company and on the premises where the property of the said Company is lying.

Dated this 20th day of July, 1922.
SABNIS, GOREGAOKER & SENJIT,
Attorneys for the Petitioners.
C13790

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION.

SUIT NO. 3178 OF 1921.
SUMMARY SUIT.

Plaint filed this 4th day of August 1921.
Summons under O. XXXVII r. 2 of the Code of Civil Procedure.

VAJECHAND DEWAJI AND CO., a firm, doing business as Shroffs and money lenders at Kandaway, outside the Fort of Bombay. ..... Plaintiffs.

vs.

1. NARAYAN MORESHWAR GHANVATKAR, a Hindu, residing at Bhudhwar Peth, Poona City. and 2. GOVINDRAM GANGADHAR KOPERKAR, of Bombay Hindu, residing at Gaiwady at Girgaum, outside the Fort of Bombay. ..... Defendants.

GEORGE V by the Grace of God of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland and of the British Dominions beyond the Seas, King Defender of the Faith, Emperor of India, Greeting. Whereas the abovenamed Plaintiffs have instituted a suit in this Court against you the abovenamed Defendant under Order XXXVII rule 2 of the Civil Procedure Code for Rupees 3348 for Principal due to them by the defendants at the foot of the two promissory notes dated both 1st day of February 1921 for Rs. 2,500 and Rs. 600 and interest at the rate of 2 per cent per month upon Rs. 3100 and the costs of this suit.

The hearing is provisionally fixed for the 22nd August 1922 at 11-30 a.m. of which a copy is hereto annexed, you are hereby summoned to apply to this Court within ten days from the service hereof exclusive of the day of such service, for leave to appear and defend the suit and to appear and defend in pursuance of such leave if granted. In default of your obtaining such leave or of appearance and defence in pursuance thereof, the Plaintiff will be entitled to obtain a decree for any sum not exceeding the sum of Rupees 3348 and interest on Rs. 3,100 as aforesaid and the sum of Rupees 200 for costs.

Leave to appear and defend may be obtained on an application made within the time aforesaid to the Sitting Judge in Chambers upon your paying into Court the sum herein mentioned or upon affidavits disclosing such facts as the said Judge may deem sufficient to support the application within the meaning of Order XXXVII rule 3 of the said Code. Witness SIR NORMAN CRANSTOUN MACLEOD, Knight, Chief Justice at Bombay aforesaid the 24th day of August 1921.

(Sd.) W. J. HOWARD,
for Prothonotary.

EX. A COLLECTIVELY.
Bombay, 1st February, 1921.

Rs. 2,500.
(60) Sixty days after date I promise to pay Narayan Khanvatkar or order the sum of Rs. 2,500 two thousand five hundred only for value received.

(Sd.) GOVIND GHANVATKHAR KOPERKAR.
Gaiwady, Girgaum, Bombay.

Endorsed on the back
Pay to Vajechand Devaji & Co.
(Sd.)
i.e. NARAYAN MORESHWAR
Bombay, 1st February, 1921

Rs. 600.
(60) Sixty days after date I promise to pay Narayan Moreshwar Ghanvatkar or order the sum of Rs. 600 six hundred only for value received.

(Sd.) GOVIND GHANVATKHAR KOPERKAR
Gaiwady, Girgaum, Bombay.

Endorsed on the back
Pay to Vajechand Devaji & Co.
(Sd.)
i.e. NARAYAN MORESHWAR KHANWATKAR

Seal of the High Court at Bombay.

(Sd.) W. J. HOWARD,

The 24th day of August 1922.
Messrs. DHARAMSI DADACHANJI & Co.,
Plaintiffs' Attorneys.
C13788

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION.

Suit No. 2266 of 1922.
SUMMARY SUIT.

Plaint filed this 1st day of June, 1922.
Summons under O. XXXVII r 2 of the Code of Civil Procedure.
Summons under O XXXVIIr. 2 of th eCode

BANK OF INDIA LIMITED, a Joint Stock Company incorporated under the Indian Companies Act and having its registered office at Hornby Road within the Fort of Bombay. ..... Plaintiffs.

vs.

1. SULEMAN OOSMAN, of Bombay Mahomedan inhabitant, Merchant carrying on business at 123, Esplanade Road, within the Fort of Bombay. 2. Messrs. HAJI ESMAIL GOOLMAHOMED AND SONS, a firm, carrying on business at Khadak, Mandvi without the Fort of Bombay. ..... Defendants.

GEORGE V. by the Grace of God of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland and of the British Dominions beyond the Seas, King Defender of the Faith, Emperor of India, Greetings. Whereas the abovenamed Plaintiff has instituted a suit in this Court against you the abovenamed Defendant under Order XXXVII rule 2 of the Civil Procedure Code for Rupees 15031-0-0 for Principal and notarial charges due to them by the Defendants at the foot of 3 Hundis dated 5th, 14th and 17th January 1922 for Rs. 5,000 each as mentioned in the plaint herein and interest at 9 per cent. per annum upon the sum of Rs. 15,000 and the costs of this suit. The hearing is provisionally fixed for the 3rd day of August 1922 at 11-30 a.m. You are hereby summoned to apply to this Court within ten days from the service hereof exclusive of the day of such service, for leave to appear and defend the suit and to appear and defend in pursuance of such leave if granted. In default of your obtaining such leave or of appearance and defence in pursuance thereof, the Plaintiff will be entitled to obtain a decree for any sum not exceeding the sum of Rupees 15031 and interest on Rs. 15,000 as aforesaid and Rs. 31 for notarial charges and the sum of Rupees 200 for costs.

Leave to appear and defend may be obtained on an application made within the time aforesaid to the Sitting Judge in Chambers upon your paying into Court the sum herein mentioned or upon affidavits disclosing such facts as the said Judge may deem sufficient to support the application within the meaning of Order XXXVII rule 3 of the said Code. Witness SIR LALLUBHAI ASHARAM SHAH, Knight, Ag. Chief Justice at Bombay aforesaid the 13th day of June 1922.

Seal of the High Court at Bombay.

W. J. HOWARD.
for Prothonotary.
(Sd.) W. J. HOWARD.

The 13th day of June, 1922.
Messrs. CRAIGIE BLUNT & CAROE.
Plaintiffs' Attorneys.
C13692

LEGAL NOTICES

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that at an Auction Sale held on the 6th day of July, 1922, by Messrs. BENNETT and Co., under instructions from the attorney for Mr. Goolam Hoosein Haji Hasham Nooram, our client has contracted to purchase the undermentioned property. Any person having any claim or interest in or to the said property by way of sale, mortgage, trust, lien, possession gift, inheritance, lease, or otherwise howsoever is required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their office at Gresham Building, Esplanade Road, Fort, Bombay, and to the Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the sale will be completed without any regard to any such claim and the same, if any will be considered as waived.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY.

All that piece or parcel of land of the Quit [illegible] situate at New Kazi [illegible] Fort of Bombay, in [illegible]ct of Bombay, con[illegible]911 square yards or [illegible] the books of the [illegible]nder Old No. [illegible]o. 505 and New [illegible] the [illegible]welling [illegible]on and [illegible] the pro[illegible] and Tulsidas Naron, on the [illegible] by the property of Piraj Jivraj and on the South by the property of Shaikh Mahomed Pathan and which premises are assessed under B Ward No. 1347 and Street Nos. 82-84.

Dated this 20th day of July, 1922.
MULLA & MULLA.
Purchasers Attorneys.
C13783

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Bai MANEKBAI, wife of Pragji Surji and the said PRAGJI SURJI have contracted with our clients Messrs. UTTAMCHAND HIRJI for the absolute sale to them free from all claims and incumbrances of the undermentioned property. All persons having any claim or interest to or in the said property or any part thereof by way of sale, gift, inheritance, residence use, trust, maintenance, possession, mortgage, lease, lien, charge or otherwise howsoever are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their office, Albert Building, Fort, Bombay within 14 days from the date thereof, as otherwise the sale will be completed without reference to such claims if any, and the same will be considered and treated as having been absolutely waived and abandoned.

THE DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY.

FIRSTLY.—All that piece or parcel of Quit and Ground rent Tenure land or ground together with the messuages, tenements and dwelling houses standing thereon, situte, lying and being at Bazaar Gate Street, within the Fort of Bombay in the registration Sub-District of Bombay containing by admeasurement 256 square yards, or thereabouts and assessed by the Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under "A" Ward No. 2184 and Street Nos. 138-144 173-175 and registered by the Collector of Land Revenue under Collector's Old No. 545-546, New No. 5657, Old Survey No. 228-901 and New Survey No. 8641 and bounded as follows:— i.e. to say on or towards the East by Bazaar Gate Street, on or towards the West by Borah Bazaar Street, on or towards the North by the property secondly described and on or towards the South partly by the property of Cooverbai Cowasji and partly by the property of Cowasji Nanabhai and Anr. and which said premises have been in the occupation of the Vendor's tenants.

SECONDLY.—All that piece or parcel of Quit or Ground Rent Tenure land or ground together with the messuages, tenements and dwelling houses standing thereon, situate at Bazaar Gate Street, within the Fort of Bombay in the registration Sub-District of Bombay containing by admeasurement 5985 square yards or thereabouts and assessed by the Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under "A" Ward No. 2185 and Street Nos. 146-148 and registered by the Collector of Land Revenue under Collectors Old No. 549, New No. 5659, Old Survey No. 229 and New Survey No. 8642, and bounded as follows:— i.e. to say on or towards the East by the Bazaar Gate Street, on or towards the West by the property of Hyderali Kassamji, on the North by the Property of Hyderali Kassamji and on the South by the property lstly described and which said premises are in the occupation of the Vendor's tenants.

Dated this 22nd day of July, 1922.
BHAISHANKER KANGA & GIRDHARLAL.
Purchasers' Attorneys.
C13735

LEGAL NOTICES

NOTICE.

Re, FIRM OF MESSRS. KHATAO LADHA & CO.

WITH REFERENCE to the Notice appearing under the signature of Messrs. Maruhai Jameetram and Madan, Attorneys for Bai Kesarbai, widow of Karsondas Ladha, a partner in the firm of Messrs. Khatao Ladha and Co., in the local papers asking the public not to deal with the Trade Marks of Saffron known as (1) The Three Moons Brand, (2) Cow Brand, (3) Sarasvati and Y. P. Brand (denoting that the tins of Saffron bearing the said 3 marks were the Trade Marks of the said firm of Messrs. Khatao Ladha and Co.). Our client, Mr. ODHAVJI KANJI, the Managing Partner of the said firm of Messrs. Khatao Ladha and Co., states for the information of the public that he, as Managing Partner of the firm of Khatao Ladha and Co., is fully entitled to sell the said three brands during the pendancy of the suit for the dissolution of partnership and as such partner has sold all the right, title and interest of the said firm in the said Brands to Messrs. Shamji Premji and Co., who are fully entitled to sell the Saffron tins of the above Brands pursuant to the assignment of the said Brands, dated the 13th day of July, 1922.

Dated this 21st day of July, 1922.
RUSTAMJI & GINWALA,
Attorneys for Mr. Odhavji Kanji, Managing Partner of the firm of Messrs. Khatao Ladha and Co.
C13797

ZANGI The latest improved fountain pen never leaks blots or stops. Writes more words in one filling. Screw Cap, Safety or Lever Self-filling all at same price. Rs. 6-4 V. P. P. on 7 days' approval. Calendar Clip. Ans. 8. Zangi Protector Pocket Ans. 8. Inklets, 3 Dozen. Ans. 8.
ALL PENS REPAIRED & EXCHANGED.
FACTORY SALES Co., 19 Nai Sarak, DELHI.

BABY'S DELIGHT
Jhu Jhu Fest Swing

Was designed on the occasion of H. E. Lady Chelmsford's Maternity & Infant's Welfare exhibition (1920) at Delhi. The eminent Lady Doctors & Experts in charge of the exhibition appreciated it very much and gave the Jhu-Jhu wid publicity in the subs quent exhibitions Calcutta and Bomb Since then it has been appreciated by eminent Doctors and the nobility in gener all over India, Burma and Mesopotamia. The Jhu-Jhu ensures Baby's Health, comfort, pleasure and safety and saves mother's worry, time and trouble. Falling impossible. Tested to 100 lbs. Folds flat. Weight 11/4 lb.
Supplied in two models:— De Lux Rs. 6 Standard Rs. 3/12 Postage & packing/12/
Testimonials:—(*Numerous on the record*) (1) Dr. CLUFFE late of Woodlands Hotel has recommended one of your safety Swings for Baby. Will you please send one V.P.P. & and much oblige(Sd)F. Bodycot (*Mussoorie.*)
3. Kindly send to the above address two Jhu-Jhu Rest Swings per V.P.P. I already got one from you the other day and am much pleased to appreciate its usefulness. (Sd.) Capt. V. Bhushan I. M. S. 7-1. G. H. Dera Ismail Khan
Sole Distributors:—K. & KEYS Co,
No. 3, Faiz Bazar, DELHI.

ASTHMA

RADICAL AND SURE CURE
OF 24 YEARS FAME ALL OVER THE WORLD.

The "Amrita Bazar Patrika", Sunday, July 2, 1899.

ASTHMA CURE

TO THE EDITOR,

Sir,—It will be glad tidings to Asthma patients to hear that they can obtain immunity from their terrible sufferings by trying a simple Asthma cure which has come to my knowledge. Babu J. P. Ray is a discoverer of this specific. He is a charitable man and distributes medicine "gratis." A good many persons afflicted with this fell disease in Benares have been radically cured by using his medicine. There are a good many prescriptions which give relief from Asthma temporarily, but there is perhaps no recognised medicine which cures it. The suffering world should, therefore, hail with delight the appearance of a medicine of this kind. Babu J. P. Ray has got a pamphlet printed which gives a description of his treatment and the names of men who have benefited by its use and where it is available to the public. This is a marvellous remedy and I would strongly recommend the sufferers from Asthma to make application to the Babu at Durga Kund Road, Benares City.

Correspondent S. M. L.

NOTE.—J. P. Ray is alive. This is the best time for taking the specific.

Present address:—
J. P. RAY, K. P. RAY, 5, Benares City.
(1)

HALF-TONE AND LINE BLOCKS
ARE DONE AT
The Bombay Chronicle Studio
SPECIAL RATES FOR ADVERTISERS AND COMMERCIAL HOUSES.

Old Safety Razor Blades

We resharpen Gillette, Clemak, Auto Durham, etc., Blades keen as new at Re. 1-2 doz. Under six As. 2 each. For 100 shaves from 1 Gillete Blade use "Twinplex" stropper, Rs. 18 each. All Post Free. MATHEWS & CO., 88, Medows Street (opposite Cormallis).

COMMERCIAL.

CABLE QUOTATIONS.

COTTON.

LIVERPOOL COTTON.

(Reuter's Telegram.)

Liverpool, July 20th.

	Bales.
Total Day's Sales at Liverpool	8,000
" " Sales on Spec. & for Exp	—
" " Sales of East Indian	200
" " Import	—
EGYPTIAN FUTURE PRICES:—	
Mid. Americans Spot good inquiry	13 70
Egyptian F. G. F. Sakels	19 75
New York, 11 a.m. Oct.	22 45
(As known in Liverpool at Jan.	22 10
closing time.) Mar.	22 02
New Orleans 10 a.m. Oct.	21 94
Jan.	21 64

OPENING TONE AND PRICES.

Liverpool, July 20th,

Months.	To-day's Price.
July	13 18+8
August	..
Sept.	12 79+2
Oct.	12 68+3
Nov.	..
Dec.	..
Jan.	12 36+9
Feb.	..
Mar	12 38+6
April	..
May	..
June	..

CLOSING PRICES.

Liverpool, July 21th

Months.	To-day's price
July	13 19+9
August	13 02+8
September	12 83+6
Oct.	12 64+6
November	12 59+7
December	12 40+8
January	12 40+8
February	12 35+8
March	12 30+8
April	12 24+9
May	12 18+9
June	12 12+9

Tone :—Steady.

EGYPTIAN COTTON.

Liverpool, July 29th

Months.	To-day's price.
July	18 25— 5
Aug.	18 10—15
Sept.	18 25—10
Oct.	18 40— 5
Nov	18 50— 5
Dec	18 57— 5
Jan	18 56— 5
Feb.	18 55— 5
Mar	8 71— 6

ADDITIONAL QUOTATIONS.

Liverpool, July 20th.

M. G. Bengal Good	8 41
" " Fully Good	8 81
" " Fine	9 21
" " No. 1 Oomra Good	10 11
" " " Fully Good	10 51
" " " Fine	10 91
M. G. Broach Good	11 01
" " Fully Good	11 41
" " Fine	11 81
M. G. Scinde Good	8 31
" " Fully Good	8 71
" " Fine	9 11

AMERICAN MARKETS.

New York, July 19th.

Day's Receipts at all U. S. Ports	4,000
" Exports to Great Britain	..
" " to Continent	2,000
Futures at New York July	22 26+10
" " " Oct.	22 35+21
" " " Dec.	22 24+19
" " " Jan.	21 99+ 9
" " " Mar.	21 99+18
Spot Cotton, at New York	22 50+30
" , at New Orleans	22 25 Ungd
Futures at New Orleans July	22 28+19
" at New Orleans Oct.	21 87+18
Fair Rio Office (No. 7 quality)	19 1/4
Demand Bills	—
Silver Commercial U. S. mint	99 5/8
Do. Foreign	69 5/8

AMERICAN COTTON MARKET.

New York, July 20th.

Oct.	22 38+ 2
Dec	22 33+11
Futures at New York, Jan	22 14+14
Mar	22 10+20

Liverpool, July 20th.

July	13 19+ 9
Oct.	12 69+ 6
Cotton Del. M.U. G.O.C. Liverpool Jan.	12 40+ 8
Mar.	12 3 + 8

London, July 21th.

Telegraphic Transfers	1/3 23/32 Steady
Bar Gold	£ 4/. 2 7 Firm
Bar Silver Spot	35 1/2 Steady

MONEY MARKET.

London, July 19th.

Rates 3%	58
Bar Silver Spot	35 1/8
" 2 months hence	35 1/8

Closing Tone of Silver :—China selling. Closed steady.

Interest day to day loans	1 1 2
" 7 day Market loans	1 5/8
Discount, Bank of England Rates	3
3 p/c. since 13th instant.	

BOMBAY MARKETS.

COTTON.

July 21.

To-day 2 points are reported higher in New York futures, and the Marwari Bazar opened this morning for F. G. M. G. Broach April-May at Rs. 504 and going down by a couple of rupees advanced steadily to Rs. 510 on buying by Japanese Houses, the same being the rate at 4 p.m. The Bazar finally closed at Rs. 510. At Colaba the market opened at Rs. 510 and closed at Rs. 511. Fine M. G. Oomra December-January opened at Rs. 451 and touching Rs. 449 steadily advanced till Rs. 457½ in sympathy with buying in Broach and Oomra September. F. G. M. G. Broach July-August opened at Rs. 540 and improved to Rs. 549 the rate at 4 p.m. being is Rs. 548. Fine M. G. Oomra July was nominally quoted Rs. 458. While Oomra September opened at at Rs. 458½ and declining to Rs. 456½ steadily advanced till Rs. 468½ on buying by Japanese offices, and a prominent Marwari Operator, the rate at 4 p.m. was Rs. 469 F. G. M. G. Bengal July was Rs. 384, while December-January was Rs. 372.

Our market for ready cotton was quiet yesterday and the demand was nominal. About 1,000 bs. are reported to have been sold yesterday.

To-day there are reports of heavy rains in Belt and Atlantic State. New York market is strong and we advise buying at present level.

COLABA CLOSING QUOTATIONS (6 P. M.)

Bombay, July 21st.

			Rs
F. G. Broach	April/May		511
Fully Good Broach	July/Augt.		548
Fully Good Bengal	July		3 5
" " "	Dec. Jan.		375
Fine Oomra	July		463
" "	Sept.		470 1/2
Southerns	July/Augt.		520
Fine Oomra	Dec./Jan.		458

E. I. C. A. QUOTATIONS

Bombay, July 21st

		Rs
F. G. Broach	April May	516
Fully Good Broach	July August	545
Fully Good Bengal	July	387
" " "	Dec /Jan.	..
Fine Oomra's	July	461
" "	Sept.	469
Southerns	July/Augt	520
Fine Oomra	Dec./Jan.	457

SPOT QUOTATIONS.

Bombay, July 21st.

Description.	Super Fine	F Good	Good fine			
M. G. Bengal and Sind Punjab	—	—	407	3:7	367	—
M. G. Oomra's No. 4	—	483	463	448	—	—
M. G. Central P. No. 1.	—	523	503	488	—	—
M. G. Central P. No. 2.	508	488	473	—	—	
M. G. Broach	—	—	555	545	535	—
Southerns	—	—	—	530	520	510

RECEIPTS.

The following are the receipts of Cotton produce for the 48 hours ending 6 p. m. on 20th 1922.

Bengal	7641 Bales.
Broach	11968 Cowt.
Linseed	7247 "
Rape, etc.	781 "
Gingellyseed	719 "
Poppyseed	165 "
Groundnuts	2601 "
Castorseed	463 "
Rice	789 "
Myrabollams	1161 "
Cottonseed	—
Mowraseed	1844 "
Gram	2680 "
Jowar	18 "
Mauns	325 "
Barley	1795 "
Bajra	4016 Tons
Coal	—

PIECE-GOODS.

There has not been much change in the position of the cloth market during the past week. The wholesale enquiry has been absent, but some fair retail demand has been in evidence, which helps to support the current prices at its present level. The rainy weather has been adversely affecting the clearances here. There has not been any general buying movement for the up-country districts. The monsoon has so far been favourable everywhere, excepting Kathiawar where some need of rain is being felt. Buyers have not full confidence in current values and hope to get advantage from forced sales made by needy sellers. Transactions amongst the merchants in the bazaar have been difficult to arrange in spite of the efforts of the brokers. When any goods are offered at a cheap price, they meet with a ready sale. But the sellers, looking to the strong position of the Manhester Market, are not inclined to cut down the rates at present.

Grey Shirtings have been steady. The only outlet for Manchester Grey goods at present is Cochin and Calicut on the Malabar Coast. Gujerat, which used to buy large quantities of Gold End Grey Shirtings suitable for dyeing, is not consuming instead local mill Shirtings, especially those made at Broach. Grey Drills have not shown any change. Grey Jaconets "No. 18" in 40 inches by 22 yards have been scarce. White Shirtings have remained steady. Sacharilla Heading White Mulls in wider widths have been sold for forward delivery in the market at eight annas per piece less than the rate for goods on spot. 58 inches by 20 yards Red End Mulls have been easier by two annas per piece. White Nainsooks have not attracted much attention. It is reported in the bazaar that some fifty packages of White goods, which were lying in the warehouses since a long time, have been found to be damaged by white ants. Stocks in the warehouses during the end of last month were 38,503 packages, which shows a reduction of 3,360 packages as compared with the figures of the previous month.

The Manchester Market has been firm. The makers seem to be more independent on account of their healthy engagements and unless buyers are prepared to purchase at their quotations, there is little chance of business resulting .Merchants are chary to commit themselves to large contracts owing to the uncertainty regarding the future outlook.

The Cloth markets will be closed on Monday next owing to Amavas holiday

The quotations for the leading chops of Greys and Whites are as under :—

GREY SHIRTINGS—

	Ins.	Yds.	Rs.	a.	p.
Ralli's, Fart No. 2000	39×	37 1/2/8	13	12	0
" 100,000	—45×	" —	17	0	
" No. 33,000	—45×	" —	15	0	0
" " 2800	—37×	" —	12	8	0
Graham's No. 2730	—39×	" —	13	12	0
" Yellow Horse	—43×	39 —	16	0	9
" No. 2310	—44×	38 1/2	16	0	0
Dewhursts BBB	—38×	38 1/2	23	0	0
" BB	—38×	38 1/2	19	0	0
" Rupee No. 5	—38×	38 1/2	17	0	0
Bombay Co.'s No. 2580	—44×	38 1/2	—		
" No. 1500	39×	37 1/2/38	—		
" No. 5600	38×	37 1/2/38	—		
Ritchie's No. 510	39×	37 1/2/38	13	12	0
" No. 4492	—41×	" —	17	0	0
" No. 1566	38×	37/37 1/2	—		
Forbes' 651	—38×	37 1/2/8	—		
Lyon's Shunker	—39×	" —	14	0	0

GREY DRILLS—

Pepperel's Dragon	..29×40	Net	22	0	0
Ralli's Musjid No. 425	..26×40	—	14	0	0
Mitsui's Elephant	..29×40	—	20	0	0

GREY JACONETS—

Ralli's No. 18	—45×22	—	8	13	0
" " 18 ..	—40×22	—		..	
" " 138	—40×22	—	7	0	0
" " 636	—44×22	—	7	10	0

WHITE SHIRTINGS—

Liepman's No. 1500	..32×42	—	26	12	0
H.B.T.C. 40000	..36×40	—	32	8	0
Ralli's No. 9889	—33×40	—	22	0	0
Forbes' K. B. 100	—33×40	—	19	8	0
" 151	—33×40	—	19	8	0

WHITE MULLS—

Ralli's No. 6	—41×19	—	9	0	0
" No. 60	—46×19	—	10	0	0
" No. 300	—51×19	—	11	0	0
" No. 6000	—56×19	—	12	0	0
" No. 88	—38×20	—	8	10	0
" No. 1270	—27×18	—	4	7	0
" No. 818	—39×20	—	9	0	0
" No. 1440	—36×20	—	8	8	0
" No. 8302	—42×20	—	12	8	0
" No. 2755	—42×20	—	14	0	0
" No. 1703	—52×20	Net	16	12	0
Ritchie's No. 1200	—27×18	—	4	7	0
" No. 119	—37×18	—	5	8	0
" No. 229	—42×18	—	6	0	0
" No.339	—47×18	—	6	8	0
" 1K/4K 38",43",48",	—53×18	Avg.	6	8	0
" No. 95	—58×20	—	8	10	0
" No. 66999	—40×18	—	6	12	0
" No.86999	— "	—	7	4	0
" No.775	—40×18	—	—		
" No. 875	—45×18	—	—		
" No.975	—50×18	—	—		
" No.615	— "	—	8	6	0
Graham's' Baloon'	—56×20	—	8	10	0
" No.142	—34×19	—	—		
" No. 850	—36×18	—	..		
Greaves' No. 5060	—27×18	—	—		
Tattersall's No. 8844, 8849/8854 45,"50,"	55'×20		8	4	0

WHITE NAINSOOKS—

Ralli's No.7070/9090	—27×18	—	3	4	0
" No.61/81	— "	—	4	12	0
" No.1900	— "	—	4	5	0
" No.33044/83	—30×18	Avg.	3	6	0
" No.33099 ..	.. "	..	3	14	0
" No.33199 ..	.. "	..	4	2	0
" No.39620 T.B.	—38×22	—	6	12	0
Graham's Nos. 88/8888	—20×18	—	5	8	0
" 95950/97970	—				
" Saraswati	—33×18	—	—		
" 'Tipoo W/WWW	—34×18	—	6	12	0
" No.60000	— "	—	7	4	0
" No.33340/33350/33360	"	—	7	12	0
Lyons' No. 4545/5696/6767	26×18	—	4	12	0
Greaves' No. 30000/50000	"	—	4	12	0
" No 8000 T.B.	—38×22	—	7	4	0
Ritchie's Nos.3300/4310/5520	26×18	—	4	12	0
S. W. & Co's Nos. 5800/5820 Motor Car "	— "	—	4	9	0
Bombay Co's ZZ/ZZZZ	— "	—	—		

The above quotations are on bazaar terms, with discount of 3 1/2 per cent. on Grey Goods and 4 per cent. on White Goods.

YARN MARKET.

July 21.

A quiet tone has prevailed in our market during this week and prices have declined to some extent all round. Absence of satisfactory demand from consuming centres, speculative decline in [illegible] in local market are attributed to this has been causing some of whom s[illegible] their holdings Stocks all round ances b[illegible] smaller mand[illegible] buy under the press[illegible] various reasons of its own noted that whereas the Manche[illegible] and Japan Markets have kept more or less steady and our replacing costs are in some cases considerably higher, we do not find any improvement in Indian markets.

English and Japanese yarns show no change. Demand has again slackened and prices have given way by about ¼ anna per lb. Fresh forward business has not been reported.

Indian yarns show easy feeling on the whole. Most of the mills have booked up to September and further and hence do not entertain at present offers at lower rates. China does not buy and shippers show inclination to sell here provided they get reasonable rates.

Reviewing the position of Raw Material and general Trade conditions, we do not expect any serious set back in prices of yarns. On the other hand satisfactory monsoon in consuming districts might help to create good demand sooner or later in which case slow but steady improvement all round may not be unlikely.

STOCK OF PIECE-GOODS AND YARNS.

The list issued by the Bombay Chamber of Commerce indicates a stock of 16,377 bales and 22,126 cases of cotton piece-goods as on 30th June last, which shows a decrease of 644 bales and 2,716 cases compared with the figures of the previous month. The stock of cotton Twist and Yarns on the 30th June last stands at 17,974 packages, which shows an increase of 240 packages as compared with the previous month. The approximate total deliveries during June last have been 11,102 packages of cotton piece-goods and 10,105 packages of yarns. The imports during June 1922 of cotton piece-goods have been 7,742 packages and of cotton twist and yarns 10,345 packages, including those from Japan.

ENGLISH MARKETS.

During the week under review Home Markets show some slight improvement both in Liverpool and New York as compared with a week ago. In the early part of the week the market advanced on weekly Government weather report less favourable than expected, and on short covering, and on reports of ball-weevil doing considerable damage to the crop. The market was featureless, since then. To-day there are reports of heavy rains in Alabama. As regards the future of the market much will depend on the weather condition in America and also in this countrr. However, even with continued favourable weather in America from now we do not think prices will decline much.

But on the contrary unfavourable weather or reports of serious ball-weevil damage would be likely to cause further sharp advances. We would rather advise buying at the present level than selling, as we are of bullish opinion in the long run.

The following were the changes in the Home markets as compared with last week :—

		Last week.	This week.	
Liverpool	October	12.48	12.69	plus 21
"	January	12.12	12.40	" 28
"	March	11.98	12.30	" 32
New York	October	22.31	22.38	" 7
"	January	21.92	22.14	" 22
"	March	21.80	22.10	" 30

LOCAL FORWARD MARKET.

Fully good mg. Broach July-August opened on the 13th instant at Rs. 551 and eased to Rs. 541 on the 15th instant on selling by a prominent Indore Operator and by Marwari Jobbers. From this level the prices recovered to Rs. 552 on the 17th instant on buying by a leading Bull Operator and by Jobbers. As trading in new crop was opened on the 17th instant at Colaba, the contracts for this years' cotton were neglected and the prices eased to Rs. 521 on the 19th instant on continued heavy selling by strong bears, and after sharp fluctuations closed at Rs. 544 on the 20th instant. Fine mg. Oomra July opened at Rs. 476 and steadily declined to Rs. 444 closing on the 20th instant at Rs. 455. While Oomra September opened on the 13th instant at Rs. 487½ and fluctuated within a range of seven rupees till 17th instant. It then eased to Rs. 449 on the 19th instant on selling by Bulls and Marwari Operators.

The market was weak, there being more selling by Marwari Brokers than buying. The prices closed at Rs. 462 on the 20th instant.

Fully good mg. Broach April may (new) opened on the 17th instant at Colaba at Rs. 520 and advancing till Rs. 532 on the same day declined steadily to Rs. 501 next day on heavy selling by Bulls and Marwari—Operators. After going up to Rs. 505 the prices again declined Rs. 489 on the 19th instant on account of heavy selling by a prominent Indore Operator, and after sharp fluctuations closed on the 20th instant at Rs. 508. F. mg. Oomra December-January opened on the 17th instant at Rs. 480 and steadily declined till Rs. 442 on selling by Bulls and Marwari Operators on the 18th instant. After sharp fluctuations between Rs. 436 and Rs. 448 the prices closed at Rs. 453 on 20th instant.

BOMBAY EXCHANGE QUOTATIONS.

Bombay, July 21st.

	Market Rates.
Bank Teledraphic	1-3 5/8
Bank Demand	1-3 21/32
Doc. Acceptance 3m /s	1-3 13/16
Tos Demand	360
American Dollars	348
Honkong Dollars	202
Shanghai	270
Japan	164
Singapore	179 1/2

Market Quiet.

WHEAT AND SEEDS,

Bombay, July 21st.—6 p. m.

The folloing are to-day's closing rates so issued by the Bombay Grain Merchants' Association:—

Ready	Bazar Terms. Rs. a. p.	Rail Delivered. Rs. a. p.
Wheat, White Delhi 70-30	..61 0 0	9 1 0
Wheat, white Cawnpore 70-30	60 0 0	9 1 0
Wheat, Karachi Bangla	..60 0 0	9 0 0
Rapeseed, Brown Delhi	..10 12 0	11 6 0
Rapeseed, Brown Cawnpore	..10 12 0	11 6 0
Rapeseed, Yellow Cawnpore	12 8 0	13 0 0
Linseed, Brown Bold	..14 8 0	15 2 0
Linseed, Brown Thin	..13 12 0	14 6 0
Teelseed, White 85-15	..83 0 0	17 4 0
Teelseed, Gajar 75-25	..80 0 0	— —
Teelseed, Gajar 50-50	..77 0 0	— —
Teelseed Black	..72 0 0	— —
Poppyseed, White	—14 0 0	15 0 0
Groundnuts	—72 0 0	— —
Mowraseed	—7 10 0	....
Barley	..43 0 0	— —
COastorseed	—62 0 0	12 8 0
otton Seeds Ready	—38 0 0	8 9 0
Forward	Rs. a. p.	
Wheat, May	— 9 4 0	
Wheat, Aug—Sept.	— 9 9 6	
Linseed, May	..16	
Linseed, Sept,	..	

CHEMICALS—MARKET.

July 21.

The Chemical Trade Journal from Overseas writes in the last issue regarding the "London-Chemical-Market" as follows:—

"During the past week there has been a good improvement in the volume of business transacted, and the market holds very steady throughout. Holders of Stocks show no inclination to cut prices in order to make sales. Ascetic acid is a firm market. with supplies limited"

The local market kept very quiet without important changes in values. On the whole, the trend of prices appear to be on a downward movement. Excepting a few chemicals which enjoy some activity owing to scarcity, there is nothing fresh to be reported. The chemicals for dyeing kept very poor in demand and the prices seem to be fast falling. Acids have no animation, and all sorts of soda kept silent. The quotations are as under:—

Soda Caustic—Rs. 33.
Soda Sulphide—Rs. 24.
Soda Sulphide—Japan—Rs. 18.
Soda Bichromate—Rs. 48.
Soda Silicate—Rs. 13.
Soda Hydrosulphied—Rs. 1-12-0.
Soda Washing—Rs. 3.
Salt Aniline—Rs. 0-12-0.
Salt Antimony—Rs. 1-2-0.
Salt Epsom—Rs. 6.
Salt Glauber—Rs. 5.
Chloride Zinc—Rs. 22-8.
Chloride Magnesium—Rs. 6-4-0.
Brown Sugar lead—Rs. 32.
White Sugar lead—Rs. 40.
Bleaching powder—Rs. 26 (nominal).
Bichromate potash—Rs. 60.

COLOUR—MARKET.

The dye-stuff-market has to report continued weak tone and very small business during the course of the week. Big manufacturers are trying to sell to direct consumers by opening their own offices here. Middle merchant-class has to depend upon retail business only. Prices are easy and they are coming towards pre-war-days. Alizarine I. P. as well as 20 per cent. German Paste had some business at the market price. Congo-Red, Benzo-Purpurine and Delta-Purpurine had comparatively quiet time.. Madras-Fast-Red had poor demand. Magenta-crystals has easy quotations. Sulphers have good demand. Sulpher-Black is selling in big lots; while sulpher-brown had some fair demand. Miscellaneous section reports no good business. The quotations are as under:—

Alizarine—20 per cent.—Rs. 90/100 pr cwt.
Alizarine—I. P.—Rs. 260 per cwt.
Congo-red—Rs. 2 per lb.
Benzo-Purpurine—Rs. 3 per lb.
Delta-Purpurine—Rs. 4-8 per lb.
Magenta-crystals—Rs. 10-11 per lb.
Methyl-Violet—Rs. 5-6 per lb.
Malachite-Green—Rs. 7 per lb.
Victoria-blue—Rs. 7-8 per lb.
Madras-fast-red—Rs. 7 per lb.
Nigrosene-crystals—Rs. 3—per lb.
Sulpher-black—Rs. 1-12 per lb.
Sulpher-brown—Rs. 3-8 per lb.

CENTRAL BANK OF INDIA.

Following is the Statement of Liabilities and Assets of the Central Bank of Indio, Ltd., for the fort-night ended 15th July 1922 :—

LIABILITIES.

	Rs.
Capital Subscribed Rs. One Crore.	
" Paid up	50,00,000
Reserve Fund	25,00,000
Fixed Deposits, Current Accounts, ect,	14,05,49,000
Sundries	90,34,000
Total	15,70,82,000

ASSETS

Cash Credits and Overdrafts on Government and other authorised securities	3,58,67,000
Loans on Government and other authorised securities	4,71,66,000
Bills Discounted	8,07,000
Bank Premises	40,69,000
Sundries	56,61,000
Cash in hand at Banks, and investments in Treasury Bill, War Bonds, Government Papers, Municipal Bonds, Debentures, etc	6,61,73,000
Total	15,70,83,000

MONEY AND SHARE MARKET.

Bombay, 21st July 1922.

Bars Gold ready Rs. 26/11/6.
Bars Gold forward Rs. 26/12/-.
Bars Gold 2nd settlement Rs. 26/13/-.
Bars Silver ready Rs. 92/6/-.
Bars Silver 1st settlement Rs. 92/8/-.
Bars Silver 2nd settlement Rs. 92/4/-.

EXCHANGE.

On T. C. Rate—
Bank's selling T T 1/3 9/16.
Bank's selling D D 1/3 15/32.
On London:—
Bank's selling T T 1/3 5/8.
Bank's selling D D 1/3 21/32.
Bank's buying 3 M/st D A 1/3 13/16.
Bank's buying T T 1/3 11/16.
Bank's buying D D 1/3 23/32.
Tone of Exchange—Quiet and Dull.
On Paris:—
Bank's selling D D Frcs. 340.
Bank's buying 3 M/st D A Frcs. 360.
Bank's buying D D Frcs. 350.
On Japan—
Bank's selling T T Rs. 164½.
Bank's buying 60 D/st D P Rs. 159½.
On Hongkong:—
Bank's selling D D Rs. 202.
On Shanghai:—
Bank's selling D D 270.
Bank's selling D D Rs. 179½.
On New York:—
Bank's selling D D Rs. 347.
London Gold ready—Sh. 92-7.
London Silver ready—d. 35-8.
London Silver forward—d. 35-6.
Tone of silver:—
Quiet—India and China buying.

CROSS RATES ON LONDON TO THE POUND STERLING.

American Exchange—Dols. 4.45 1/2.
French Exchange—Frcs. 53.00.
Swiss Exchange—Frcs. 23.20.
Belgium Exchange—Frcs Frcs. 56.00.
Italian Exchange—Liras 96.90.
German Exchange—Mrks. 2223.
Prague [illegible]

[illegible] activity in the market. Cotton [illegible] kept poor in demand and large [illegible]ng idle in the market—the holders [illegible]ially nervous and eager to realise [illegible] disposing off the stocks. Some at[illegible]re being made by bulls to bring about [illegible]val of activity in Heralds, however, so [illegible]as the weak holders who have evidently [illegible]patience to permit their capital being [illegible]ed up, there seems to be no chance of speedy animation being restored.

Woolen goods, leather sundries, and Japanese Bobbins have also shared in the general lethargy in the market. The quotations are almost the same without great difference.

Heralds—Rs. 2-4-0; Reeds—Rs. 0-5-3; Conical-pirn 5 ins.—Rs. 6-8-0; Ring Rabbeh Bobbins 5 ins.—Rs. 10-8-0; Slubbing Tubes—Rs. 37; Roving Tubes—Rs. 30; Slubbing Tubes—(Wilson)—Rs. 70; Roller Skins—Rs. 40 (Country); Roller Cloth—Rs. 10; Cylinder and Doffer fillets—Rs. 0-12-0.

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arrivals, which we indicated last week, coupled with the improvement in the American Exchange caused the market rate to fall to Rs. 26/9 per tola. Consequently, and having regard to the volume of business transacted in the bazar, the Bulls were unloading their stock. At the lower level, up-country demand improved to 22,000 tolas a day and the stocks in our market are now estimated at about 10,00,000 tolas.

Silver.—Silver opened steady but declined on weaker advices from China and London. A large business was done on Wednesday, this being the last date of the July settlement. Weak holders sold out their holdings and the business was done at as low a rate as Rs. 92/10, but the market soon improved and closes steady at Rs. 92/12, on bears covering and China buying, both locally and in London. The off-take averaged about 120 bars a day, this being the settlement week, and the stock is estimated at about 4,000 bars.

SHARES.

The market opened weak on heavy selling by the bull syndicates. A downward reaction ruled and there were extensive sales. The [illegible] in textile shares which averaged 10 per cent., repelled buying and at one time, it looked as if the bull movement had culminated. Later, however, it became evident that the market was receiving a new accession of strength and that the bull movement instead of declining, had acquired further momentum. A big business was transacted in Currimbhoys, these shares being among the few which stood at the close at higher [illegible] Other shares closed [illegible] was [illegible]

[illegible]

Market close[illegible]

The following are the closi[illegible] Bombay Stock Exchange:—

BANKS.

Imperial 1352xd., India 121, [illegible] Tata Bank 1070 and Easiern 57.

COTTON MILLS.

Ah. Advance 2850, Apollo 814, [illegible] 20, By. Cotton 1225, By. Dyeing [illegible] Bury 333, Currimbhoy 1750, David 105 Sassoon 535, Fazulbhoy 1300, Ind. Manufacturing 1000, Kastoorchand 985, Khatau 559, Kohinoor 3030, Luxmi Cotton 5750, Meyer Sassoon 520, New Great 817/8, Pabami 800, Pearls 1077/8, Phoenix 850, Shapurji 345, Simplex 817/8, Standard 2600, Swan 1200, Swadeshi 4880, Tata Mill 1150xd., Vishnu Cotton 2510.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Alcock 527/8, B. Burma 520, B. Burma N. 1. 152/8 pr. Bt. Burma Pet. 8/6, By. Tramway 123/12, Steam 235, Bundi Cement 40, Ind. Cement 285, Katni Ord. 265xd., Katni Defd. 1230xd., New India 21/4, Tata Iron Ord 60, Tata Iron Defd. 212/8, Tata Iron N. Ord. 52/8, Tata Iron Defd. 212/8, Tata Iron N. Ord 52/8, Tata Iron N. Defd. 180, Tata Hydro 875, Tata Oil 55 and Scindia Steam 8.

"HONOURS" IN INDIA.

(Associated Press.)

MADRAS, July 20.

Mr. C. V. Penkataramier, M. L. C., proposes to move in the next session of the Legislative Council a resolution that as a general rule no title be recommended to anyone while he is a member of this Council except when it is approved in special cases by a committee of the Council.

STOCKS AND DELIVERIES OF PIECE-GOODS & YARNS.

Description.		A Stock on 31st May 1922.	B* Imports during June 1922.	C Stock on 30th June 1922.	D Approximate Deliveries during June 1922.	E Increase or decrease of Stock as compared with previous month.	Corresponding Stocks on 30th June. 1921	1920.	1919.	1918.	1917.
(1) Cotton Piece-goods	Bales	17,021	6,089	16,377	6,733	—644	25,559	27,199	36,473	43,411	31,185
(2) Cotton Piece-goods	Cases	24,842	1,653	22,126	4,369	—2,716	42,376	13,656	5,144	12,249	27,836
(3) Silk and Woollen Piece-Goods	Bales	1,127	106	1,094	139	—33	1,377	959	1,282	1,283	722
(4) Silk and Woollen Piece-goods	Cases	†3,309	769	3,223	855	—86	3,754	1,369	1,357	1,084	1,654
(5) Cotton Twist and Yarns	Packages	17,734	10,345	17,974	10,105	+240	8,101	3,853	6,631	9,458	5,489
(6) Silk and Woollen Twist and Yarns	Packages	673	§ 544	469	748	—204	1,667	1,958	3,646	2,594	2,160
(7) Copper—Brackets	Tons.	1,785	553	1,812	526	+27	1,478	1,322	43	500	1,438
(8) Yellow Metal—Brackets	Tons.	2,290	415	2,160	545	—130	1,373	1,682	292	145	510

* B. Including imports from Japan as follows:—(1) 2,525, (2) 167, (3) Nil, (4) 322, (5) 2,946, (6) 230, (7) Nil, (8) Nil.

§ These include 132 Bales of Raw Silk and 67 Bundles silk waste.

† Corrected figures.

N. B.—Approximate Total Deliveries (Column D) are arrived at by adding Column A and Column B and deducting therefrom Column C. It should be noted, however, that the figures in Column B are obtained from the Bills of Entry and that the goods which they represent may not have been actually received in the Docks during the month named. The total Delivery Figures, therefore, while working out correctly in the long run, can only be considered as approximate in regard to each particular month.

BOMBAY CITY AND SUBURBS.

Engagements.

TO-DAY.

Salle Francaise.—Lecture on the real Cyrano de Bergerac.—6-30 p.m.

Prof. Gidwani's lecture on "The New Psychology applied to Education," Servants of India Society's Hall, 6 p.m.

Adjourned meeting of the Sub-Committee of the B. P. Congress Commitee, 2, Dean Lane.

SUNDAY, July 23.

Meeting of South Indians of Bombay, Vidya's Hall (off Dadar English School), Lady Jamsetjee Road, Dadar, 4-30 p.m., Mr. K. S. Iyer to preside.

Public meeting to protest against the disenfranchisement of graduates under the new Bombay Municipal Bill, Hira Bag, (C. P. Tank), at 9 a.m.

For other engagements, see under "Forthcoming meetings.")

TUESDAY, July 25.

Public meeting to discuss re-Municipal administration and manhood franchise, Marwadi Vidyalaya, 6-30 p.m., Mr. Baptista to preside.

THURSDAY, July 27.

Women's Council "At Home," Town Hall 6-7 Speakers: Lady Reed and Dr. Sandilands.

DAILY.

Imperial Cinema: 7, 8-45 and 10-30 p.m.

Cinema Majestic, Girgaum: 5-15, 7, 8-45 and 10-30 p.m.

Excelsior Cinema: 6-30, and Chefalo and Palermo at 9-30 p.m.

Empire: 4-30, 6-30, 8-15 and 10 p.m.

Empress: 3, 4-30, 6-30, 8-15 and 10 p.m.

West-End Cinema, Charni Road: 5-30, 7, 8-45 and 10-15 p.m.

Globe Cinema, Sandhurst Road: 5, 6-15, 8-15 and 10 p.m.; Matinees Saturday, Sunday and Holidays at 3-30 p.m.

Star Cinema: 5-15, 7, 8-45 and 10-30 p.m.

TODAY'S MEETINGS.

BOMBAY WORKING MEN'S INSTITUTE.

Under the auspices of the Mahila Mandal of the Bombay Working Men's Institute (S. S. League), Mr. K. S. Thackeray, Editor "Prabodhan" will deliver a lecture in Marathi on "The Dowry System and the Duty of our Sisters" to-day (Saturday), at 3-30 p.m. (S. T.), in the Damodher Thackersey Moolji Hall, near Parel Tram Terminus. Mrs. Indirabai Sahasrabuddhe will preside.

SOCIAL SERVICE LEAGUE.

Under the auspices of the Social Service League, Bombay, Prof. M. M. Gidwani, will deliver a public lecture in English on "The New Psychology applied to Education" to-day (Saturday), at 6 p.m. (S. T.), in the Servants of India Society's Hall, Sandhurst Road. Mr. G. K. Deodhar, M. A., will preside.

BOMBAY [illegible] CONGRESS

[illegible] of the local Namdeo [illegible]ari Bhakta Parayan [illegible]Mumukshu"), will deli[illegible] at 9 p.m. in Morar [illegible], on the occasion of [illegible] Utsav!

[illegible]ING MEETINGS.

[illegible]S. OLD BOYS' UNION.

[illegible] the auspices of the New English [illegible] Old Boys' Union, Bombay, a public [illegible] will be delivered by Mr. N. R. Phatak, [illegible]-morrow (Sunday), at 8-30 a.m. (S. T.) in the New English School Hall, Girgaum Back Road, Badam Wadi, on "Agarkar's Life". Mr. V. N. Naik will preside.

BRAHMAN SEVA MANDALA.

The Annual General Meeting of the above Mandala, Dadar, will be held in the Dadar English School Hall, to-morrow (Sunday), at 8-30 a.m. (S. T.). All members are cordially invited to attend.

GANPATI FESTIVAL AT DADAR.

An Annual General Meeting, will be held to-morrow (Sunday), in Khandke Chawl No. 2, first-floor, at 8-30 a.m. (sharp) to elect Managing Committee, and for general discussion of the programme for the Ganpati festival.

"G" WARD COMMITTEE'S BYE-ELECTION.

Members of the "G" Ward Congress Committee are requested to register their votes to-morrow (Sunday), between 8 and 11 a.m. and 4 to 7 p.m., at the Committee Office, Chapra Building (opp. Hasavli Tank), Dadar. The candidates' names are: (1) Mr. E. N. Vad, and (2) Mr. C. V. P. Shivam.

BOMBAY STUDENTS' BROTHERHOOD.

Under the auspices of the Bombay Students' Brotherhood, a public meeting to protest against the disenfranchisement of graduates under the new Bombay Municipal Bill, will be held at Hira Baug (C. P. Tank) to-morrow (Sunday), at 9 a.m. (S. T.)

NAMDEO SAMAJIK SAUNSTHA.

The tenth aniversary of the local Namdeo Samajik Saunstha, will be held to-morrow (Sunday), at 4 p.m. (S. T.) in the Morar Baug Hall, Khattar Lane, under the presidentship of Mr. Ganpat Sakharam Chutke. Prizes will be awarded to all Namdeo students on the occasion. It is open to the public.

JAINISM.

Mr. Shivlal P. Shah, I. C. S., will deliver an address to the students of Shri Mahavira Jaina Vidyalaya, at 4 p.m. (S. T.), on the Vidyalaya premises to-morrow (Sunday). The subject will be "Jainism from a Rationalistic point of view."

AGARKAR-DAY.

The seventh Agarcar-Day will be celebrated, under he auspices of Agarkar Society, to-morrow (Sunday in the Hall of Servants of India Society, Sandhurst Road, at 5-30 p.m. Mr. R. G. Pradhan of Nasik, will address the meeting. Principal Rao Bahadur D. G. Padhye will preside.

ISRAELITE BROTHERHOOD.

Under the auspices of the above Institution Mr. H. Prasad, B.Sc., will deliver a Lecture on Sunday, at 4-30 p.m. (S. T.) in the premises of the Brotherhood. Subject:—"Esperanto" the International language of the world.

MUNICIPAL REFORM ASSOCIATION.

A public meeting of the citizens of Bombay under the auspices of the Bombay Municipal Reform Association, will be held at the Marwadi Vidyalaya Hall, on Tuesday next (the 25th insant), to discuss the present state of the Municipal administration and to urge the Legislative Council, Bombay to accept the recommendation of he Select Committee with regard to manhood franchise. Mr. Joseph Baptista Bar-at-Law will preside. Those desirous of placing before the public their grievances with regard to Municipal Management are requested to communicate with Mr. Jhabvala, the Hon.-Secretary of the Association at 123, Esplanade Road.

BOMBAY PROVINCIAL CONGRESS COMMITTEE.

The Third Ordinary Monthly Meeting of the Provincial Congress Committee for the City [illegible]ednesday

POSTAL NOTICE.

Mails for Mauritius, and Reunion per extra s.s. "Turada" via Dhanushkodi and Colombo will be closed at the General Post Office at 6-30 p.m. on Wednesday, the 26th inst.

CIVIL DISOBEDIENCE COMMITTEE.

Dr. Ansari on behalf of the Civil Disobedience Enquiry Committee has expressed his thanks to all the members of the different Volunteer Corps who worked for the Civil Disobedience Enquiry Committee during their stay in Bombay.

THE BAI AIMAI K. R. CAMA PRIZE.

The Committee of the K. R. Cama Oriental Institute invite competitive Essays for the year 1923 from the Zend and Pahlavi students who have passed their B. A. Examination for "The Bai Aimai K. R. Cama Prize" of the value of Rs. 100 on the following subject:—"The Text," Transliteration and Translation with Notes of the Pahlavi "Madam Sitayinitarih-i-Sur Afrin" (pp. 155—59 of the Pahlavi Texts of Dasturji Jamaspji Minocherji, Part II)".

The Essays should be written in a neat legible hand, and should reach the Joint Hon. Secretaries, K. R. Cama Oriental Institute, 172, Sukhadwalla Buildings, Horn Road Bombay), on or before the 30th May 1923. Each Essay should be designated by the motto instead of the writer's name and should be accompanied by a sealed cover containing the name of the Competitor, post office address and the declaration that the Essay sent in is bona fide the competitor's own composition.

DIVINE SERVICE.

ST. THOMAS' CATHEDRAL.

6th Sunday after Trinity.

7 a.m. Holy Communion; 7-45 a.m. Matins; 8-30 a.m. Holy Communion—Choral Lloyd Eh.; Hymns—106, 195, 556, 445,; 5-30 p.m. Children's Service; 6-30 p.m. Evensong and Sermon;; Cantacles—Chants.; Hymns—166, 178, 290.

Collections for Cathedral Funds.

Daily Matins at 7-15 a.m. and Evensong at 4-45 p.m.

Daily Holy Communion at 7-45 a.m.

On Wednesdays, Choral Evensong at 6-30 p.m.

AT PRARTHANA MANDIR.

Mr. D. G. Vaidya will conduct the weekly divine service in the local Prarthana Mandir to-morrow (Sunday), at 5-30 p.m. All are invited to attend.

BAI RUTTONBAI BOMANJI WADIA SCHOLARSHIP.

The Bai Ruttonbai Bomanji Wadia's Scholarship has been awarded to Mr. Bomanjee Cowasjee, Bomon-behram for scoring the highest number of marks in English from among the students who went through the school-leaving examination and entered St. Xavier's College.

PEARL MILLS' WORKS-COMMITTEE.

A general meeting of the members of the Pearl Mills' Works-Committee was held on Monday the 17th instant in the Godown of the mills, Mr. F. Scott, the Manager of the mills, presiding. Twenty-seven representatives out of 37 were present. With the usual proceedings of the meeting the committee considered some important suggestions which were as under:—(1) The clerical staff from B. Abstract were not paid one day before the general pay day as already settled by the Committee; (2) The manager told the representatives from the weaving department that on account of shortage of winders the weavers do not get sufficient amount of work and further suggested the weavers whether it would not be in their interest as well as in the interest of the mill to ask their female members or relations working as winders in other mills to come to work in this mill.

HOW TO CLEAR ALL URIC ACID, KIDNEY AND LIVER POISONS OUT OF THE SYSTEM.

Medical Men decide saltrated water is the quickest permanent cure for organic disorders causing rheumatism, Bright's disease, stomach trouble, etc.

By ALICE LANDLES (Qualified Nurse.)

Clogged, Sluggish, and congested liver, Kidneys or intestines, with the attendant rheumatism, languor, biliousness, defective vision, catarrh, indigestion, and impure blood, should never be neglected. They mean constipation, "the beginning of all disease," for dangerous toxins are then beisg constantly absorbed straight into the blood, although sufferers seldom even suspect the real cause of all their troubles. Powerful mixtures and drugs like colomel (mercury), may irritate the liver to conclusive action, but do not stop adherence to walls of the intestines, nor cleanse and strengthen the delicate network of secretory ducts and absorbent glands. For this latter purposes doctors agree there is no solvent, cleansing and bloodpurifying agent equal to the deposits of certain natural medicinal waters. These deposits are obtainable at slight cost from any chemist as pure refined Alkia Saltrates. Take before breakfast a level teaspoonful of this pleasant-tasting compound in a half tumbler of water, and notice how all symptoms of rheumatic or other body poisons vanish *within two or three days*, and you begin to enjoy life as Nature intended. Mental effort and concentration become easy again, hard work a pleasure, and any pain or constant tired feeling will disappear. Even gall-stone or other painful concretions of sharp uric acid crystals and impure mineral salts may thus be dissolved. Avoid all strong cathartic pills, patent medicines, lowering salts, drugs or highly-alcoholic stimulants, eat moderately, and drink occasionally a little salt-rated water—Nature's own blood clarifier, uric acid solvent and eliminant of all impurities—then need never fear a recurrence.—A.L.

Typical specimen of uric acid crystals, highly magnified. No wonder they hurt.

"CO-OPERATION IN THE CENTRAL PROVINCES".

TO THE EDITOR OF "THE CHRONICLE."

Sir,—In your issue of the 12th July there appears an article under the heading "Co-operation in Central Provinces." It is an appreciation of an article which apparently appears in the latest issue of the "Bombay Co-operative Quarterly." I say "apparently" because I have not had the good fortune to read that article, so far though I am entitled to a copy as a subscriber. The article seems to be a comment and a criticism on the recommendations of the Committee on Co-operation of which I had the honour to be Secretary. As a signatory to the report I stand by its recommendations and in due course I will reply to the criticism in the "Bombay Co-operative Quarterly" in the ccurse of a series of articles appearing over my signature in the columns of the "Servant of India"; and I will beg your readers to have a look at those articles before accepting the statements in your article as the final word on the points raised therein.

You will permit me however to say a word or two about the points you have referred to in your article. I deplore with you the step taken by the shareholders of the Provincial Bank, whereby they redeemed the individual and preference shares. This step was taken for the purpose of making the Provincial Bank wholly Co-operative, for democratising credit or for the purpose of securing for the movement the whole of the profit accruing from the business of the Provincial Bank. Banking experience was lost thereby and events have proved that the price paid for perfection in principle was so heavy as to result in practical bankruptcy. So far I am in entire agreement with you. If I remember right we were all unanimous in our decision on this point then; in the enthusiasm for the attainment of theoretical perfection we lost sight of the importance and the value of business knowledge. I admit this, but I am sorry that other Co-operators in our Province fail to see that the weakness of the constitution of the Provincial Bank lay here. However allow me to point out that the primary responsibility for the maintenance of the fluid resource lay not on the Registrar and the Local Government but on those who managed the Provincial Bank. The Registrar was undoubtedly to watch the movement and failed to do so; but I do not know what justification there is for your statement that the Government have exculpated themselves. Indeed in para 20 of our Report we write as follows:—

"In the first place we consider that Government failed to appreciate its duty when it appointed an officer with no experience and with no special knowledge to the important post of Registrar. This appointment was in direct contravention of one of the most weighty recommendations made by the Maclagan Committee (vide para. 193 of the report)" and further on "the expenditure of the fluid resource was however so marked and so rapid that it must have attracted the attention of any experienced officer." Surely this is strong enough—especially for a Committee "two" of whose members were Government servants. However you seem to imply that the whole of the blame lay on the Registrar and the Local Government and from this implication I must beg to differ. The primary responsibility lay on those who managed the Provincial Bank. There can be no doubt about this matter. The apportionment of blame is, however, by no means a matter of prime importance. The remedy is what really matters: [illegible] Bank has failed to adhere to certain [illegible]ust be scrapped thus in a [illegible]le the Committee's [illegible]gument alone [illegible]lend [illegible]n with banking knowledg[illegible] and experience are un-available, you must, [illegible] you are consistent with yourself, concede that it must be scrapped." As one who has spent the last 10 years in the organization of this movement, in this Province allow me to assure you that we Co-operators in this Province have not had the good fortune of securing the Co-operation of any one who can be compared with either Sir Vithaldas, or Mr. Lallubhai or Mr. Chunilal Mehta or even with the young and expert manager of the Bombay Provincial Co-operative Bank, Mr. Vaikunth Mehta. Now is there even a remote chance of securing help, guidance or the advice of any such man in the near future. But this is not all. The Committee has given other reasons—by no means less important or less convincing for the recommendation for the abolition of the Provincial Bank: which you have not even referred to; and which I hope your readers will read for themselves.

As regards the connection with commercial Banks, we have recommended that Central Banks should be connected with such Banks; and you have not even indicated any reasons against such a connection. The Provincial Banks are designed for the purpose of connecting Central Banks with Commercial Banks and we have questioned the propriety of the maintenance of an intermediary which enhances the cost and, therefore, the rate of interest ultimately payable by the agriculturest member of the primary Society; and I personally hold that on the day when a primary Society will be able to deal directly with the commercial Banks, which after all represent the money market, credit will really be democratised and the objective of the Co-operative movement will be achieved; and when that day arrives not only the Provincial but even the Central Banks will have disappeared, after having fulfilled their honourable function.

A word more about the Committee's recommendation for investment of wider powers of control and "interference" on the Registrar. May I ask you and your readers to look at this recommendation from the point of view of one who, for the rapid progress and extension of this movement, desires that the resources and the driving power of the State should be tacked on to the enthusiasm of the honorary worker. Now that co-operation is a transferred subject, we are entitled to look to the State for greater activity in this department and unless we are prepared to invest the Minister in charge with larger powers, I do not know, how we can hold him responsible for retarded growth or even absolute inaction. To wait for spontaneous growth seems to me to be equivalent to a policy of drift and in my humble opinion we can ill afford to follow such a policy in view of the prevailing agricultural indebtedness.—Yours, etc.,

MR. HORNIMAN.

TO THE EDITOR OF "THE CHRONICLE."

Sir,—Mr. S. A. C. appears to be a very enthusiastic admirer of Mr. Horniman. In reply to his inquiry, I have to observe as follows:—

(1) Last year, when there was a talk about Mr. Horniman going to attend a Press Conference at an American port, I saw the Hony. Secretary of the local Press Association, and volunteered to arrange a meeting or a concert for a purse to Mr. Horniman to enable him to attend that function. Passports were refused to him; and so the idea was dropped.

(2) No particular society or association is organising the performances and concerts for Mr. Horniman's benefit. They are arranged by his friends notably Mr. Tairsee and Mr. Anantram, and in these we all co-operate.

(3) Should an occasion arise, the Parsi Rajkeya Subha will gladly arrange a function for a purse to Mr. Horniman.—Yours, etc.,

BARJORJI FRAMJI BHARUCHA.

THEATRE & CINEMA.

EXCELSIOR THEATRE.—To-night at 6-30 and 10 p.m. Charlie Chaplin's great masterpiece, "The Kid", will be presented to the Bombay public at the Excelsior Theatre. The story, which is written and produced by the great Charlie himself, took a year to complete. It features little Jackie Coogan as "The Kid." Most of us are familiar with the story of Charlie finding the little, abandoned waif, and taking the infant to his humble home, where he carefully and tenderly rears his precious treasure. "The Kid" grows into a sturdy lad, and he and Charlie are inseparable. Their many adventures together, and how "The Kid" is finally discovered by his mother, a great opera singer, and how they both enthusiastically welcome Charlie to their home, must be seen on the film. This picture is a wonderful combination of excellent Chaplin comedy with a strong human drama, something unique in the history of the cinema, and its unparalleled popularity and continued success conclusively prove it to have broken all picture palace records. The film appeals to the children as well as the adult, and in order to give everybody an opportunity to see it, the picture will be screened twice nightly at 6-30 and 10 p.m. throughout the week.

* * * *

EMPIRE THEATRE.—The story of Lady Godiva and her great sacrifice for her native town of Coventry is familiar to all acquainted with the works of Tennyson, and a fine picture, bringing out the main features of this famous episode, is being screened this week at the Empire Theatre. Lady Godiva was the wife of Leofric, the grim Earl of Marcia and Lord of Coventry in the reign of Edward the Confessor. The inhabitants of Coventry having offended their master, he decided to punish them by inflicting a very heavy fine. In their distress they appealed to Lady Godiva to intercede for them, saying that if they paid the fine they must starve. Godiva sympathised with the people, and pleaded with her lord that the tax might be remitted. Leofric only laughed at her, and when she persisted, he contemptuously said that he would grant her request if she would ride naked through the town. Leofric imagined that this would put an end to her appeals, but Godiva was determined to carry it through. She proclaimed that, on a certain day, nobody should leave his house before noon, and that all doors and windows were to be tightly closed and shuttered. Lady Godiva, unclothed, but partially concealed by her beautiful long hair, mounted a splendid white horse and rode through the town. One man disobeyed Godiva's orders and peeped through the shutters of his window. He was immediately struck blind. Leofric, in fulfilment of his promise and in admiration of his wife's heroism, freed the inhabitants of the town from the burdens he had imposed on them.

* * * *

EMPRESS THEATRE.—There will be two picture programmes at the Empress Theatre this week. Excepting Monday, the principle attraction will be "Narayana", a fine Madan Theatre production in five parts. The story centres round a young man, who gains possession of an idol which gives him the power to obtain whatever he wishes, but, with every wish, a fifth part of his life is forfeited. The nature of his wishes, and the methods by which he gets them, form a very interesting story. A topical picture of exception interest "Princess Mary's Wedding Presents" is also shown. On Monday, instead of the usual programme, a magnificent eight-part drama entitled "Mahabharata" will be shown. It deals with an old story of intrigue in a royal family. After many disappointments and adventures the wronged party come into their own, and all ends happily. The drama is full of thrilling and exciting incidents and should not be missed by the patrons of the Empress.

* * * *

[illegible]AIR CINEMA.—Persons who argue [illegible]ll good or all [illegible]any circum-[illegible]"white lie" [illegible]prevent [illegible]ce "The [illegible]est-End [illegible]n play-[illegible]werful [illegible]as the [illegible], daughter [illegible]learns of her [illegible]s him to go straight. [illegible]How [illegible]olds does the best job [illegible] of forg[illegible]ure career, to establish [illegible]Peggy's [illegible]y the best circles, furnishes [illegible]materia[illegible] powerful situations which [illegible]bring t[illegible] to its surprising climax.

* * * *

GLOBE CINEMA.—Ann Little, the world's most famous Serial star, is appearing at the Globe Cinema in "The Blue Fox", an astounding Ben Wilson production that interests and pleases all who see it. Each episode is crammed full of sensation, thrills, surprises, mystery and suspense. It is sufficient to say that the incomparable Ann Little is the star of this serial. Her popularity is due to the fine, splendid and strenuous work that she always puts into her work.

"The Blue Fox" is drawing unusually large houses to the Globe and bids fair to equal its popularity in New York, where it is still playing to capacity business. The third instalment, which begins to-day, far surpasses the previous ones in thrills and hair-raising exploits.

REPORTED THEFTS.

IN WHITEAWAY LAIDLAW'S SHOP.

Messrs. Whiteaway Laidlaw and Company have reported the theft of flower-vases, jugs, lady's hand-bag, etc., collectively valued at Rs. 530 from their establishment on the Hornby Road.

IN "TIMES" BUILDING.

Mr. E. Cunningham, Assistant Superintendent in the "Times of India," has made a report to the Police that the godown situated on the ground floor of the "Times" Building was opened at 9 a.m. on the 19th instant, when all the doors and windows were found intact. On entering the godown, however, a lock on a cupboard was found open and penholders, nibs, type-writing ribbons, earasers, etc., collectively valued at Rs. 2,334 missing therefrom. Some men in the news department were working in the godown the night previous.

ADMISSION TO GRANT MEDICIAL COLLEGE.

PROPOSAL BEFORE UNIVERSITY SENATE.

The Registrar of the Bombay University sends us the following:—Under the present regulations of the University a student who has passed the Preliminary Scientific Examination for the M.B. B.S., Degrees is not permitted to sit again for the Examination. As it is not possible on account of want of accommodation for every successful candidate at the Preliminary Scientific Examination to obtain admission to the Second Year Class of the Grant Medical College, the existing regulations inflict a certain amount of hardship on students who pass that Examination with a low total of marks, inasmuch as they are debarred from repeating the Examination in the expectation of passing with a higher total of marks and thus improving their chances of admission to the second year Class. With a view to obviating this hardship, Dr. R. N. Rantna proposes to bring up before the next meeting of the Senate a proposition for an amendment of the regulations, whereby a student who has passed the Preliminary Scientific Examination will be permitted to appear at the same Examination again on the submission of a new application and the payment of a fresh fee.

ANGLO-INDIA S. N. CO., LD.

SHAREHOLDERS' MEETING.

A meeting of the shareholders of the Anglo-India Steam Navigation Company, Ltd. (in liquidation), was held on Friday night to consider what steps may be taken to safeguard the interests of the shareholders, when Mr. S. H. Sharanger presided.

At the outset Mr. B. F. Bharucha, explaining the object of the meeting, said that they knew very well under what circumstances the Anglo-India Steam Navigation Company came into being. If there was any man whole-heartedly working in the interests of shareholders it was his friend Mr. Lakhmidas Rowji Tairsee. Since Mr. Tairsee was not a shareholder of the Company he could not preside over the meeting being an outsider. He would, therefore, propose the name of Mr. S. H. Sharanger who, he hoped, would consent to preside over the meeting. After convening the meeting he learnt that the Official Liquidator had served the Directors of the Company with summonses and the case would come off on the 1st of September in the Bombay High Court, and in view of that fact they could not carry on any discussion in the meeting, because it would amount to a "Contempt of Court."

Mr. S. H. Sharanger thanked them for having proposed him to the chair.

RESOLUTIONS.

Three resolutions were moved from the chair and passed.

The first resolution noted that the Official Liquidator has taken out summonses against the old Directors of the Company, and requested the Official Liquidator to take all necessary steps to safeguard the interests of the shareholders; and appointed a committee of the following gentlemen:—Messrs. Keshowji Hirji, K. H. Kaka, H. Bapasola, Balaji Bapooji Rane, Jamsetji Rustomji Bhesania, S. H. Sharanger, B. F. Bharucha, M. A. J. Noble, S. H. Panthaki and J. K. Parulkar, to render to the Official Liquidator such information and assistance as may be conducive to the best interests of the Company.

The second resolution requested the Official Liquidator to publish quarterly reports of the progress of the liquidation, and the third resolution asked the Chairman to forward these resolutions to the Official Liquidator.

All the resolutions were carried unanimously.

A vote of thanks to the chair proposed by Mr. B. F. Bharucha, terminated the meeting.

MAJOR BLAKE AT KARACHI.

(Associated Press.)

KARACHI, July 20.

Major Blake emphatically asserted in the course of a press interview to-day that aerial mail service between England and India was a practical proposition if a gaurantee of one ton of mails at two shillings and six pence per ounce could be got. Besides, passengers and goods could also be profitably carried. He thought that clear saving of eleven days by higher would counterbalance [illegible]dromes, wireless, and petrol [illegible] in[illegible]sistence, service [illegible] without delay, provided funds w[illegible]ailable. People in England, he said, [illegible]re quite enthusiastic and he thought aerial communication would do a lot to promote good feeling between the nations and encourage first hand knowledge about world affairs.

CALCUTTA SHARE MARKET.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

CALCUTTA, July 21.

There is little to be said about any section of the market to-day. The number of outside orders was almost negligible and Howrahs alone accounted for any weight of business, the Clives were hard to sell and fell away considerably from yesterday's close. Higher prices jute stocks were neglected and there were a few buyers for anything. Howrahs closed easy. Cottons were quiet with little change in prices. In the coal section, Naneegungee were done down to 52-8 with buyers scarce at price. Equitable and New Beerbhoom were on offer, but Barrakur was rather better. There was no outstanding feature in the miscellaneous section. Titaghur Paper was offering and Indian Iron and Steel was done at 50.

The following were the closing quotations:—

Government securities:—5½ per cent. War Bonds (1926) 100-6.

Cotton:—Bengal Nagpore 448, Dunbar Cotton 390, Kesoram 12-2.

Jute:—Anglo-India 373, Benjamin 5-4 discount, Century 9, Clive 35-12, Dalhousie 335, Fort William 322, Howrah 46-2, Kamarhatty 608-8 s.l. Northbrook 55-8, Reliance 45-8, Waverley 11.

Coal:—Bansjorah 37, Burrakur 34-12 s.l., New Beerbhoom 34-8, Talcher 9-8.

Miscellaneous:—Frank Ross and Co. 7-4, Bengal Bridge and Bolt 1-14, Hume Pipe 3, Thornycroft (India) Ltd. 2-9, Behar Rice 2, British India Corporation (ord.) 8,8 Britannia Biscuits 7-14, India Tanneries 1-10 s.l, Madan Theatres 7, Acme Oil 1, Assam Saws 6-8, Murree Brewery 166.

Exchange:—Bank telegraphic transfer one shilling three and five eighth pence and demand bills one shillings three and twenty-one thirty-two pence.

CALICO PRINTERS' ASSOCIATION.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, July 20.

As a result of the report of the special investigator who was sent to India, the directors of the Clico Printers' Association have decided that any future expansion of the Association's works shall take place in Lancashire and not in India.

A Bangalore message of July 21st says:—The cricket fixtures for the year promise some remarkable events. Over thirty contests have been listed for the season. The Bangalore Gymkhana beat the Catholic Union by five wickets and 54 runs yesterday.

His Excellency the Governor of Assam left Dacca, on the 20th instant.

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TO-MORROW'S FEATURES:

Frontispiece:

"THE BURDEN"

(A Striking Cartoon)

LITERARY REVIEWS

"Chronicle" Short Story:

"THE GOLDEN CUP"

BY

EVELYN EVERETT GREEN.

"Morality":

A LATTER-DAY DRAM.

"NATURE'S LAMPS"

BY

CADAVALLADOR

AUCTION BRIDGE OF TO-DAY

(*Special.*)

MOTOR NOTES.

FASHIONS OF THE DAY, Sreen Chat, London Topics, World of Sport, etc.

Correspondence Summarised.

HALF-HOLIDAY FOR SOLICITORS' CLERKS.—"J. P. P." writes that in spite of the Law Society's resolution and the Chief Justice's order, some Indian and Parsi firms have been compelling their clerks to work [illegible] long after 2-30 on [illegible]days and asks whether the Chief Justice is unable to compel obedience to his order.

NEW IDEALS.—*Apropos* Mr. Paul Richard's address on "New Ideals" at the Gujerat Vidyapith, Mr. K. G. Bharati says that the ideals are not new to India, but are the ancient doctrines of Sankhya-Yoga.

GRANT ROAD OVERBRIDGE.—Mr. P. A. Shah suggests that two side-stairs leading to the bye-lane which takes people to the Grant Road Tram Terminus, should be constructed on the side of the Grant Road Overbridge, opposite Pannalal Terraces.

ACCOUNTANT-GENERAL'S OFFICE.—"Arbiter", referring to the revision of pay sanctioned to clerks in the Accountant-General's Office, Bombay, shows how the scheme has neglected those who have been in service already by raising the minimum salary of candidates who enter service for the first time. He says that Government should make it worth while for the old clerks to continue to serve by raising their maximum salary.

INTERVIEW WITH ALI BROTHERS.—Mr. K. F. Mehta, alluding to Mr. Khatri's account of the restrictions placed by jail authorities on interviewing the Ali Brothers, asks how the English would feel if English ladies were asked to talk in the vernacular with their husbands who happen to be prisoners in the jails of Indian States?

THE SCINDIA S. N. CO.—Mr. K. Krishnaswamy Rao, Mysore, wants more information about the affairs of the Scindia S. N. Co. than the Directors choose to give to the public. He also wants to know why the "Loyalty's" name is not at all seen in any of the lists of steamer arrivals or departures. He says that there are strong complaints against the management of the Company and that the Directors would do well to take a timely warning and rectify matters.

BOMBAY'S DIRTY ROADS.—"Public Health" complains that heaps of refuge lie half-way on the Khetwady Main Road rotting for days together.

BOMBAY TELEPHONE CO.—"Cognisance" tells us that a young fitter of the Bombay Telephone Co. was compelled to resign his post, as he was fined Rs. 5-8-0 by the Company for his fault of having had to use a hand-hammer, while carrying on the necessary repairs to the telephone apparatus in a gentleman's house who would not bear the noise.

INDIAN OVERSEAS TRADE.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

CALCUTTA, July 21.

The following monthly figures of Indian Overseas trade are issued by the Director-General of Commercial Intelligence, Calcutta, for the month of June 1922:—

Total imports of private merchandise and private treasure Rs. 20,90 lakhs.

Total exports of private merchandise and private treasure Rs. 19,61 lakhs.

Net Adverse balance of trade including enfaced rupee paper against India Rs. 1.11 lakhs.

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MAHATMA GANDHI'S JAIL EXPERIENCES TOLD BY HIMSELF
A specimen page from the book
—I WISH—
That the results of the perusal of these experiences would be that he who knows not what patriotism is would learn it and after doing so become a passive resister, and he who is so already, would be confirmed in his attitude. I also get more and more confirmed that he who does not know what patriotism or feeling for one's country is does not know his true duty or religion.
M. K. GANDHI.

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THE BOMBAY CHRONICLE.
Saturday, July 22, 1922.

ROMANTIC DIPLOMACY.

We should like to know the real reason why Col. Lawrence has resigned his post in the Middle East Department of the Colonial Office, for the reason given in the telegram we published yesterday—that "there has been no British casualty in Palestine, Arabia or in the Arab Provinces of Iraq for the last eighteen months and for long there has been no outbreak of any kind"—seems hardly adequate except upon the supposition that Col. Lawrence, a notoriously modest man, has suddenly fallen a victim to intense conceit and imagines himself a kind of *deus ex machina* whose energies should be reserved for crises only. Col. Lawrence's love for the Arabs is sincere. It is no fault of his that he is in love with the wrong sort of Arabs. His work was with the Arab adherents of England in the war, and in the passion of that time, like many other people, he lost sight of the fact that the Arabs who adhered to England were bad Arabs, being traitors to their faith and country. Even the fact that they took English gold from him, and took it greedily, did not open his eyes. The glamour of a life on horseback in the open air and under romantic conditions, which surrounds the whole adventure, no doubt had its influence upon a man still youthful.

We do not blame Col. Lawrence in any way, but the fact remains that his love of Arabs happens to be focussed on the worst characters among the Arabs of the Turkish Empire. To betray one's King and Country in the service of [illegible] a virtue, and even duplicity ran of [illegible] reckless [illegible] with much [illegible] ings of the Arabs [illegible] (which we knew did not) [illegible] told of England's purpose [illegible] pate them (which we always do[illegible] Col. Lawrence undoubtedly believe[illegible] h in the noble yearnings of the A[illegible] and in England's purpose aforesaid. He rode among the riff-raff of marauding Bedu, dressed in wonderful attire, the only man in all that company (as we believe) whose soul possessed a spark of "Arab" patriotism. He was honestly indignant, when the promises of England to his Arab friends were broken after the war, when his particular group of rogues (as we should put it) failed to get all that had been covenanted as the price of the betrayal of their Faith and Country. Col. Lawrence did not think of it, of course, in that way. He thought of the Turks as oppressors and of the Arabs of Hejjaz as suffering people who had nobly earned their right not only to independence but also to empire; and again, among the Arabs, he was the only man who thought in that way. He served his Arab comrades with the greatest loyalty. Was it not he who at the Paris Conference did everything for the Amir Faisul even to the interpreting into French of the remarks in Arabic of one who, having been educated in Constantinople, was not ignorant of the Parisian dialect? It was no doubt in the hope of being able to be of service to his friends that Col. Lawrence accepted that position in the Colonial Office which he is now resigning. He has seen King Faisul set upon the throne of Mesopotamia, the Amir Abdullah lording it in the wild lands beyond the Jordan. But Syria is still in the hands of the French. Palestine is still barricaded from the rest of Syria, to become a Jewish national home. Is it despair of liberating those two countries which has impelled him to resign?

We may be wronging him, but we imagine that their liberation would not satisfy him, unless some free-booting Emir from the Hejjaz were made to benefit by the event. As we said at first, his sympathy, like England's war-time favour, has been given to the bad characters of the Turkish Empire, whom the law-abiding Arabs do not love; and now there is a great wave of pro-Turkish sentiment in all those countries, which has carried with it even the Hejjazi Arabs, who now lament quite openly their folly in succumbing to the menaces and bribes of England. There never was a genuine demand for independence of the Arabs; the sufferings of the Arabs under Turkish rule, their noble longing for emancipation from the Turkish yoke, never existed in reality, and were never honestly believed by anyone who ever came in contact with the Arabs, except Col. Lawrence. There is an Arabic proverb: "To lie is the salt of a man. The shame is to him who believes." Does Col. Lawrence still believe, or is he shamed?

NEO-LLOYD GEORGISM.

Mr. Lloyd George in mail week was very effusive. The occasion was the "Mazzini celebration" by the London branch of the Lega Italiana and the incentive was the presence of Signor Schanzer, the Italian Foreign Minister. The spur, perhaps, was the gigantic failure of Genoa and the impending disaster of the Hague. In these circumstances he delivered a fine oration on the life of Mazzini which would have taken rank among the masterpieces of Burke, Sheridan or Fox but for tha transparent hollowness of the sentiments. Mr. George has a peculiar knack of pitching his voice to the gallery and the long string of superlatives which he used in praise of Mazzini must have left a deep impression on the emotional hearts of his Italian audience. In estimating the work of Mazzini and his contribution to the world, Mr. Lloyd George said that he was "the Prophet of Free Nationality," who "*did not believe in building nations upon the ruins of another nation*" (italics ours). But what has Mr. Lloyd George himself been doing? In his new Christian mood, to which we alluded the other day, he is trying to build a heterogeneous Christian nation in the Balkans upon the ruins of the Turkish. The Turk, according to Mr. George and his Christian Allies, is an "oppressor" and deserves to be turned out of Europe to make room for the clever but congenial "rogue" of Christian Greece. "That great idea of the brother[illegible]tions," Mr. Lloyd [illegible] observ[illegible] [illegible]hing for a brotherhood [illegible] t we forget that he was only retailing his great idea for the special behoof of his Italian audience, especially the Italian Foreign Minister, whose friendship he is much in need of to save himself from international obloquy. The "Chequers Soviet" is noted for its quibbling and pious sentiments and we need not take such ideas as "brotherhood of nations" or practical Christianity very seriously. Mr. George further said, with ineffable self-complacency, that the present was Mazzini's "Age of the People." How? The Welshman says that the oppressed races of Turkey have been emancipated—and Turkey herself might be enslaved in the process?—and the glittering imperial fabric reared by Bismarck is humbled in the dust. Does he interpret the "Age of the People" to mean the age of the Christian Jingoes and Imperialists and the oppression of non-Christian peoples? Or again, does Mr. Lloyd George mean by "the Age of the People" the age of undiluted bureaucracy in India which his Government might wink at without a ruffle of their Mazzinian serenity? Further, the British Premier admires the ideals of "Faith, Principle, Duty" which Mazzini set before the world. Then why in the name of consistency did Mr. George connive at his Imperialist agents in India putting in prison a man who preached the same ideals with greater strength of conviction and feeling? Poor, deluded Mr. George, carried away by the exuberance of his own verbosity! We pity his cunning in seeking to impose upon the world by fine phrases and pious adoration of the great exponent of national liberty, who preached in his day what Mahatma Gandhi has been preaching in his day with greater fervour.

Notes of the Day

Cooperators' Paradise

Under the "Reforms" Scheme the Standing Joint Committee on Indian Affairs, composed of members from both Houses of Parliament, was supposed to act as guardian of India's interests against the erratic excursions of the Indian Government or the Secretary of State, and worthily has it maintained the *spirit* of the "Reforms." The latest instance of its solicitude for Indian interests is the "desire" of the Committee "to make it clear that it does not recommend any further reduction in the size of the British army in India." The report of the Committee says that before coming to the present conclusion, it had the advantage of the attendance of the Secretary of State on three occasions and put many questions to him. Verily, this is an advantage on which the Committee should be congratulated with all the warmth of starving India. It is considered that the whole question should be exhaustively explored with a view to ascertaining what reductions in military expenditure may be found practicable and consistent with security. In the meanwhile the sleeping dogs may evidently lie and be merry! Though it sheds a riverful of crocodile tears about the serious financial position of India, the Committee, "in the absence of authoritative information", is not inclined to touch a single British soldier. It sees that the expenditure in India for British troops in 1921-22 was 16 crores 81 lakhs compared with 7 crores 32 lakhs in 1913-14 and still, without being prepared to reduce the strength of this military incubus, it naively suggests that retrenchment in all possible directions is imperative. Perhaps Imperialist Jingoes consider that reduction of the military burden does not come within the category of possibilities. They could, if they liked, try their hand at education, sanitation and other departments of public weal. Before "security" of the—Empire or the people?—these matters should not be given precedence, they argue, and without consulting the authorities concerned they coolly give increases to the soldiers which have to be paid by their too willing agents. Indeed, we are having a fine time of it in the Cooperators' paradise—reckless waste on one side and heart-rending starvation on the other.

Retributive Justice?

Not long ago, we had occasion to describe some of the official methods by which the unfortunate citizens of Malegaon are being almost ground out of their lives. It may be that the local officials are out for dealing out retributive justice because about fifteen months ago there was a momentary conflagration in the town, resulting in the death of a Police Sub-Inspector [illegible] constab[illegible] the[illegible] and Hindus—and the [illegible] had nothing to do with the disturbance—have been singled out for persecution. Since we wrote last on the subject, we have been furnished with an account of the further developments, which leaves little doubt as to what the officials, rightly or wrongly, intend. We are informed that 1st July 1922 had been fixed for the payment of the first instalment of the fine that is being levied on the citizens at large—except a few official proteges or some select individuals—for defraying a generous award of compensation. The Mamlatdar of Malegaon called the merchants together at the *chavdi* and told them that the amounts payable by them should be paid into his *Cutcheri* before 12 noon on 1st July, and that no payments would be accepted after that hour. Some merchants paid the instalments and others made default.

Iniquitous Exactions.

The account then proceeds:—

"On Monday the 3rd July 1922 the Mamlatdar of Malegaon accompanied by a party of about 50 other persons, including the Assistant Police Superintendent, a police party, Patil Kulkarni, clerk and Mahar came to attach the property of persons who made defaults in payments of the above instalments. They came to the house of a merchant named Haji Madu Bechu who has to pay more than Rs. 800 as income-tax. All property in his shop including carpets, clock, seating, beds and takkyas, etc., was seized and taken to the Kacheri. Notice of recovery of Rs. 28,000 (i.e., three times the annual sum of Rs. 9,300 assessed in his case) recoverable in one sum on account of his failure to pay the instalment according to the Collector's order abovesaid was served upon him. For purposes of recovery of the amount of Rs. 28,000 all his immoveable property is attached and advertised for sale which is to take place by public auction on 11th August, 1922, and he has thus been reduced to perpetual beggary." This Haji Madu Bechu is a very, very old man, who was among the accused in the Riot case, and if we remember rightly was acquitted after having been kept in custody until the close of the arguments in the Sessions Court at Nasik. One of his sons, who was also an accused, was convicted by the Sessions Judge, and before the appeal in the case could come up before the High Court, died in prison. Maddu Bechu, along with others among his fellow accused, was virtually ruined as the result of a prolonged prosecution and of having to defray the expenses of defence. We are further informed that, except the 57 persons who are to receive compensation, others who are merchants in the town have closed their business and utter demoralisation has taken hold of the town. Further, the merchants, in order to be freed from the iniquitous exactions, intimated to the Collector of Nasik that they have ceased to do yarn and *sari* business but the latter has refused to pay heed to the fact and is insisting that the merchants, whether they do business or not, must pay the amounts demanded of them, notwithstanding that the amounts assessed were payable on the transactions that were to be effected during the year. The merchants submitted a memorial to the Governor but no relief was forthcoming from that quarter. On these methods and on the nature of the compensation awarded we have much to say which we shall reserve for another occasion.

Lenin Dead?

Reuter has promoted Lenin from dangerous illness to death. The clever arrangement by which news concerning Lenin is spread, specially on such psychological occasions as the Genoa Conference and the Hague Conference is amusing and deceives no one who is conversant with the propaganda carried on by the Allied caucus to create panic in their enemies' camps. But will the death of Lenin save the Hague and prolong the life of Mr. Lloyd George as the halting leader of an invertebrate Coalition?

"Cooperation in Central Provinces."

We publish elsewhere a letter from Mr. R. R. Jayavant taking exception to some of the sentiments expressed by us in the article on "Cooperation in Central Provinces" which appeared in these columns last week. It is necessary, in the first place, to point out that our article was not an independent review of the Report of the Committee on Cooperation in the Central Provinces but a brief examination of a contribution on the subject which appeared in the last issue of the "Bombay Cooperative Quarterly." Naturally, therefore, we did not think it necessary to enter into detailed arguments in regard to the recommendations of this Committee of Inquiry, but contented ourselves with warning those interested in the cooperative movement in this country of a danger which threatened two organizations in the Central Provinces, and might, in course of time, spread to other provinces. As the Secretary of the Committee of Inquiry, it is natural that Mr. Jayavant should stand by the proposal which it made, but some interesting correspondence we have received from the Cooperative Federation in the Central Provinces and Berar goes to show that the views we supported are approved by a large number of non-official cooperative workers in that province and outside, and that we were not misled into a false position by a cursory perusal of the article in the "Cooperative Quarterly."

Defects of G[illegible]

[illegible] cause if the requisite t[illegible] is not available in the [illegible] no mistake committed [illegible] individual shareholde[illegible] will be interesting to k[illegible] and his colleagues did co[illegible] construction of their Provin[illegible] the lines suggested in our a[illegible] whether they discussed any such p[illegible] with the present shareholders and dire[illegible] of that Bank. The next point Mr. Jayavant makes is that Government did not exculpate themselves, as was suggested in our article, but that the Committee criticized Government for appointing a junior officer as Registrar who failed to take action when the fluid resource was being depleted. Mr. Jayavant, however, misses the main point of our criticism, which was that if cooperative banking was to progress on sound lines it was essential that Government should realize the absurdity of an individual officer, howsoever gifted, being made responsible for the observance of business methods. Government should loosen their strings of control so that cooperative banks may flourish as independent organisms, unfettered by rigid rules and restrictions. In the concluding paragraph of his letter, Mr. Jayavant pleads that cooperation being a transferred subject, we should be prepared to invest the Minister with wider powers of control. Apart from the fact that his Committee recommend the conferring of wider controlling authority not on the Minister but on the Registrar, Mr. Jayavant does not realize that the cooperative form of socio-economic organization seeks to set up a State within a State, and that in no country has the movement truly prospered under the aegis of the Central State. In any case, Mr. Jayavant will pardon us if we refuse to be taken in by his views of Ministerial "powers and responsibilities" under the new "dispensation."

Municipal Constitution.

The debate on Mr. Joseph Baptista's proposition in the Municipal Corporation on Thursday last occupied two hours, and the proposition was fully discussed by members of all shades of opinion and ultimately lost. We do not think Mr. Baptista is sorry for it; for the discussion has at least achieved the purpose which he and his supporters had in mind, viz., to pave the way for a more democratic Municipal constitution in the immediate future and to impress upon the powers-that-be that though the new constitution under the Municipal Bill has been endorsed by the Select Committee and may be embodied in the law of the land shortly, it is still behind the times so far as the civic aspirations of the public are concerned. That some Die-hards should still hanker after nominations by Government lest they might be ousted by the rate-payers only shows that there is still some fragment of slave mentality left in the Municipal Corporation, which it has to shake off before it can become a full-fledged democratic institution.

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...VERSES.

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...IONAL TROOPS ENTER WATERFORD CITY.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, July 21.

The national troops have entered Waterford City and occupied the barracks and the Post Office.

The Irregulars are retreating to the south.

Hitherto fifty of them have been taken prisoners.

NATIONAL TROOPS CAPTURE IRREGULARS' STRONGHOLDS.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM).
LONDON, July 21.

After a way-long bombardment, the national troops crossed the river Suir on lighters and ferry-boats on Wednesday night, two miles to the south-east of Waterford. They surprised a sleeping garrison in the County Club and passing through the holes in the walls seized the garrisons of the adjacent Adelphi and Imperial Hotels and other strongholds, which were captured without a shot being fired. Explosions of the mines laid by the Irregulars completed the destruction of the cavalry and infantry barracks which the Irregulars had previously set on fire.

A number of civilians searching in the smouldering debris were killed.

FAILURE OF LABOUR PEACE MOVE.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM).
LONDON, July 20.

The Labour Party's peace move has failed. Only eleven Labour Members attended the general conference of their Parliamentary members which was summoned for this morning, and the conference was therefore abandoned.

PASSPORT TO SIR CHARLES TOWNSHEND.

ALLEGED VIOLATION OF PLEDGE.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM).
LONDON, July 20.

In the House o Commons, Mr. Harmsworth stated at question time to-day, that Sir Charles Townshend left Beirut on 17th July with the intention of going to Angora. This was a violation of the pledge that he would not go to Turkey while the negotiations with Greece were in progress. A passport marked "Not valid in Turkey" had been issued to Sir Charles Townshend after he had started taking a cure at Carlsbad.

INTER-ALLIED DEBTS.

BRITISH PROPOSAL.

ENTHUSIASTIC U. S. COMMENTS.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM).
LONDON, July 20.

In connexion with the report which has been widely published and enthusiastically commented upon in America, that Britain proposed reduction in reparations payments, and offered in return to remit debts due to her, Reuter learns that much satisfaction is felt in British official circles at the view expressed by the American Press regarding the British Government's attitude. Government favours a comprehensive solution of the problem of European indebtedness, including both the question of inter-Allied debts and ex-enemy reparations, but further announcements are unlikely until the Gurantees Committee has reported to the Reparations Commission.

SYMBOL OF "ANGLO-FRENCH BROTHERHOOD."

UNVEILING OF DOVER PATROL MEMORIAL.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM).
LONDON, July 21.

Calais.—At the unveiling of the Dover Patrol Memorial at Sangatte, the French Minister of Marine said there was nothing in the naval history equalling the valour and self-sacrifice of the Dover Patrol, the monument to which would ever remain an eloquent and pathetic symbol of the Anglo-French Brotherhood in Arms.

EMPIRE DEVELOPMENT UNION.

NEW ASSOCIATION TO DEVELOP EMPIRE TRADE.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM).
LONDON, July 20.

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AGREEMENT REACHED

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM).
LONDON, July 20.

Berlin.—Following the recent co-operation between the two sections of the Socialist Party, the Democrat, the Centre, and the People's Parties have reached a common working agreement with the object of stablishing and consolidating the foreign and Home policy on the basis of the existing Republican Constitution.

STRIKE ON RHINE STEAMERS.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, July 20.

Rotterdam.—River navigation between Holland and Germany has been entirely held up owing to the strike on all Rhine steamers and tugs due to the wage dispute.

REPARATIONS QUESTION.

SUB-COMMISSION FORMED.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM).
LONDON, July 21.

Berlin.—The Committee of Guarantees, which was despatched to Germany to investigate the affairs on behalf of the Reparations Commission, has formed a sub-commission dealing with the revenue and expenditure, the flight of capital and statistics. It has also stipulated that Germany henceforth shall supply regular information regarding the revenue and expenditure, while the Ministry of Finance must establish a central mobile control service, the working of which will be supervised by the Committee.

The German Government has signified its acceptance of the measures as not infringing the German sovereignty.

EDITOR CHARGED WITH DEFAMATION.

(FROM A CORRESPONDENT.)
NAUSHAHRO, July 20.

Sjt. Mansing Choohar Mal, Secretary, Sahiti District Congress Committee and Editor, "Shakti" a local National weekly, was arrested yesterday on charge defamation of the local head Munshi of the Taluka office, who had fined two piquets on charge of obstruction. The case will be proceeded with in the sub-divisional Magistrate's Court on the 31st instant at Nawabshah.

PROPERTIES IN RUSSIA.

FINAL DECISION OF THE HAGUE CONFERENCE.

REPORT OF LENIN'S POISONING DENIED.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, July 21.

The Hague.—The final act of the Conference was the adoption of a resolution by all the Governments, including the United States, agreeing not to assist their nationals to acquire properties in Russia which had been confiscated from other nationals, without the latter's consent.

The earlier resolution was designed to leave the door open to the Russian Government to resume negotiations elsewhere, but M. Litvinoff, in an interview, expressed the opinion that it was no longer necessary to forward to Moscow the proposals regarding debts and foreign property since there would be nobody left at the Hague to receive a reply.

M. Litvinoff denied the report that M. Lenin had been poisoned.

SOUTH AFRICAN UNION.

REFERENDUM ABOUT ENTRY OF S. RHODESIA.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, July 20.

Following on negotiations in Capetown between the directors of the Chartered Company and the Union Government regarding the terms which could be accepted by the Chartered Company in the event of Southern Rhodesia's deciding to enter the Union at the forthcoming referendum, the Chartered Company has called a special meeting on 28th July to confirm the arrangements.

General Smuts' arrangemnt provides that, in return for the surrender of its rights over unalienated land, railways, public buildings and so forth, the Charterd Company shall receive a sum of £6,836,500 sterling, the Chartered Company however, shall retain the whole of its mineral and commercial rights and interests and the whole of its investments in concerns other than railways. The Crown has waived all claim against the Chartered Company with regard to mili-...diture incurred during ...

A confe... federation in Blackpool has decided not to terminate the national wage agreement, but it will endeavour to secure immediate assistance for workmen. The decision is contrary to what was expected, in view of the depression of the industry which has nullified the profit-sharing part of the agreement.

JUBILEE OF EASTERN TELEGRAPH COMPANIES.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM).
LONDON, July 19.

The jubilee of the incorporation of the Eastern Association Telegraph Companies will be celebrated in brilliant fashion in the Botanic Society's gardens in Regent's Park on 24th July. The banquet will be attended by diplomats, Cabinet ministers, and representatives of industries, science and art. The reception will be followed by entertainments given by well-known artistes, including Karsavina, the Cellist Suggia Margaret, Morris' dancers and many celebrities of the variety stage. There will also be an open air kinematograph performance and lawn tennis exhibitions by artificial light by eminent players.

A STEAMER COLLISSION.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, July 21.

An S. O. S. signal has been received from the New Zealand liner Remuera which has been in collision with an unknown steamer twelve miles south of Bolt Tail.

A later wireless message from the Remuera reports that her life-boats are at present not being required, and she is heading slowly for Plymouth. The steamers Goodwin and the Minnedosa, which are in the vicinity, are proceeding to the Remuera's assistance.

(Bolt Tail is the cape, in the S. E. of Devonshire, England.)

LATER.

PORTLAND REACHED.

In response to the summons from the liner "Remuera", tugs were despatched from Weymouth and Portland, and found the "Remuera" outward bound twenty miles off Portland Bill, damaged in three holds with the pumps going. The "Remuera" reached Portland under her own steam, and passengers were landed at Weymouth. The collision occurred in a fog.

WANTED REAL REFORMS.

"REMOVE GROUNDS FOR DISTRUST"

SIR SIVASWAMY AYER ON INDIAN SITUATION.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM).
LONDON, July 21.

Speaking at a reception given last night by Lady Lutyens, Sir Sivaswamy Ayer discussed the Indian situation and urged that the hands of the constitutional party which he represented should be strengthened by removing any legitimate grounds for distrust of the Indian Government, which non-co-operators sought to foment and by convincing the people of the sincerity of the Indian Government in its desire to forward autonomy. Delay in such, matters, said Sir Aiyer, as delay in the carrying out of the resolutions of the Legislative Assembly for the reorganising of the army and reducing its cost, would seriously shake the faith even of the Moderate party and would render their task harder.

Sir Aiyer suggester the appointment of a small committee to find out defects in the working of the Reforms scheme and to propose remedies. Indians were more and more coming to regard the Indian Government as their own Government and to ask that the men on the spot should be trusted. They felt they were up against not the bureaucrats of Simla and Delhi, but those of Whitehall and Downing-street.

INDIAN DUTY ON MOTOR CARS.

PROTEST IN COMMONS.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, July 20.

In the House of Commons replying to Mr. Davies who suggested that the Indian Government's thirty per cent duty on British motor cars had practically killed the British motor trade to India, Lord Winterton said he thought that as the duty was only raised last March, it was too early to form a considered judgment on the result. He pointed out that the increased rate was introduced purely for revenue purposes and the Indian Government was doubtless carefully watching its effects.

CONFERMENT OF HONOURS.

...CNEILL'S REGRET.

...s TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, July 21.
...Commons to-day Mr. ... that he unreserved-...ent made by Lord ...llegations he had ...ction with the ... sincerely ...one Lord Forres an in-

...egard to Lord Waring, Mr. ...ll said he had nothing to withdraw, ...r Lord Waring had only contradicted something which he (McNeill) had not said. He had stated that the debenture-holders and the shareholders in Lord Waring's original company had lost their capital and had not received any of the fortune made in war-time. It was no answer, declared Mr. McNeill, to say that the shareholders in the new company shared in the war fortune, and he emphasised that he expressly admitted that the loss of capital was due to misfortune or bad management, and nothing was more reprehensible.

MINERS' STRIKE IN U. S.

TROOPS REQUISITIONED.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, July 21.

Washington.—The Governors of Pennsylvania and Ohio have called out troops for duty in the coal-fields. The former has issued a proclamation calling upon all citizens to cooperate in the effort to produce coal and avert a national disaster and preserve law and order.

The Governor of Ohio has ordered the troops, already mobilised, to proceed immediately to the mining districts. The soldiers are already entraining for Cadiz, where it is reported that hundreds of miners are gathering preparatory to the marching on mines.

DELAY IN NORTH POLE EXPEDITION.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, July 21.

Seattles.—The departure of the aeroplane, in which the Arctic explorer, Captain Amundsen, will try and fly over the North Pole from Point Barrow, has been delayed owing to Capt. Amundsen's ship, the "Maud", being held up in the ice while *en route* to Point Barrow from Nome.

MESSRS. MONTAGU'S SILVER REPORT.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, July 20.

Messrs. Montagu's weekly report on the silver market says: "Continued weakness has been shown by China Exchanges and sales have been made from that quarter as well as on account of America. Support has not at all been eager, being mostly composed of bear covering. Although news as to the Monsoon is as a whole encouraging, it is too soon for wholehearted buying from India, hence prices have been inclined to be retrograde."

MAHATMAJI IN JAIL.

PRIVILEGE OF INTERVIEWS.

TO STOP ON PUBLICATION.

JAIL SUPERINTENDENT'S WARNING.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)
AHMEDABAD, July 21.

Mr. Maganlal Gandhi, who was one of the party that visited Mahatma Gandhi in jail, writing in "Young India" states that when the Mahatmaji heard of the Jail Superintendent's warning at the close of the interview that nothing whatever concerning the interview should be published or no more visits should be allowed, the Mahatji said that he left it to the visitors to decide whether he should lose the privilege of future interviews. The interview now having been published, says Mr. Maganlal Gandhi, Mahatmaji now stands in danger of being deprived of periodical visits from his friends and relations.

INTERVIEW WITH MAHATMA.

HAKIMJI'S APPLICATION REJECTED.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)
POONA, July 21.

Hakim Ajmalkhan while at Poona applied for permission for himself, Pandit Motilal Nehru and Dr. Ansari to interview Mahatma Gandhi in jail, and made it perfectly clear in his application to the Inspector-General of Prisons that the interview was to be purely friendly, and no politics would be discussed.

The Inspector-General in reply stated, he regretted the request could not be granted as prisoner having had an interview lately was not entitled to another now.

PRINTING TRADE DEADLOCK.

INDUSTRIAL COURT'S AWARD REJECTED,

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, July 20.

A stoppage of the whole printing trade in the provinces is threatened as a result of the action taken by the Typographical Association in taking a ballot, which has rejected the award of the industrial court over the question of reduction in wages.

Sir David Shackleton, Permanent Secretary of the Ministry of Labour, told the joint industrial council at which attempts to reach an agreement failed that the Association's repudiation of the award struck at the very roots of the wages negotiations, and the Ministry of Labour would take no further part in the matter.

...BISLEY SHOOTING.

DR. KELLY WINS KING'S MEDAL.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, July 20.

At Bisley, Doctor Kelly of North London won King's Bronze Medal, Scotland with 947 points captured Mackinnon Cup. England scored 9,38 and Canada 8,55. Sergeant Rowland of North Staffords won Prince of Wales' prize of £100 sterling.

IMPORTED HORSEHAIR.

DANGER OF CONTRACTING ANTHRAX.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)
LONDON, July 20.

The danger of contracting anthrax when dealing with imported horsehair and the difficulty experienced in the matter of disinfection was emphasised by Doctor Legge of the Home Office, while giving evidence at an inquest. He pointed out that the danger came from countries in which no precautions were taken in the case of animals dying from anthrax, such as Russia, Asia, Southafrica and Persia. There was no danger from Australasia and Canada, but it was safe to assume that not a single bale of hair from China was free from anthrax.

COMPENSATION FOR CIVIL SERVANTS.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM).
LONDON, July 20.

Replying to Sir T. Bennett, Lord Winterton said that financial conditions hitherto had rendered it impossible for the Indian Government to compensate members of the Civil Service on account of the fluctuation in the exchange value of the rupee, but the question would not be lost sight of.

PANDIT NEHRU RETURNS TO BOMBAY.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)
POONA, July 21.

Pandit Motilal Nehru is going back to Bombay for two days as his daughter-in-law, Mrs. Jawaharlal has to undergo a serious operation. He will join the committee after their enquiry at Bijapur and will be at Madras on the 25th instant.

SENSATION IN GODHRA SUB-JUDGE'S ...COURT.

A Godhra correspondent wires that great discontent prevails in the local Sub-Judge's Court, owing to the reported assault on the Shirestedar, Mr. Bhaskarrao R. Pradhan. The District Judge has been wired to come over to the place.

PEOPLE OF THE NEAR EAST.

ALBANIANS AND ARMENIANS.

II*

(BY MARMADUKE PICKTHALL).

The origin of the Albanians (in Albanian *Skipetari*, in Turkish *Arnauts*) is lost in antiquity. They are probably the oldest race in Europe, possibly aborigines. Some authorities consider that they are the "Pelasgians", whose identity has always puzzled Greek historians, and it is more than likely that the Myrmidons who followed Achilles to the siege of Troy were of this race. Thanks to their mountain strongholds they have kept their nationality and their curious lanugage through the ages. The resistance which, under their chieftain Skanderbeg, they offered to the Turkish conquest earned them an undying name for bravery. Under the Turks they still retained a measure of independence, being treated generally as "allies" rather than subjects, as was the case with other warlike races in the Ottoman Empire. In the Balkans they became the chief support of Turkish rule, and their chief families provided some of the most capable officials of the Turkish Government both in Europe and in Asia. Mehemet Ali Pasha, Governor of Egypt, the ancester of the Khedives, who in 1831 rebelled successfully against the Sultan, was an Albanian.

Niazi Bey.

In Abdul Hamid's reign, when the Turks groaned beneath a tyranny surpassing any which they had before experienced, the hired bravoes of the high officials who oppressed the people were Albanians. Albanians played the part which had been played by the Janissaries in a former period of Turkish history, and thus acquired an evil name throughout the Empire. At the same time Albania was the first region to declare in favour of the Revolution in 1908, and the noblest hero of the Revolution, Niazi Bey, was an Albanian.

Revolt against young Turks.

Among the first reforms of the Young Turks was the suppression of the hired bravoes of the old regime, an act which caused dissatisfaction among the relatives of the said bravoes—half Albania, where the clan system is strongly developed. The Albanian mountaineers expected greater freedom as the result of the Revolution, which they had helped to make. They were proud of their separate nationality and language. And when the Young Turks in pursuance of their plan to unify the empire with a view to its defence against intriguers from without, attempted to impose upon them the Turkish language, at the same time seeking to disarm them, they rebelled and made a desperate resistance, but were overcome by Javid Pasha's army (1911). Their revolt broke out afresh, however, on the outbreak of the Balkan war; and it is chiefly owing to their disaffection that the Turks lost Janina and most of the territory which fell to Greece and Serbia.

Independent Albania.

...t though they were thus indebted to the Albanians for their easy conquest, the Balkan States were hostile to them, slaughtering them wholesale where they could, and announcing their intention to divide Albania up among themselves. The Albanians were thus forced to wage war against the Serbs and Greeks upon their own account, at the same time appealing to the Powers of Europe. Austria was friendly to their aspirations, and a Committee was formed in London to befriend them. In the end, the principle of an independent Albania was accepted by the Powers, and Albania as a sovereign State was traced upon the map. But the frontiers of Albania, as appointed by the Powers, were far from ethnographical. Large Albanian populations were handed over to the Serbs and Greeks; the frontier line was drawn so arbitrarily as to divide a village from its pasture lands, a mountain district from its market town. The consequence was discontent and local fighting.

An attempt to make of Albania a principality upon the plan which had proved successful in the case of other Balkan States by the appointment of Prince William of Wied as Prince of Albania (1914) failed utterly, because it took no account of the peculiar conditions of the country.

Religion and Population.

Albania consists of a number of clans and small communities, all claiming some degree of independence. The chieftains are extremely proud, and think themselves as good as any foreign prince. The only possible constitution for such a country would be something on the model of the Swiss Federation, in which every canton still remains a sovereign State and every commune is a small republic. Some seventy per cent of the Albanians are Mohammedans; the remainder being Christians, chiefly Roman Catholics. The population is a little over 2,000,000.

ARMENIANS.

The country called in ancient times Armenia and still inhabited by Armenians to a large extent is now divided between Russia, Persia and Turkey, but the Turkish portion is the larger and politically the more important though containing less Armenians at the present day. It extends diagonally from Mount Ararat in the North-east near the Russian frontier to Adana in the South-west near the Mediterranean. The Ararat region is known as Greater, the Adana region as Lesser Armenia. But this great stretch of country is not inhabited by Armenians only. Indeed in most districts the Armenians form the minority of the population, the majority being Mohammedans.

(Continued on next page.)

* The first article appeared in our yesterday's issue.

INDIANS ABROAD.

"UNITE REGARDLESS OF DIFFERENCES."

MR. POLAK ENTERTAINED.

A farewell entertainment in honour of Mr. Henry S. L. Polak was given yesterday morning by the Servants of India Society at its headquarters in Girgaon in the presence of large and representative gathering. Mr. Polak delivered a very interesting speech on the "Position of Indians Overseas." In the course of his speech he appealed to Indians regardless of their political differences unite on the question of the treatment that was being meted out to Indians abroad.

At the outset Mr. G. K. Deodhar in welcoming Mr. H. S. L. Polak said it was hardly necessary for him to introduce Mr. Polak to a Bombay audience, for he was their great friend devoting his time to the solution of the problem of Indians Overseas. The reason why they met there at the eleventh hour was that Mr. Polak was very busy in Bombay. They were aware of Mr. Polak's various services to India. He was carrying on a valient battle on behalf of their brethren abroad. That was the very cause in which they had to engage themselves as United India. Mr. Polak would be going back to England to-morrow and they met there that morning to wish him every success in his mission. They considered Mr. Polak as their brother. The late Mr. Gokhale was thinking of establishing a branch of the Servants of India Society in England mainly because of Mr Polak. Unfortunately that idea did not fructify. He did not like to detain them any longer because they were anxious to hear Mr. Polak. He, therefore, called upon Mr. Polak to address the meeting.

MR. POLAK'S SPEECH.

Mr. H. S. L. Polak, said that it was no new thing for him to be there in the Servants of India Society, for, he had come there before. There was a special reason for him to be there and that was that he could not refuse the invitation of the Chairman that morning. They might have noticed that in the course of his visit to India, which was almost of a private nature and in connection with his own profession, he was very careful in avoiding any public talk on controvertial political questions in India. The question of Indians Overseas was, to his mind not a controvertial subject So far as treatment to Indians was concerned there was unanimity on that question amongst Indians. In view of that fact his main business was to try and reconcile some of the existing differences amongst Indians because he was not a party man and did not ordinarily reside in India.

Continuing he asked what were the principles involved in the problem. He had always looked at this problem from two points of view; the first thing was the status of Indians, and the position of India was involved in this question of the treatment of Indians Overseas. He could not devise the status as some people appeared to do. The two points were quite undistinguishable and absolutely connected with each other. India was composed of people who were by tradition, by trade and by religion very different from most of the other people in the British Commonwealth. They had seen a development of British Commonwealth and from that point of view he found that the Self-governing Dominions had been credited with status of equality with the Mother Country. The whole problem was whether the same equality of status and the same dignity of Self-Government was to be conferred on India within the British Commonwealth; for he was one of those who held that it was only possible for India to be kept as such that was the view that he always look. At the present moment, he was not convinced that that quality was not realizable. He was not convinced that India was not a place nor a part in the British Commonwealth. He was not convinced that it was the purpose and intention either of His Majesty's Government or of the British Commonwealth to falsify the public pledges that they had made. He knew that a particular department of Imperial Government was endeavouring to do that. His Association in England of which he was the Secretary had knowledge day by day of what was happening to Indians Overseas. He, then, read out a telegram from Wellington appearing in the "Bombay Chronicle" with regard to the Fiji Government and said that the Governor of Fiji was merely an executive and administrative official of the Colonial Office. He was merely, as a matter of fact, a branch of the Colonial Office. The European settlers in Fiji were in a microscopic minority, while the population of Indians was 60 thousand in number. These European settlers owed their existence and prosperity to the labourerers of India who were being exploited by them and treated in a most shameful manner. He did not know of one single good thing of his countrymen in connection with the treatment meted out to the Indians. He exhorted them to fight their battle of equal citizenship for their countrymen abroad till the finish. (Hear, hear).

Continuing, he said, there were two aspects of the question. The first was the attitude and responsibility of the British Government and secondly, the attitude and responsibility of the Self-Governing Dominions. After describing the existing conditions prevailing in Kenya he said that the solution of problem did not lay in Fiji alone, but in London and especially in the Downing Street.

Speaking about Mr. Shastri, he said: He did not know how many of them understood the speeches delivered by Mr. Shastri in Australia. The criticisms levelled against the scrapy accounts of speech, Mr. Shastri were unjust. It was said that Mr. Shastri was representing the Government of India. He was invited to Australia and New Zealand for the purpose of giving effect to the principles and the application of the doctrine of equal citizenship in those freedom loving countries. It was with that purpose and that purpose only that Mr. Shastri had gone to Australia. He advised them to defer their strong criticisms until they heard Mr. Shastri on his return. (Hear hear).

Concluding, he appealed to Indians to study the questions affecting their countrymen Overseas. There were very few persons in India to-day who had really studied that question. It was the easiest thing to write violently about the question of Indians Overseas without making a proper and real study of it. He asked them to unite themselves. Co-operators or non-cooperators on that important question for the sake of their countrymen abroad. He was extremely grateful to them for having given him an opportunity to speak to them a few things. The real necessity of India, at present, was bridge-building and if they could be real bridge-builders, they would be able to serve their country in every possible manner. (Applause).

MR. SASTRI'S CRITICS.

Mr. Jamnadas Dwarkadas said their friend Mr. Polak had been spending the best years of his life in the service of Indians abroad. His speech, that morning, was a very illuminating one. He had answered the critics of Mr. Sastri who without knowing anything of the mission for which Mr. Sastri had been sent were making strong criticisms in season and out of season with a view to appeasing their partisanship. Mr. Polak's speech was the best answer to Mr. Sastri's critics.

Concluding he wished Mr. Polak a *bon voyage* and assured him that they would unite themselves on the important question of Indians Overseas. He, wished Mr. Polak every success in his mission. (Cheers).

After partaking of the refreshments the function of the morning came to a successful close.

INDIAN LEGISLATURE.

AGENDA FOR AUTUMN SESSION.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

SIMLA, July 19.

His Excellency the Governor-Genegal has fixed, Tuesday, the 5th September, 1922, as the date for commencement of the Autumn session of the Council of State and Legislative Assembly at Simla. There will be a joint meeting of both Houses on that date at 11 a.m. in the Assembly Chamber, when His Excellency will address the members. His Excellency has allotted five days to each Chamber for transaction of non-official business during the session. The Council of State has been allotted the 6th, 11th, 18th, 20th and 25th September and Legislative Assembly the 7th, 12th, 14th, 21st and 26th September, of which the first, third and fourth days will be devoted to resolutions and the second and last days to bills. In addition to the above allotment it has been provisionally arranged that there will be meetings of the Council of State and Legislative Assembly during the session for transaction of Government business on the following days:—Council of State—7th, 13th, 14th, 15th, 21st, 23rd, and 26th; Legislative Assembly—6th, 11th, 13th, 15th, 18th, 19th, 20th, 23rd, 25th and 27th.

BUSINESS FOR NEXT SESSION.

The following legislative measures will probably be brought forward during the ensuing session in addition to any others which may be found necessary to undertake, the dates mentioned being provisional:—The report of the Joint Committee on the Code of Criminal Procedure (amendment) Bill will be presented to the Council of State on the 6th September and the Bill will be taken into consideration on the 13th and passed by the Council, if possible, on the 14th idem. If the Bill is passed by the Council of State, it will be taken into consideration by the Assembly on the 18th and subsequent days and passed by that Chamber before the adjournment. The report of the Select Committee on Police (incitement to disaffection) Bill will be presented to the Assembly on the 6th September and the Bill will probably be taken into consideration and passed by that Chamber on the 15th September. It will thereafter be taken into consideration and passed by the Council of State on the 23rd September.

The following bills, which are introduced in the Legislative Assembly in the last session, will be referred to Joint or Select Committee on the 6th September and thereafter the reports of Committees will be taken into consideration and Bills passed by the Assembly on the 25th, 26th, 27th and 28th September, respectively:—(a) Indian Official Secrets Bill, (d) Cotton transport Bill, (c) Cantonment (house accomodation) Amendment Bill, (d) Criminal Tribes (Amendment) Bill. Of these bills, the last Bill if possible will taken into consideration and passed by the Council of State on the 23rd September. The Indian Extradition (Amendment) Bill, the Indian Museums (Amendment) Bill and the Press and Registration of Books (Amendment) Bill will be introduced in the Council of State on the 7th September and taken into consideration and passed by that Chamber on the 15th. Thereafter it is proposed that they will be taken into consideration and passed by the Assembly on the 27th September.

SMALLER MEASURES IN ASSEMBLY.

The Court Fees (Amendment) Bill, the Specific Relief (Amendment) Bill, the Parsi Marriage and Divorce (Amendment) Bill, the Indian Penal Code (White Slave Traffic) Bill, the Cotton Cess Bill, the Indigo Cess Bill, the Negotiable Instruments (Amendment) Bill and the Official Trustees and Administrators General (Amendment) Bill are all comparatively small measures which will be introduced in the Legislative Assembly on the 6th September and taken into consideration and passed by that Chamber on the 15th September. They will thereafter be taken into consideration and passed by the Council of State on the 23rd and 26th September. It is proposed to introduce the Racial Distinctions Bill at an early meeting of the Assembly and then to consider and pass it in the Assembly without reference to a Select or Joint Committee on the 13th September. If it is passed by the Assembly, it is hoped that the Bill may be taken into consideration and passed by the Council of State on the 23rd September. The Transportation Bill will be introduced in the Assembly on the 6th September and then circulated for opinion. The Workmen's Compensation Bill will be introduced in the Assembly on the 6th September and thereafter referred to a Joint Committee. The Indian Mines (Amendment) Bill and the All-India Steam Boilers Bill will be introduced in the Assembly on the 15th September and thereafter referred to Joint or Select Committees. The first term of the session will probably not extend beyond the 27th September.

It has been provisionally arranged that the second term should commence in Delhi on the 15th or 16th of November and terminated by about the 10th of December and that the third term should commence on or about the 10th of February and close at the end of March, 1923.

PEOPLE OF THE NEAR EAST.

(Continued from previous page.)

Kurds, Turks, Circassians and half-bred Arabs. The total number of Armenians in the Turkish Empire is estimated at a million and a half, of which some three hundred thousand inhabit the great towns outside Armenia, where they act as bankers merchants, lawyers, doctors and so forth, and are generally well-to-do, having earned a reputation for acute intelligence; while the Mohammedan population of the provinces included loosely in the term Armenians probably amounts to five times that number. The Armenians are an ancient nation famed in history. They do not call themselves Armenians, but "Hai", their country "Hayastan", the name being associated with Hai"k, a great grandson of Noah—the Ark rested on Mount Ararat—from whom they claim descent. However that may be, a king of Armenia, Tigranes I, maintained his independence against Cyrus the Great of Persia in the sixth century B. C.; and Tigranes II, of another dynasty (B. C. 90-55) raised Armania to the position of the most powerful state in Asia.

Armenian Church.

Armenia was the first State to embrace Christianity. The King, Tiridates, was baptized by St. Gregory the Illuminator, and the people, following his example, were converted *en masse*. In A. D. 552 the Armenian Church seceded from the Orthodox Eastern Church, adopting the heresy of Eutychus which teaches that the manhood of Christ was our common flesh but a divine creation, and ever since then they have possessed a separate Church with a peculiar ritual and hagiology and the head is a Catholicos or Oecumenical Patriarch residing at Echmiazin. three miles from Erivan. Of comparatively recent times a section of this Church has become "reconciled" to Rome. It goes by the name of the Armenian Catholic or Uniate Armenian Church.

Under the Turks.

Under the Turks who are bad men of business, the more intellient and enterprising of the Armenians rose to wealth and power as stewards, bankers, commercial agents and advisers. In [illegible] ties they earned a reputation [illegible] practice which has made [illegible] disliked by Europeans in [illegible] the great majority of the [illegible] be remembered, are still [illegible] interior of Asia Minor, [illegible] devout, contentious [illegible] warlike race. By [illegible] for mear neighbours [illegible] ancient race the Kurds, [illegible] liest times have looked on the [illegible] and their property as lawful prey, [illegible] the Scottish Highlanders of old regarded the industrious Lowlanders. It was only when the Turkish Government was strong enough to enforce peace by the presence of strong garrisons that the Armenian peasants had much peace from Kurdish raids and exactions. In the nineteenth century, a new cause of misery was added to their lot, the European Powers beginning to intrigue among them using them as a cat's paw in designs on Turkey; and the Armenian revolutionary societies have committed atrocities and put massacre in the forefront of their policy. The Turks are stern in repressing insurrection. An insurrection led to the so-called "massacre" of Armenians in 1895 under Sultan Abdul Hamid II.

Support to Turkish Revolution.

The Armenians were among the chief supporters of the Turkish Revolution of July 1908, when, among the many demonstrations of fraternity prayer was publicly offered up by the Mohammedans for the victims of the reprisals of 1895. Some of the most valued members of the Committee of Union and Progress—the Young Turk Organisation—were Armenians. In March 1909, the counter-revolution, organised by enemies of the Committee was marked by a massacre of Armenians in the district of Adana where an insurrection of the latter had been attempted.

In the Balkan War of 1912-13 many Armenians in the Turkish army distinguished themselves by their courage and resourcefulness. The Turks even go so far as to relate that the loyalty of an Armenian saved Constantinople. At the same time there were Armenians fighting on the other side.

In 1913 the Young Turk Government requested England to provide a number of inspectors to superintend reforms in Armenia where the situation had become extremely critical, owing to the Balkan War and the consequent weakening of the local garrisons on the one hand, and to Russian intrigue on the one other. The request, after being entertained for some four months by the British Government, was finally refused.

TRAIN ACCIDENT.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

BOMBAY, July 21.

Owing to an accident between Khardi and Oombermali G. I. P. Ry resulting in the main line being blocked, certain mail and passenger trains, both from and to Bombay, are being diverted *via* Dhond and Manmad line. Further advice will be issued as soon as possible.

CRUELTY TO ANIMALS.

DISCUSSION ON AMENDING BILL.

ENCROACHMENTS ON OPEN SPACES.

COUNCIL SESSION IN POONA.

(*From our Special Representative.*)

POONA, July 21.

The Legislative Council met to-day, Sir N. G. Chandavarker presiding.

After new members had been sworn in, questions were answered.

P. C. A. AMENDING BILL.

The first Bill to be taken up was the Amending Bill to the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals Act. It was thought desirable to prevent the starvation of animals as at present. There was nothing in the Act which specifically made it an offence to neglect to feed an animal. It was not possible to recover the cost of the treatment of an animal from the owner if it exceeded the value of the animal, but the Bill provided for that omission.

Hon. Mr. Hayward introduced the Bill, but Dr. Dadubhai Desai, Mr. Godbole and Mr. Sathe opposed it on the ground that it was an oppressive measure.

Mr. Dadubhai said it was one more instrument of making some more money out of the public.

Mr. G. K. Sathe said the standards of sufficiency of food, etc., depended on various individuals as the rich men in Bombay might have different standards from the poor men in the mofussil.

Mr. Purshottamdas supported it on general principles and did not think it would bring more money to Government coffers. It was churlish to say so, said the speaker.

Rao Bahadur S. D. Garud's grounds were the same as Rao Bahadur Sathe's.

Mr. J. Crerar, supporting the Bill, said the Bill was for the urban areas only and not for a general application, and he did not agree that a weapon of tyranny was placed in the hands of the police, or that it would be a new source of income to Government. The Act would be used very carefully under the supervision of the Magistrates.

When the Council assembled after recess discussion was proceeded with on the prevention of Cruelty to Animals Act Amending Bill.

While Mr. Jehangir Petit supported and also Sardar Dalal, on humanitarian principles, Mr. A. N. Susvi opposed as [illegible] sion, as he was [illegible] President's decision that the first reading was passed.

The result of the division was that fifty voted for the Bill, and twenty against.

The Bill was referred to a Select Committee which should report within one month.

Sir Ibrahim then introduced the Bill to amend Section 17 of the Matadars Act of 1887 providing that the majority votes of those Matadars only who were not disqualified, should be effective, as it was non-controversial.

The Bill was read the second and third time and adopted.

OPEN SPACES IN BOMBAY.

Hon. Mr. Hidayatullah then introduced the Bill to make provision for the management and control of certain open spaces in Bombay City.

Rao Bahadur Purshottamdas Desai said it was a good opportunity to express an opinion on the question, as it was thought that Government themselves were responsible for the misuse of open spaces. He complained that the land given to some of the Gymkhanas was taken away from them, thus making their lands unfit for playing cricket matches. The land occupied by the military was also not yet vacated. There was not a single good open space in the Indian quarter of the city, and he appealed to Government that the existing spaces should be preserved intact.

Mr. Ibrahim Haji said there were few open spaces in Bombay, and they should be made available for political demonstrations, as such use could not be called a misuse. They should be made available for labour demonstrations also during strikes. He also wanted them for the use of candidates to different elections.

OBJECT MISUNDERSTOOD.

Mr. E. M. Pross said the object of the Bill was misunderstood. It was only with a view to prevent spoiling the open spaces that the measure was brought forward. He complained that on many spaces 40 or 50 Parsis sat till midnight gambling, and Government wanted to prevent all that. Cattle also strayed into these spaces and spoiled the grass, etc.

Mr. Cowasji Jehangir said the ground of Gymkhanas was taken and also the footpaths for laying down the railway line. The Kennedy Sea-face footpath was the only promenade available to the people of Bombay, and they had been deprived of its use. He did not think the use of these places for political meetings was a misuse, as he was sure Mr. Haji's constituents would not injure these spaces.

Mr. Kanji Dwarkadas said it was not the first time that public spaces had been misused by Government. The Chowpatty Sands were allowed for political meetings, and the late Lokmanya Tilak was allowed to be cremated there.

Dr. Dadachanji supported, saying that gambling was going on these spaces every night and pedestrians spoiled the grass.

Mr. C. M. Gandhi said it was a novel bill as gamblers could easily be prevented by the police from gambling, and the cattle also prevented from grazing. Under the guise of the Bill, the Government was acquiring extra powers, he thought.

Mr. A. N. Surve opposed, as also Mr. Trivedi.

Closure was then moved by Mr. Kale.

Mr. Hidayatullah, reply, said industrial and political demonstrations had been allowed so far, and it was not proposed to stop them now.

The first reading was then passed, and it was referred to the Select Committee.

MUSEUM ACT AMENDMENT.

Mr. Paranjpye introduced the Bill to amend the Prince of Wales Museum Act, 1909. The Bill provided the addition of new Trustees, and the appointment of expert Trustees, etc. The same course was adopted regarding the Prince of Wales Museum Act Amending Bill for the appointment of additional Trustees.

Another small Bill about the same museum was introduced, also the Bill to the Karachi Vaccination Act transferring vaccination work to the Municipality, which was passed into law.

The Council then adjourned till to-morrow.

QUESTIONS AND REPLIES.

Nothing eventful happened in the Council to-day, except answering plain questions. The situation arose out of the deprivation of Mr. V. G. Joshi's pension after serving as an Educational Inspector, and the Government's circular prohibiting the purchase of the safes of Messrs. Godrej's for his support to the Tilak Swaraj Fund. Mr. Trivedi's questions about the deprival of Mr. Vinayakrao Joshi's pension caused same heart-searching to Mr. H. S. Lawrence. He could not say what was the specific condition of Article 351, Civil Service Regulations, signed against by Mr. Joshi. He wanted notice to tell members what particular condition it was.

In answer to further questions, he again changed his position, and the result was he could give no further information on the question.

The next question about the Godrej's safes completely floored Mr. Lawrence. He shifted from position to position, until he was nowhere. Asked whether the circular was really issued, Mr. Lawrence said Government had no further information to give.

Mr. Purshottamdas Thakoredas asked whether any effort was made to give public accurate versi[illegible] in the "Ba[illegible]

Again[illegible] inf[illegible] [illegible] pure waste of

[illegible]rivedi again asked to be told how [illegible] safes were bought during the last [illegible] years, and after due consultation, the answer was given that no further information was available as it was not on record.

Mr. D. J. Ferreira asked again whether circular was issued asking officers not to buy any more safes. The answer was that the circular was not, as indicated, that officers were not to buy the safes.

Mr. Gandhi asked to be informed the correct contents of the circular and Mr. Lawrence answered he had not the circular with him. Mr. Gandhi pressed further, asking whether the circular would be placed on the table to-morrow, and added it was a plain question.

Mr. Lawrence answered he had not got it with him, and it was in Bombay. He also wanted time to consider.

The President asked Mr. Gandhi to repeat the question on another day.

Mr. Kanji Dwarkadas asked what was it that Mr. Lawrence wanted to consider and the President said it was a pure waste of time and to economise time the President gave the constitutional history of the British Parliament and Cabinets in their various aspects, and resented his ruling being questioned.

RECAPITULATIONS.

An apparently innocent measure to prevent the starvation of animals evoked a good deal of discussion, as it was thought a new instrument of oppression and fetching more money out of the pockets of the public was being introduced. A point was also made if the rights of the public were being infringed by the new measure. But all those objections were disposed of by the defenders of the measure who said no cruelty against animals should be tolerated by the Council and that those who starved dumb animals to death should be adequately punished. The Bill was referred to the Select Committee. The next Bill was passed at one sitting as it was non-controversial and not very important. The Bill for provision management and the control of open spaces in Bombay created some discussion and a complaint was made that open spaces were misused by Government. It was also complained that Gymkhana ground was taken away, as also the Kennedy Sea-face footpath for laying down the railway line. In the end the Bill was referred to the Select Committee.

The Prince of Wales Museum Act Amending Bills were introduced and referred to the Select Committee.

The "Bombay Government Gazette" Extraordinary States that His Excellency the Governor is pleased to nominate Mr. Cowasji Jehangir (Junior), C. I. E., O. B. E., being a non-official, to be a Member of the Legislative Council of the Governor of Bombay vice Mr. J. Ghosal, C. I. E., I. C. S., resigned.

"THE IDEAL OF [illegible]

MR. POLAK'S [illegible]

Under the auspic[illegible] Brotherhood Mr. H[illegible] an interesting lec[illegible] at Servant of Ind[illegible] Ideal of Student[illegible] Chaudhury presid[illegible]

Pandit Chaudhr[illegible] Polak said that [illegible] of the sincere, [illegible] workers for th[illegible] and Indians abroad. [illegible] Polak will continue [illegible] for the good of [illegible] had shown up to [illegible] Polak was his old [illegible] the pleasure of his [illegible] guest while in Lahore [illegible] much impressed by his [illegible] for he behaved like a B[illegible] ter). His (Mr. Polak [illegible] simple, honourable and [illegible] hoped that the students [illegible] his good example and fol[illegible] He then called upon Mr [illegible] the students.

IDEAL OF BRO[illegible]

Mr. Polak addressing [illegible] it was not the first ti[illegible] vileged to address [illegible] Students' Brotherhoo[illegible] having addressed a[illegible] years ago and also [illegible] Coming to the subje[illegible] were all students. [illegible] Students Brotherho[illegible] with young men and [illegible] men and express in [illegible] of brotherhood. He [illegible] believed in this ideal [illegible] endeavoured to give s[illegible] of his belief. He f[illegible] it was not an easy d[illegible] difficult to shake ha[illegible] were not exactly of th[illegible] the first principle of [illegible] should all recognize t[illegible] sorts and conditions [illegible] who held quite differe[illegible] and with whom they s[illegible] brotherhood. They as [illegible] ancient sacred books t[illegible] things with each other [illegible] If they differed from othe[illegible] that they were essentiall[illegible] mutual interests coincided[illegible] did not pretend that he ha[illegible] ideal but he knew of one m[illegible] achieved that ideal, that [illegible] (speaker's) leader in South Af[illegible] whom he had the privilege t[illegible] He meant Mahatma Gandhi. [illegible] difficult to say to a man fro[illegible] differed that he [illegible] they be[illegible]

[illegible]ked to the ru[illegible] [illegible]nts of India Society they w[illegible] [illegible]em the ideal of civic life an[illegible] [illegible]pression of thought after honest[illegible] In other words, Mr. Gokhale set be[illegible] the country in politics and other matter[illegible] the ideal of studentship and brotherhood by service. Or let them take the life of Dadabhai Nowroji, or Mahatma Gandhi and study it carefully and they will find prolonged study, hard discipline, careful thought and refusal to speak until there had been a proper study and thought. They could not jump from a unrsery to a platform and become public men unless they had something to say and they could not say without proper study and thought. He (speaker) had seen reports of public meetings in India that those who differed from the views of the majority were not allowed to give expression of their views. In Western countries they did so, but that was no reason why they should do it in India where they had highest example of tolerance and essentials of brotherhood in their scriptures. He concluded by saying that whether they were going to become lawyers or doctors or officials or public servants it was wise that they should cultivate the habit of self-sacrifice. If they did so they would be rendering service to man and to God and when their time came to throw off the mantle they may rest in peace that whatever they had done, they had done with the object of doing good to their country.

The chairman in thanking Mr. Polak for his address to the students said Mahatma Gandhi was an old friend of Mr. Polak. It was the principle of Mahatma Gandhi that a man was not fit to serve unless he was prepared to make sacrifice. Mr. Polak's life too was one of service and sacrifice.

A vote of thanks to the chairman terminated the proceedings.

C. D. ENQUIRY COMMITTE IN POONA.

PUNDITJI'S EXHORTATION.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

POONA, July 21.

Hakim Ajmal Khan in reply to the Municipal address remarked that Lokmanya Tilak was the founder of Swaraj.

Pandit Motilal thanked them for the address and exhorted all to help the Congress Committee's work which was delicate.

The Committee commenced business at 2 p.m. and examined Mr. Kelkar for six hours.

Messrs. Bhopatkar Gokhale and others were examined till 12 noon to-day.

The Committee after examining Mr. Vaidya and others leaves for Bijapur.

A Calcutta message of July 21st says the jute mill strike situation remains unchanged except that three hundred and fifty weavers and spinners of Howrah Jute Mill, who had been on strike, resumed work unconditionally to-day.—(A. P.)

C. D. ENQUIRY COMMITTEE'S QUESTIONNAIRE.

MR. BHOPATKAR'S ANSWERS.

The following are some of the answers of Mr. L. B. Bhopatkar, member All-India Congress Committee to the Civil Disobedience Committee's questionnaire:—

Q.—Do you agree that the completion of the constructive programme is a question of years, and that we shall have to continue to work that programme even after we get Swarajya?

A.—So far as the first part of the question is concerned, my answer is in the affirmative; as regards the second part of the question, I am of opinion that some parts of the Constructive Programme will have to be worked out even after the attainment of Swarajya, e.g. in my judgment, it will take years to satisfactorily solve the problem of depressed classes, and to bring the Hindu society round to the right appreciation of the absolute necessity and advisability of changing its very basis, and to rear up a new and magnificient edifice upon the foundations of new ideas and ideals.

Q: Is your Province as a whole or in part ready to start Civil Disobedence? If so, whether individual or mass and defensive or aggressive?

A: Neither my Province as a whole nor any part of it is ready to start Civil Disobedience, though there is a body of persons which is ready to start disobedience of civil or uncivil, defensive or aggessive nature. And for aught I know of other Provinces, no other Province is yet prepared enough to enter upon a campaign of Civil Disobedience.

Q.—How has the movement of non-cooperation affected the general situation in the Country?

A.—The movement has no doubt brought about a tremendous awakening in the nation, and has ruffled Indian society to an extent unparalleled in the modern history of India. It has also placed India on the highroad to the unification of her different castes, creeds and communities. But so far as the "general situation," properly so called, is concerned, it is practically what it was before the movement was inaugurated by Mahatma Gandhi, and taken up by the Congress at Calcutta. We cannot be said to have come within sight of the redress of Punjab and Khilafat wrongs, or of the attainment of the cherished goal of Swarajya.

Q.—How has the repression affected the movement of Non-Coopeartion?

A.—It has affected Non-Cooperation in this sense that people have begun to lose all confidence in the efficacy and effectiveness of this type of movement in the matter of the attainment of Swarajya.

Q.—Is any change in the programme required? If so, in what direction? Have you got any suggestions to make as regards making the movement more effective?

A.—The change in the programme is not only necessary, but it is inevitable. The [illegible] would do well to rise to the occa[illegible]. Every congi[illegible] extreme desirability [illegible] principles of Non-Violence in the pr[illegible] state of things, and indissoluble unity [illegible]ng all creeds and communities for all [illegible] to come. So accepting them as [illegible] basis of all Congress agitation, I sug[illegible] the following alterations in the Con[illegible]ss Programme:—

(1) Instead of making Non-Cooperation as such as the bed-rock of Congress Programme, the Congress should rear it up on the principle of "responsive cooperation."—a principle which has been bequeathed to us by the political genius of the late Lokamanya Tilak. Responsive cooperation is wide enough to include all forms of Non-Cooperation.

(2) All the Congress Resolutions must be so worded as to leave sufficient scope and latitude for the play of individual conscience. In other words, the Congress should in future reject the mandate theory. The rejection of this theory will frustrate the attempts of some of us to convert the Congress into a hide-bound institution reflecting the thoughts and sentiments of only a particular political sect, will make it more expansive and broad-based, and will clear the atmosphere of intolerance and vituperation, that is sought to be created by some crack-brained Non-Cooperators.

(3) The Congress should call off the boycott of courts, Councils and educational institutions, and should focus all its energies and ectivities only upon the constructive side of these items.

(4) It should, in clear and definite terms, take to Swadeshi and Boycott on preferential lines.

(5) And last but not the least, it should again take into hand foreign propaganda, and endeavour to enlist on its side the sympathies of all liberty-loving people.

In a word, the Congress Programme should be so framed and formulated as to make it comprehensive enough to include all mentalities and points of view within its fold, and to enable the Congress to mobilize all its forces and resources in the cause of Indian Swarajya. We need not fight shy of the changes, which the altered circumstances demand in the Congress programme; nor do they imply any lack of faith in Mahatmaji and his teachings. Let the Congress consolidate what it has already won, let it explore new fields for its activities, let it be inspired by Mahatmaji's superb personality, and let it be animated by the saving principle of "responsive cooperation from without and co-operation from within," then as sure as day follows night, a time will soon arrive, when it will be within measurable distance of its cherished goal of Swarajya.

EDITOR SENTENCED TO 18 MONTHS.

(FROM A CORRESPONDENT.)

SUKKUR, July 20.

Mr. Lilaram Pherwani President of the Shikarpur Congress Committee and Editor of the "Vatan" was arrested last evening at Shikarpur, under Section 124 and the District Magistrate, Sukkur, sentenced him to-day to eighteen months' rigourous imprisonment.

WHAT IS PAN-ISLAMISM?

NOT POLITICAL BUT RELIGIOUS MOVEMENT.

HISTORY OF TURKISH REVOLUTION.

MR. MARMADUKE PICKTHALL'S LECTURE.

AHMEDABAD, July 15.

Yesterday evening, Mr. Marmaduke Pickthall delivered an interesting address on Pan-Islamism to the students of the Gujarat National University. The Premabhai Hall where the address was delivered was crowded with students and others. Principal Gidwani was in the chair. Mr. Pickthall on his arrival at the Hall was welcomed by Mr. Gidwani and some of the professors of the University and the students accorded to him a hearty ovation, which was renewed when Mr. Pickthall rose to deliver his address.

Principal Gidwani in introducing the lecturer said that Mr. Pickthall had during the past two years wholeheartedly thrown himself into the struggle for Indian independence and the independence of the Khilafat. At the present moment there were not many men who took as deep an interest in the Khilafat question as Mr. Pickthall. He was an authority on the subject of Islam and the speaker said he was particularly glad that Mr. Pickthall had chosen for his address the subject of Pan-Islamism. Some years ago the subject used to be a bogey and frightened the amateur nationalists of India. But those times had gone by and to-day it was felt on all hands that there was no greater help to the cause of Indian independence than Pan-Islamism. The speaker had spoken to them again and again on the subject and he only reminded them that evening that Pan Islamism was to them not only a matter of religious sympathy with the Muslims but also a far-reaching question of foreign policy. Their distinguished lecturer was a great authority on the subject and he would therefore leave it to him to deal with the subject in his masterly manner. He then called upon Mr Pickthall to deliver his address.

TRUE SIGNIFICANCE OF PAN-ISLAMISM.

Mr. Pickthall, who was received with cheers, said that Pan-Islamism as such was a thing unknown in Islam. It was merely a term employed to designate a progressive movement among the followers of Islam. Islam, as he had observed in another place, meant unity of action among Muslims; it stood for universal brotherhood extending not only to the followers of the Prophet but embracing the whole extent of mankind. The Pan-Islamic movement had been regarded as a great danger because Muslims aimed at recovering not only their po[illegible]t also restoring in the [illegible] the real Ruler of [illegible] the abo[illegible]

[illegible]OLUTION.

[illegible] had happened. The [illegible]nt to England [illegible] the British [illegible] that year [illegible]wer of [illegible] Bul[illegible] The [illegible]ct at that [illegible]ere entirely pro[illegible] Minister was [illegible] most humble servant of [illegible]ughter).

[illegible] described in moving [illegible] the betrayal of Turkey by the Entente Powers. England urged Turkey to disband her army in Europe on the ground that it might be regarded as a menace by Bulgaria, giving at the same time an [illegible] that no attack on her [illegible] intended or would be permitted. The Turks believed the assurance and disbanded the army. The lecturer recounted how he had been told by Turkish statesmen that they believed the assurance because it bore England's signature. He then described how when the Turkish army had been disbanded and its units had had time to reach far distant places, war was seen to be inevitable, despite England's assurance, and how the Turkish rabble of recruits at Lulea Burghas, without uniforms, without officers and without supplies, unable to find their regiments in the battle, had rallied and fought well and the resistance they had offered was something wonderful indeed. Mr. Pickthall then described the battle of Lulea Burghas where for three days a skeleton Turkish army and the rabble aforesaid held the Bulgarians at bay and gave time to the Turks to retire upon Chataldja and complete their arrangements. The Bulgarian army had beaten itself to death on the Chataldja Lines. Mr. Pickthall also described how at one time Constantinople itself was in danger. One night under cover of intense *sleet and hail* the Bulgarians succeeded in capturing the last fort on the lines and killing the garrison. The patrol, consisting of a Turk and an Armenian officer, not knowing what had happened visited the fort. The Turk was shot and the Armenian had the fate of Constantinople in his hands But not every Armenian was a traitor and this Armenian gave the warning and the Trebizond Regiment recaptured the fort, losing two-thirds of their men, but every one of the Bulgars had been killed, (cheers). Thus an Armenian saved Constantinople. When the Young Turks again came into power in January 1913 they made a definite offer to England, said the lecturer, to take over the guardianship of Turkey. The Turks badly wanted help and protection. But their offer was refused! The Young Turks, still not losing hope, asked for joint British and French Instructorship; that was also refused. Then the Young Turks asked for British Inspectors for Armenia, to which they were entitled under the terms of the Cyprus Convention. Another "scrap of paper"! This was also refused. At this time Russians were arming the Kurds and Armenians and there was actual evidence, said Mr. Pickthall, that on one occasion the Russians let loose the Kurds on the Armenians to give a culpable excuse to fight against Turkey!

Then came the war. Mr. Pickthall explained the reasons why Turkey had thrown herself on the side of Germany, the Turks, he said, had definite evidence—their secret service was extraordinarily good—that England had agreed with Russia on the partition of Turkey whatever happened, and Turkey would lose Constantinople and Eastern Anatolia. This was a great shock to Turkey. It should be remembered that Turkey had lost the Balkan and Italian wars through lack of a fleet, and as a result the Turkish Government had arranged for the purchase of two Dreadnoughts, which, already bought and paid for, were in the English yards when war broke out.

Mr. Pickthall described how everybody in the Turkish Empire had subscribed towards the purchase of those ships; how Turkish ladies had given the very hair off their heads to help the cause. They in India could hardly imagine what great importance the Turkish nation attached to the possession of those Dreadnoughts. When the war broke out, and when Turkey was still neutral, the British Government seized those two warships on the very day when the Turkish crews under their British instructors had come to take possession of them, and the lecturer had been told the Turkish Flag was actually flying upon one of them. It was curious too that no compensation was paid to the Turks, as was usual in such circumstances, and to aggravate matters, the British Government wrote to Turkey promising to pay the compensation after the war! The lecturer wanted them to imagine what a great blow it must have been to the Turkish people, who were up to that time pro-British.

Mr. Pickthall hoped that he had said enough to make his audience understand and sympathize with the progressive Turkish movement which constituted no danger to Europe. If it had been left alone and given a little encouragement, it might have proved the bulwark of peace in the East. The policy of Europe towards Turkey, on the contrary, might well be compared to a series of kicks in the face. The Government of England, the lecturer continued, had of recent years the object to prevent Islam from making progress upon modern lines, for "Christians" dreaded a rival civilisation more than Islam as an armed foe. There was too much "Christian" spirit in the Government of England and it refused the Turks the right to develop on their own lines.

Mr. Pickthall then mentioned how after the Revolution when a Turkish deputation visited England, a member of Parliament had asked Javid Bey whether the Turks would give every facility for Muslims to be converted to Christianity (shame). Javid Bey went to the speaker and asked him what sort of man the M. P. in question could be to have asked such an insulting question. The "Christian" Government in England gave currency to the idea that the progressive movement was Pan-Islamism and that Pan-Islamism was a danger, and had tried to put it down.

REVIVAL OF ASIA.

After giving a [illegible] of the personal ex[illegible] England, Mr. Pickthall proceeded to say that he was convinced of the revival of Asia. He foresaw a new glory of Islam and a new Asiatic civilization on old lines taking only what was good from Europe. In any case it was necessary for them all to become Asiatics with pride and throw off the spell of Europe which had paralysed them. For he knew that Asia was not inferior to Europe and on the contrary possessed some noble characteristics which Europe lacked. The thing was that they should advance on their own lines, keeping bitterness out of their hearts and avoiding the curse of European nations, which is hatred of one's neighbour. They had to realize that Asia stood for religion which meant human brotherhood and if they could realize that, their movement would become a blessing to the world. The lecturer added that he had seen wonderful changes in his own community during the past two years. The Qoran said: "Allah brings the living out of the dead," and he felt that that saying had come true. Nationalist Turkey was now really an independent and progressive Muslim State on the soil of Asia facing Europe. In spite of war and its heavy preoccupations, the Turks were carrying on bravely, thousands of schools were kept going and the portfolio of the Ministry of Education was in the hands of a *Purdah* lady. (Cheers).

In conclusion Mr. Pickthall prayed that his countrymen might change their minds, throw out the present men and put honest men in their place and contribute towards the progress of Islam. (Loud cheers).

Mr. Zahur Ahmed who was also present at the meeting made a short speech in Urdu explaining the principal points of Mr. Pickthall's address and paid a stirring tribute to Mustafa Kemal's brilliant leadership.

VOTE OF THANKS TO MR. PICKTHALL.

Mr. Gidwani in proposing a vote of thanks to Mr. Pickthall referred to the brilliant future that lay in store for Turkey. He appealed to his Hindu fellow countrymen to study the history of Turkey with true sympathy and understanding. A nation that had produced a great leader at every crisis could not be called a sick nation, as Europe had called it. Turkey was a nation of vitality and living faith in its high destiny. Mr. Gidwani incidentally referred to the personal attack which had been made on their talented lecturer by certain Maharashtra papers by calling him a renegade. Mr. Gidwani felt that far from being a reproach, which the term was intended to be, it was a great compliment and it was a matter of real honour and pride that Mr. Pickthall had the moral courage to follow his real convictions and not blindly adhere to the religion of his fathers. He hoped Mr. Pickthall would more frequently give the students of the Gujarat Mahavidyalaya the benefit of his wide experience and knowledge.

WAGING WAR AGAINST KING.

TRIAL AT CALICUT OF 4 MOPLAHS.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALICUT, July 20.

Mr. G. H. B. Jackson, M. A., I. C. S., Special Judge resumed yesterday hearing of the very sensational case in which four Moplah landlords were charged with waging war against the king, the details of which have already been reported by me. The Court was crowded with people. The Public Prosecutor examined two more witnesses for the prosecution. One of these witnesses stated that he had seen accused along with a band of rebels in the village munsiff's Court of Cheruvayoor, which was burnt by them along with the records. The other witness referred to his forcible conversion by Konnara Thangal and the presence of accused at the time.

PROSECUTION WITNESS CROSS-EXAMINED.

Mr. Nugent Grant, Bar-at-Law, then began cross-examination of the prosecution witnesses. Prosecution witness Govindan Nayar stated that he did not know if there was any ill-feeling between the fourth accused's father and the village munsiff of Cheruvayoor. He had given a statement about his experiences at the hands of rebels before the personal assistant to the Collector of Malabar but he had not mentioned in it the names of the accused. It was due to confusion of mind. The next witness Ayamed, a Moplah stated when cross-evamined by Mr. Grant that he could swear that the military and police had not searched his house and recovered from there guns and swords. He surrendered to the police at Arnjikode in response to a proclamation. He had not assisted the rebels in converting Hindus. He had not tortured a Hindu named Chathu Nayar.

CAUGHT IN CONTRADICTION.

The next witness cross-examined by Mr. Grant stated that he had not been advised by anybody that a change of date of his capture by the rebels would be consistent with the evidence of other witnesses in the case. He did not alter the date of his capture purposely as there were discrepancies in his evidence. In his statement before the magistrate he had not mentioned the names of accused. Gopalan Nayar another witness cross-examined by Mr. Grant stated that he was related to the village munsiff of Cheruvayoor. He remembered litigation between the village munsiff of Cheruvayoor and 4th accused's father. He did not remember to have put in an affidavit in that litigation. As this stage Mr. Grant put into the hands of witness an affidavit filed by him in that litigation on behalf of his sister and witness admitted it. The fourth accused's father was trying by that litigation to evict the village munsiff from possession of over forty items of landed property. From another affidavit produced in Court By Mr. Grant, witness found that his elder brother had characterised the father of the fourth accused as th bitterest enemy of his family. He could say that the village munsiff had been, evicted by the fourth accused's father, who was now in possession of those properties. He did not know that the fourth accused's father had been awarded a certificate of merit by Government. He had submitted a petition to the Collector of Malabar, in which he had not mentioned names of the accused. He was captured by rebels on the 20th October last and not on the 19th October as stated in his evidence in case No. 40 of 1922. When he saw accused with guns and swords he realised that they were attached to the Khilafat party. He did not remember to have told the Collector about it. The hearing will be resumed at 3 p. m. to-day.

ALLEGED BOGUS AGENT.

PROSECUTED BY VULVANINE CO.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

MADRAS, July 20.

At the instance of Mr. Hodgson, Manager of Vulvanine Oil Company, S. Bennett *alias* Ranchodas Dalal, of Marmagoa, aged 25 was arrested by the Secunderabad police and produced before the Commissioner of Police, Madras, on a charge of cheating. It is alleged Bennett on June 20th last gave a cheque on Banco National Ultra Marino, Bombay, to the clerk of Mr. Hodgson in return for cash. The cheque was later sent to Bombay for cashing but was dishonoured. It is further alleged that Bennett bought 150 tins of Ford Oil grease, etc., for Rs. 1,400 and issued a cheque for the amount on the same bank. Bennett representing himself as the agent of Vulvanine Coy., sold these tins to a merchant at Secunderabad at a price which was 35 per cent less than the original value. Mr. Hodgson, who happened to be at this time travelling in Secunderabad, had Bennett arrested for cheating. Bennett is also reported to have issued cheques likewise on the same bank to two other firms, both of them being dishonoured.

The case is under investigation.

An A. P. message of Wednesday's date says:—Mr. Holmes, an Anglo-Indian, who was dismissed by the District Magistrate, Kasauli, to give security to keep peace for two years' for an alleged shouting on the Christmas day, outside the church at Kasauli, and whose revision application was dismissed by the District Magistrate Amballa, has now moved the High Court to set aside the order. The case comes up before the High Court, to-morrow (Thursday.)

S. S. Hatkola from Colombo with sugar and S. S. Kura from Rangoon with wood arrived at Karachi on 20th instant.

S. S. Vita left Karachi for Bombay with general cargo and passengers on 20th instant.

THE WEATHER.

RAINFALL AT BOMBAY.

Stations.	24 hours to 8 a.m. of 21st July, 1922.	Total since 1st June, 1922	June 1st to 21st July. 1920.	1921.
	In. Cts	In. Cts	In. Cts	In. Cts
Colaba (Observatory)	1.37	44.12	48.43	27.81
Fort (St. George's Hospital).	0.88	40.59	48.07	29.98
Esplanade (Gok. Tej. Hospital)	0.95	42.17	43.28	29.68
Byculla (J. J. Hospital)	1.34	45.04	43.70	31.33
Kemp & Co., (Cumballa Hill)	..	..	..	..

SUN, MOON AND TIDES AT BOMBAY.

The following are the hours and heights of the tides in Bombay Harbour during the ensuing week. Hours stated in Bombay Mean Time, depath of water is at Prince's Dock sill.

Day of week.	Day of Month.	HIGH WATER. Bombay Mean Time	Depth on Sill.	Day of Month.	LOW WATER. Bombay Mean Time	Depth on Sill.
	July	h. m.	ft. in.	July	h. m.	ft. in.
S.	22	m 10 0	26 0	22	m 3 0	16 7
		9 28a	26 9		3 45a	19 9
S.	23	m 10 45	27 11	23	m 2 49	15 9
		10 35a	25 0		4 36a	18 9
M.	24	m 11 25	28 11	24	m 4 36	14 11
		11 17a	27 4		5 23a	17 10
Tu.	25	0 3a	26 7	25	m 5 21	14 5
					6 7a	17 6
W.	26	m 0 6	27 11	26	m 6 6	14 4
		0 41a	30 0		6 49a	16 5
Th.	27	m 0 53	28 3	27	m 6 51	14 8
		1 21a	30 0		7 31a	16 1
F.	28	m 9 9	25 9	28	m 2 8	17 6
		8 24a	25 1		2 50a	20 6

The following are the hours of sunrise and sunset according to Indian Standard Time during the ensuing week.

	A.M. Sunrise	P.M. Su set
July 22 (Saturday)	6h. 12m'	7h. 18m.
.. 23 (Sunday)	6h. 12m.	7h. 18m.
.. 24 (Monday)	6h. 12m.	7h. 17m.
.. 25 (Tuesday)	6h. 13m.	7h. 17m.
.. 26 (Wednesday)	6h. 10m.	7h. 19m.
.. 27 (Thursday)	6h. 11m.	7h. 18m.
.. 28 (Friday)	6h. 11m.	7h. 18m.

Phases of the Moon.—New Moon, July 24th. 6h. 17-1m. p.m.; First Quarter 31st, 9h. 51-6m., a.m.; Full Moon, Aug. 7th, 9h. 48-7m. p.m.; Last Quarter, 16th, 2h. 15-8m. a.m.

DAILY WEATHER REPORT.

Summary of observations recorded at 8 hours on Friday, the 21st July 1922, giving data for the preceding 24 hours.

The Punjab.—Delhi reports 0.20 inch of rain. Skies are clear in the north and moderately clouded elsewhere. Day temperature was below normal at Multan and Delhi. Night temperature was higher than usual at Rawalpindi.

The United Provinces.—Jhansi and Cawnpore report 1.35 inches and 0.70 inch of rain respectively. Skies are moderately or heavily clouded and at Mainpuri day temperature was lower than usual.

Sind and Rajputana.—Mount Abu and Kotah had 0.25 inch and 0.10 inch of rain respectively. Skies are clear in upper Sind and north Rajputana and lightly or moderately clouded elsewhere. Day temperature was below normal at Jacobabad.

Gujarat, Kathiawar and Central India West.—Veraval, Surat and Indore report 0.21 inch, 0.19 inch and 0.34 inch of rain respectively. Skies are moderately or heavily clouded and at Bhuj humidity is in defect and night temperature was lower than usual. Day temperature was above normal at Ahmedabad.

The Central Provinces.—There has been nearly general rain over the division. Jubbulpore reports a very heavy fall of 4.40 inches while Saugor had 0.19 inch, Khandwa 0.12 inch, Amraoti 0.16 inch, Nagpur 0.44 inch, Chanda 1.32 inches and Raipur 0.52 inch. Skies are moderately or heavily clouded and at Akola, Amraoti and Chanda day temperature was lower than usual.

The Konkan.—Rainfall has been nearly general but has decreased in amount. Bombay received 1.37 inches, Ratnagiri 1.39 inches, Mornugao 0.55 inch and Karwar 0.23 inch. Skies are moderately or heavily clouded.

The Bombay Deccan and Hyderabad.—Rain has fallen nearly generally. Ahmednagar had 0.12 inch, Poona 0.55 inch, Sholapur 0.32 inch, Belgaum 1.12 inches, Nizamabad 0.50 inch and Hyderabad 0.56 inch. Skies are heavily clouded and humidity is nearly normal or in excess. Day temperature was below normal in Hyderabad and at Sholapur and Bijapur.

General Remarks.—The monsoon has been less active on the west coast of the Peninsula and has extended slightly into the Bombay Deccan. Rainfall has been nearly general in the Konkan, the Bombay, Deccan, Hyderabad, the Central Provinces and on the north Coromandel coast and local in Malabar, Central India West, the United Provinces, south Rajputana and Mysore. A few falls have occurred in Gujarat, Kathiawar and the south-east Punjab. Jubbulpore reports a very heavy fall of 4.40 inches, falls at other stations lying within an inch and a half. The sea is reported as rough from Colombo, Trivandrum and Mormugao. It is also rough on the Kathiawar and Sind coasts where strong winds are blowing. Day temperature was lower than usual on the Madras coast and in east Hyderabad, upper Sind and the south-west Punjab.

Forecast.—An increase of rain is probable in and about the north-east of the Peninsula but present conditions are likely to continue elsewhere.

The Chief amounts not already shown in the Bombay Reports are:—Victoria-Point, Rangoon, Kyaukpyu one inch; Mergui one and a half; Tavoy two; Dibrugarh one and a half; Darjeeling one; Gaya, Mussooree one and a half; Gorakhpur, Mukteswar three; Benares, Lucknow one; Bahraich six; Bareilly, Roorkee four; Meerut one and a half; Simla seven; Dalhousie three; Khushab, Harnai one; Mercara one and a half.

OBSERVATIONS RECORDED AT 8 HOURS ON FRIDAY, THE 21ST OF JULY 1922.

Stations.	Temp. in Shade. Maximum of past 24 hours	Minimum of past 24 hours.	Humidity At 8 hours.	Rainfall. Past 24 hours.	Total 1st Nov. to date.	Departure 1st Nov. to date.
PERSIAN GULF—						
Bushire	..	..	..	..	..	..
Do. 20th	94.9	84.4	76	..	0	—0.08
Jask	97.1	88.6	82	..	0	—0.16
Muskat	95.9	86.6	82	..	0	..
Do.	..	..	..	..	..	..
PUNJAB—						
Multan	95.6	81.0	74	..	0.47	—1.24
Rawalpindi	95.7	81.1	65	..	3.06	—3.76
Lahore	99.8	81.3	72	..	2.41	—2.87
Hissar	96.8	79.9	76	..	3.19	—1.04
Ambala	91.6	78.0	87	0.03	15.38	+6.50
Delhi	88.6	76.2	87	0.20	5.17	—3.71
UNITED PROVINCES						
Agra	90.5	79.4	83	..	5.31	—3.82
Manipuri	87.4	77.1	91	0.06	13.95	+6.10
Jhanso	87.2	75.4	85	1.35	11.38	—0.86
Cawnpore	87.6	76.4	88	0.70	10.37	+0.62
Allahabad	89.1	78.1	83	0.04	12.02	+0.18
SIND AND RAJPUTANA						
Jacobanad	98.5	87.6	60	..	0	—0.80
Karachi	90.1	8.39	84	..	0.03	—2.80
Ajmer	92.2	78.4	70	0	3.47	—3.42
Jaipur	94.0	7.87	61	..	5.29	—2.31
Kotah	92.6	79.6	65	0.1	6.22	—3.13
Mount Abu	72.5	65.4	90	0.25	6.61	—12.94
GUJRAT KATHIAWAR AND CENTRAL INDIA WEST—						
Bhuj	89.0	71.3	65	..	1.01	—5.46
Dwarka	87.3	80.4	83	0.06	4.20	—3.77
Veraval	83.2	79.5	89	0.21	4.20	—3.86
Rajkot	91.0	75.6	82	..	3.54	—8.89
Bhavnagar Para	94.6	77.6	75	..	5.92	—2.94
Surat	86.8	76.6	93	0.19	20.54	+0.12
Ahmedabad	101.0	77.5	81	..	7.52	—5.35
Deesa	93.3	77.5	73	0.03	3.41	—4.83
Neemuch	87.1	74.9	77	..	14.72	+5.20
Indore	84.7	72.6	86	0.34	14.98	+2.14
CENTRAL PROVINCES						
Jubbulpore	82.3	73.9	91	4.40	21.78	+2.33
Saugor	83.3	72.6	94	0.19	18.83	+2.81
Hosangabad	87.9	74.0	91	..	15.43	—0.76
Khandwa	84.8	73.9	75	0.12	4.90	—6.25
Akola	82.5	74.9	90	0.02	11.68	—0.59
Amroto	80.6	73.7	84	0.16	12.48	—0.71
Nagpur	84.5	73.8	77	0.44	14.34	—4.42
Chanda	80.5	72.0	94	1.32	14.96	%5.24
Raipur	85.3	74.6	85	0.52	15.78	—1.73
KONKAN—						
Bombay	85.9	76.2	93	1.37	44.12	+5.97
Ratnagiri	81.1	75.3	93	1.39	69.17	+15.25
Marmugoa	81.9	75.5	91	0.55	64.10	+11.42
Karwar	82.2	75.5	84	0.23	74.17	+7.81
DECCAN AND HYDERABAD—						
Malegaon	85.7	73.4	76	..	8.06	+0.04
Ahmednagar	85.6	69.3	90	0.12	6.81	—0.97
Poona	79.8	68.8	93	0.55	8.34	—1.63
Sholapur	83.2	70.4	90	0.32	4.10	—1.39
Bijapur	81.2	69.9	91	0.02	3.19	—1.65
Belgaum	73.9	67.5	95	1.12	16.44	—3.29
Aurangabad	78.9	70.8	85	..	13.25	+3.33
Nizamabad (Indur)	77.1	76.3	90	0.50	11.61	—0.50
Hyderabd	76.4	70.7	95	0.56	5.65	—3.18
MALABAR AND CEYLON						
Mangalaore	84.3	74.5	90	1.01	77.81	+13.63
Calicut	80.3	76.6	99	0.28	75.03	+19.65
Cochin	83.6	77.1	87	..	53.97	+9.26
Colombo	85.2	77.6	84	..	12.36	+0.63
MADRAS EXCLUDING MALABAR) AND MYSORE—						
Masilipatam	78.3	74.1	93	0.75	5.78	—3.04
Bellary	84.8	73.3	87	0.06	6.38	—3.70
Cuddapah	95.4	75.6	82	0.07	3.81	—1.74
Madras	87.7	77.4	78	0.13	4.14	—0.21
Bangalore	78.6	66.1	87	0.22	4.92	—0.81
Coimtore	84.9	72	77	..	2.60	—0.11
Trichanopoly	94.7	79.4	58	..	0.61	—1.61
Negapatam	89.0	78.8	74	..	3.17	+0.74

SHARE REPORTS.

BANKS.

Name.	Paid up Amount	Face Value.	Div. paid	Last Div.	Quotation to buy
	Rs.	Rs.		Rs	Rs
Allahabad Bank	100	100	Feb-Aug.	18%	320
Alliance	100	..	Jan-Aug.	17%	290
Baroda	50	100	Jan-July	15%	74
Imperial	500	500	Jan-July	16%	352 xd.
„ Contributary	125		„		350 xd.
India	50	100	Jan-July	15%	124
Central	25	50	Feb-Oct.	14%	37/8
Tata Bank Chartered	22 1/2	75	„ as.	10	16/8
Bank	£.5	£.5	Apr-Oct.	„	£ 17
Eastern	£.5	£.10	„	„	87
Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation	$125	$125	„	48%	£ 118
Mercantile Bank of India	A £ 12 1/2		„ „	18%	£ 28/4
Bank of Morvi	10	25	Feb-Oct.	9%	1.

RAILWAY COMPANIES.

Ahmedabad Dholka	100	100	Mar-Sept.	8 3/4%	120
Ahmedabad Pratnij	500	500	„	912%	830
Amritsar Patty	100	100	„	9%	110
Central Provinces	100	100	„	6%	95 xd
Chaparmukh Silghat	100	100	„	2%	51
Dond-Baramate	100	100	Feb-Aug.	5%	61
Khulna Bagirhat.	100	100	„	4%	108
Larkhana Mandhra	100	100	„	4%	82
Bhon	90	100	Feb Aug.	„	6.
Pachora Jamner	100	100	Feb-Aug.	„	60
Sara Sirajgunj	100	100	Mar-Sept.	4%	66
Sialkote Narowal	100	100	Apr-Oct.	3%	70
Sindh Light	100	100	Jul.-Jan.	11%	114
Tapti Valley	500	500	Mar-Sept.	„	385
Upper Sindh Light	100	100	Feb-Aug.	4%	66

CEMENT AND MANGANESE COMPANIES

Bundi Portland	10	10	July	1-13-6	10
Bamankua	5	..	..	..	4
Central mining	10	..	..	6%	10
Indian Cement	250	250	..	17 1/2%	290
Katni Cement ord.	100	100	„	12	288
„ Defd	40	40	„	48	230 xd
Shivrajpur	10	10	„	4-8-6	31

SPINNING AND WEAVING COMPANIES.

	Rs.	Rs.		Rs.	Rs
Ah. Advance	500	500	Apr-Oct.	203	250
Alliance cotton	100	100	„	..	368 a
Appollo	50	50	Feb-Jan.	8	81/4
Birla mills	100	105	Apl Sept	8	80
By. Cotton	500	500	Sep-Dec.	100	12 0
By. Dyeing	250	250	Mar-apr.	96	1430
Bradbury	250	250	June-Nov.	100	1650
Bombay Industrial	100	100	„	18	
Century	100	100			
Cent. India	500				
Colaba Land	70				
Coorla					
Crescent					
Currimbho					
David					
Dawn					
E. D. Sassoon United	7 1/2				
Edward Sassoon,	200	200	Mar-		
Elphinstone	100	100	June		
Fazulbhoy	250	250	„	13	
Framji Petit	1000	1000	Mar-Sep.	250	
Globe	100	100	Mar-Sep.	3	240
Gokak	100	100	„	30	242/8
Indian Bleaching	100	100	May.	10	220
Indore Malwa	100	100	Aug-Feb	52	710
Jamshed Mfg.	250	250	May-Oct.	65	475
Kastoorchand	500	500	Julp-Dec.	50	900
Khatao	100	100	Apr-Nov.	60	583
Kilachand mill's	25	25	Aug-Jan.	1 1/2	17
Kohinoor	500	500	Mar-Aug.	235	3030
Luxmi Cotton	1000	1000	Apr.-Oct.	500	6700
Madhavrao Scindia	100	100	„	28	260
Madhowji	100	00	July-Dec.	30	400
Mathuradas	500	500	May-Nov.	50	850
Manecklji Petit	1000	1000	Mar-Sep.	400	4800
Meyer Sassoon	100	100	Mar-Aug.	30	320
Morarji	1000	1000	Apr-Nov.	400	7100
New Great	200	200	Mar-Sep.	70	847/8
New City	100	100	„	60	720
Paban	250	250	„	99	840
Pearis	250	250	July-Dec.	90	107 7/8
Phoenix	100	100	Mar-Aug	100	830
Premier	100	100	May	„	160
Planet	100	100	Dec-Aug.	20	27 3/8
Presidency Mills	125	125	Aug-Jan.	25	308
Sassoon Cotton	100	100	Apr-Aug.	15	272/1
Shapurji	102	101	Aug-Sept	25	345
Sholapur	1000	1000	Apr-Oct.	700	12,500n.
Simplex	250	250	Jan-Dec.	70	847/8
Standard	500	500	Apr-Sept.	220	2600
Swan	250	250	Mar.-Aug.	162	1200
Swadeshi	500	500	Apl-Oct.	300	4830
Tata Mill	500	500	May-Oct.	90	1150 xd.
Vishnu Cotton	500	500	Apl-Oct.	200	2510

ELECTRIC COMPANIES.

Ahd. Electricity	188	100	„	1000	14(
Andhra Valley	1000	1000	„	49	805
Bombay. Electric Supply & Tramway	52	52	„	„	123/12
Tata Hydro	1022	1022	Jan.	38	675

MISCELLANEOUS COMPANIES.

Alcock	102	123	„	152	527/8
B. Burma T. Corpo	125	125	„	25	520
B. Burma N.I.	50	125	„	10	159/8 pr
By. Flour	500	500	Jan-Aug.	125	1500
Bt. Burma Pet			„Mar-Oct.as 6.		8 6
By. Steam	250	250	Oct. Rs. 10/5		238
Kemp & Co.	200		July.	26	140
Marcks	100		„	12	99
New India Insur.	25	250	„	„	21/4
Oriental Govt. Life	50	200	April	10%	350
Phillips	40		July	10%	48
Fort Canning	1000		Sept.	52	675
Scindia Steam	30	30	„	3	8
Tata Iron & Steel-Ord.	75	75	Sept.	11	80
Defd	20	20	Sept.	61/8	212/8
N. Ord.	75	75	„	5	82/8
N. Ded	400	400	„	8	12
Tata Oil.	100	100	„	8	6
Thacker Co.	22	22	June	„	12

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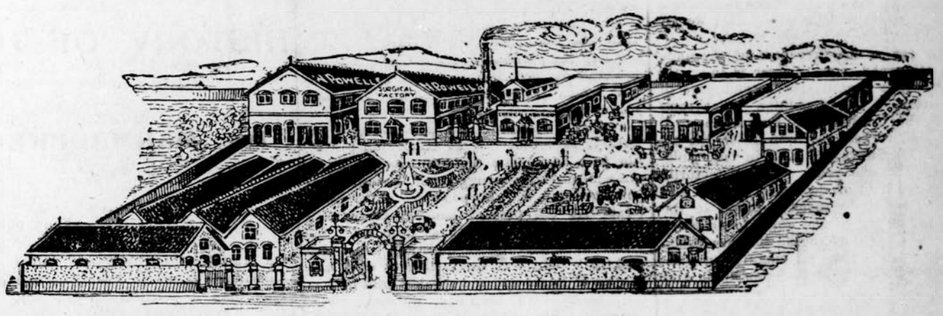

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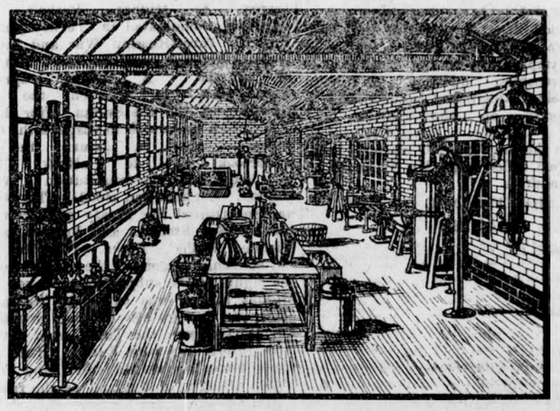

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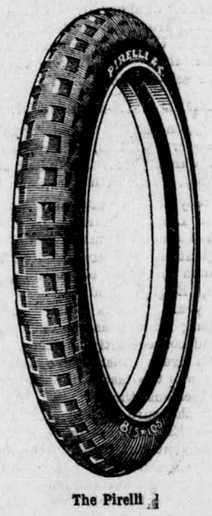

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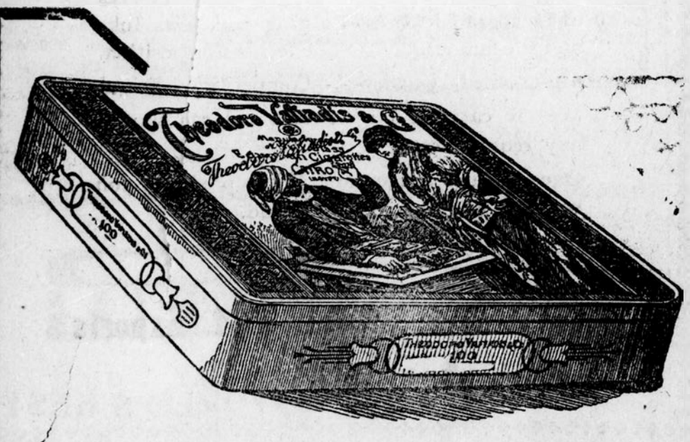

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HIGH COURT.

APPELLATE SIDE.

CONGRATULATING ALI BROTHERS.

SUSPENDED FROM PRACTICE.

The Government Pleader
vs.
Mr. V. B. Chaukar, Mr. Kundanmal Sobhachand Firode, B.A., L.L.B., and Mr. C. M. Soptarishi, M.A., L.L.B.

(Before Sir Lallubhai Shah, Acting Chief Justice and Justice Crump.)

This was an application presented by the Government Pleader under the Disciplinary Jurisdiction of the High Court.

The applicant in his application stated:—

"That the opponent No. 1 Mr. V. B. Chankar is a District Court Pleader practising in Ahmednagar under a Sanad, dated 3rd May, 1883, opponent No. 2, Mr. K. S. Firodia B.A., L.L.B., is a District Court Pleader practising at Ahmednagar under a Sanad, dated 1st August, 1910, and opponent No. 3, Mr. C. M. Saptarishi, M.A., L.L.B., is a High Court Pleader practising in Ahmednagar under a Sanad, dated 26th September, 1911. That in 1921 certain persons were convicted by the Sessions Court at Dharwar for certain offences under the Indian Penal Code, that in October, 1921, Mahomed Ali and Shaukat Ali, the two Ali brothers were prosecuted for certain offences under the Indian Penal Code and their trial was pending in the Court of the Judicial Commissioner of Sind at Karachi and ultimately resulted in conviction and that one Gangadharrao Deshpande was prosecuted for an offence under Section 124A of the Indian Penal Code in the Court of the F. C. Magistrate at Dharwar and the prosecution afterwards ended in conviction. That on 24th October 1921, while Gangadharrao Deshpande and the Ali brothers were on their trial at Dharwar and Karachi respectively, a meeting was held at Ahmednagar and was presided over by opponent No. 1 Mr. V. B. Chaukar and a resolution congratulating the convicts in the Dharwar Sessions case and Gangadharrao Deshpande and the Ali brothers was moved by opponent No. 2 Mr. K. S. Firodia. The resolution ran as follows:—

"This meeting congratulates Maulana Mahomedali and Shaukatali and other leaders who are on their trial at Karachi as well as the leaders and other persons convicted in the Dharwar case and also Mr. Gangadharrao pleader of Belgaum, who is on his trial at Dharwar."

This resolution was seconded by opponent No. 3 Mr. C. M. Saptarishi and it was then put to vote by the President, opponent No. 1 and passed. That the District Government Pleader made an application to the District Judge of Ahmednagar praying that an inquiry into the conduct of the opponents be held and a report made to the High Court with a view to disciplinary action being taken against the opponents. That on 16th January 1922 Notice was given to the opponents to show cause on 21st January. That the opponents appeared to show cause and made statements before the learned District Judge, but did not make any expression of regret. That the learned District Judge held that the object of the opponents was to felicitate both the convicts and the person under trial on the conduct which was the subject of the trials [illegible] conclusion that there was [illegible] and that the op[illegible] of hi[illegible]

[illegible] Chaukar

Opponent [illegible] the facts stated in paragraph[illegible] to 4 of the application. As mentioned in paragraph 5, the Opponent No. 1 in his capacity as President of the meeting took votes and declared as carried the resolution before the meeting to congratulate those of the accused in the Dharwar case who had been convicted and Mr. Gangadharrao Deshpande who was prosecuted. It is not right but wrong to say that this act of the opponent was tantamount to contempt of Court. It cannot be comprehended how the act of ascertaining the opinion of the meeting on the resolution to congratulate those who were sentenced in the Dharwar case could lower the prestige of the Court. It cannot lower the prestige of the Court and it is not likely to do so. Similarly it was not possible that the act of ascertaining the opinion of the meeting on the resolution to congratulate Gangadharrao Deshpande could preiudicially affect the proceedings of the trial. This was not likely; nor has any prejudice been so caused to the proceedings. If the act complained of has caused or was likely to cause contempt of the Dharwar Court this Court has no jurisdiction to enquire into it. It is not explained in the application how congratulating the Ali brothers is a "very reprehensible act." The words are quite general. Opponent No. 1 contends that his conduct is not at all reprehensible. In regard to this also, as stated in paragraph 5, this Court has no jurisdiction to inquire. It was and is the honest opinion of the general public that the persons convicted in the Dharwar case are innocent. The public have a right, and it is their duty, to congratulate them on their behaviour, in accordance with the command of the Congress, their self-sacrifice and their readiness to serve the motherland. Consequently congratulating them is not a conduct which can come within the terms "any other improper conduct of the pleader" of Section 26 of the Pleaders' Act of 1920. There has been no misconduct in any way in congratulating Gangadharrao Deshpande and the Ali brothers for their love of the country, keen devotion to their religion, utmost self-sacrifice, readiness to carry out scrupulously the command of the nation and even to go to jail for their honest convictions. In the resolution quoted in the application there are no words implying contempt of Court. For these reasons there are no grounds for making a report under S. 26 of the Pleaders' Act of 1920, about the opponent No. 1's conduct. But if the Court holds otherwise it may make any report to the High Court it thinks fit."

WRITTEN STATEMENT OF OPPONENT NO. 2.

The following written statement was put by the opponent No. 2:—

The opponent does not dispute the facts as mentioned in paras 1 to 4 of the application. The action of the opponent in congratulating the Dharwar prisoners, the Ali brothers and Gangadharrao Deshpande does not constitute any contempt of court nor was any such contempt ever intended or contemplated by the opponent. The opponent further submits that the resolution in question was never intended to lower the prestige of Courts and so far as they are aware it did not as a matter of fact lower that prestige. The resolution was not intended or calculated to preiudice the trials and has in no way prejudiced them. No reflections of any kind against the Courts or their proceedings, were ever desired or intended by the opponent. The resolution in question was intended to appreciate the sacrifice which the persons concerned were ready to make for their principles and honest convictions. The opponent states that he was not actuated by any desire either to prejudice the impartiality of the trial or to lower the prestige of the Courts. The opponent therefore submit that this participation in the passing of the resolution should not be construed as improper conduct within the meaning of S. 26 of the Bombay Pleaders' Act 1920. The opponent submits that this court has no jurisdiction to inquire into the matter of the application. The opponent therefore prays that no action should be taken against him."

The opponent No. 3 begs to put in the following written statement:—

"The opponent does not dispute the facts as mentioned in paras 1 to 4 of the application. The action of the opponent in congratulating the Dharwar prisoners, the Ali brothers, and Gangadharrao Deshpande does not constitute any contempt of court nor was such contempt ever intended or contemplated by the opponent. The opponent further maintains that congratulating the Dharwar prisoners was never intended to lower the prestige of courts and so far as he is aware, it did not as a matter of facts lower that prestige. Similarly congratulating the Ali brothers and Mr. Gangadharrao Deshpande was not intended or calculated to prejudice their trials and has in no way prejudiced them. The resolution was intended to appreciate the sacrifice which the persons concerned were ready to make for their principles and honest convictions. No reflection of any kind whatever against the courts or their proceedings was intended or desired by the opponent. The opponent submits that he was not actuated by any desire either to prejudice the impartiality of the trials or to lower prestige of the courts and he therefore submits that his participation in the passing of the said resolution should not be construed as improper conduct within the meaning of S. 26 of the Bombay Pleaders' Act 1920. The opponent contends that as the contempt of the court complained of is of courts other than and not subordinate to this court it has no jurisdiction to inquire into the matter of the application. The opponent No. 3 holds his Sanad as a High Court Vakil and his conduct cannot be inquired into by the District Court on an application made by the District Pleader at Ahmednagar."

The Government Pleader in support of the rule submitted that the trial of the Ali brothers was pending at Karachi and the trial of Gangadharrao Deshpande was pending at Dharwar and the resolution passed at the meeting was calculated to interfere with the due course of justice by prejudicing mankind in favour of them. The law on the point is summarised in Halsbury's Laws of England, Vol. 7 at pp. 24 and 285. Any expression of opinion in favour of the accused was likely to prejudice the juror. The contempt was clearly proved. That conduct therefore should be considered as improper within the meaning of Sec. 25 of the Pleaders' Act. This was a case which required an action under the courts Discipling Jurisdiction. Diwan Bhadoor Rao on behalf of the opponents submitted that the case of opponents Nos. 2 and 3 stood on a totally different footing. Whatever the defence of opponent No. 1 might be they have here to continue themselves to the conduct of opponents Nos. 2 and 3. The resolution merely congratulated the Ali brothers, the Counsel's in the Dharwar case Mr. Gangadhar Deshpande. If did not state for what. The resolution did not purport to say that the persons were being congratulated for defying the law. This silence was explained by opponent No. 2. He says the esolution was intended to appreciate the sacrifice which the persons concerned were ready to make for their principles and honest convictions. The sacrifice in the case of those persons was that they were going to submit to the penalty of law for the principles they professed. This rare virtue may be for a good cause or for a bad cause. Even a criminal may possess some redeeming elements and one may appreciate these elements. The resolution was quite silent as to the grounds on which those persons were congratulated. Assuming that the wording of the resolution admitted a different constructions the Court would have to accept one which was consistent with the innocence of the opponents. The authorities on which the paragraph in Halsbury's Laws of England, Vol. 7, p. 284, is based do not disclose [illegible] this case to extol virtues. [illegible] the attacks were either [illegible]nesses (vide 2 Vessey [illegible] Ch. D. 706, (1900) 2 [illegible]hat the resolution [illegible] the jurors. But [illegible]een the places [illegible]held and the [illegible]dd? The [illegible]ere also different [illegible] conducted in Marathi [illegible]s a matter of fact the [illegible]n convictions. The remarks [illegible]ence Jenkins in 41, Cal. p. 224, [illegible] the law on the question of prejudice. There was thus no reason to hold that the acts of the opponents constitute contempt of Court. The opponents are not being tried for contempt itself. The Government pleader seeks to treat this conduct as amounting to improper conduct within the provisions of Sec. 25 of the Act XVII. of 1920. What is improper? Expression of opinions on the current events could not be considered as improper. The pleaders as a class are men of education and learning and trained to form judgments. The privileges which an ordinary citizen is known to possess can not be denied to them or can not be considered as lost to them by their admission as pleader. If a citizen honestly expresses his opinion it cannot be improper conduct. Why should that be treated as improper conduct in a pleader is not explained by the learned Government Pleader.

THE JUDGMENT.

The Acting Chief Justice during the course of the judgment observed that what they had to decide was whether the participation in the passing of a resolution of this character amounted to a reasonable cause within the meaning of clause 10 of the Letters Patent and Section 25 of the Bombay Pleaders' Act of 1920. In determining that the Court had to confine itself to the facts which were apparent on the resolution itself. The real complaint in respect of this resolution was based upon the facts that those felicitations were offered to certain persons who were put on their trial at a time when the proceedings were pending. The question is not as to what reasons influenced any particular individual in endorsing this resolution. But the fact remains that it was a resolution passed in respect of persons concerned in pending proceedings. It is a proposition which is not always fully realized but which is none the less true and ought to be obvious that anything done or said which may amount to criticism in respect of any proceeding pending in a Court of Justice is calculated to hinder the even and impartial administration of justice. Officers of this Court who hold Sanads of this Court are expected to assist in the task of administration of justice and the least that could be expected of them is that no hindrance by their act will be caused to that administration of justice. The main ground upon which the present opponents have transgersed the rule of proper conduct as pleaders lies in the fact that they in a meeting assembled, took part in the passing of a resolution which in effect would undoubtedly amount to criticism of pending proceedings. In the present case, a case is made out for notice being taken of the conduct of the opponents. None of the opponents has expressed any regret either to the District Court or to this Court. Opponent No. 1 who is an old Pleader and as such is expected to realize the importance and bearing of such a resolution while proceedings were pending and who presided at the meeting is more to blame than the other two opponents, who are much younger men, and it is conceivable that in their enthusiasm they allowed that feeling to get the better of their judgment. Indeed if the opponents had expressed their regret the Court would have dropped the idea of making any adverse order against them. But it was impossible to allow transgression of this wholesome rule by the officers of this Court to pass unnoticed.

The Opponent No. 1 was suspended from practice for three months; and the opponents Nos. 2 and 3 were suspended for one month each.

Justice Crump also delivered a concurring judgment.

The full text of their Lordships' judgments will be published in our next issue.

The Government Pleader appeared in support of the rule.

Diwan Bhadoor Rao, Mr. Kane and Mr. D. C. Virkar appeared for the opponents.

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Opinions of the Day.

Arab Mandates.

The "Leader":—If the objection of the Arabs in Iraq to the British manate is only due to their ignorance of the meaning of the word 'mandate', as stated by Mr. Churchill in the House of Commons, then it is pertinent to enquire whether any efforts have been made to explain its meaning clearly to them. We cannot believe that no propaganda was carried on to convince the Arabs of the innocuous and benevolent nature of the mandate, of the blessings it would bring and the freedom it would confer. It would be more correct to say that the Arab opposition to the mandate is based not on ignorance as to its correct meaning but on profound distrust of British intentions. 'If Britain threatened to withdraw from Iraq', concluded Mr. Churchill, 'the result would be chaos and panic, certainly very formidable disorders.' Does this not signify that King Feisul has no hold on the country, that his Government, however representative it might be considered to be, is impotent, and that the real masters of the situation are the British? If this is so, it largely explains the Arab opposition to the mandate.

Mr. Sastri's Imperial Mission.

The "A. B. Patrika":—Mr. Sastri, interviewed at Wellington, said that he had "very little" to ask of New Zealand. There were only 200 Indians in New Zealand and they had already got the franchise. Therefore all he had to do was to deal with "several small matters." The Immigration Officer of New Zealand is to be thanked for the great care he took beforehand in rigorously keeping the Indians from landing at New Zealand and thus incidentally saving Mr. Sastri the amount of exertion he had to put forth in Australia in conceding graciously to it its right to have a "white" population.

But the Right Honourable Sastri never forgets that sixty thousand rupees had been voted to him by the "representatives" of his poor countrymen. Therefore he intends to make a short stay in New Zealand and his task "will simply be to understand New Zealand and to make India understood by New Zealand." If you have no work to do, run the Bengalee saying, fry rice.

Assassins!

The "Independent":—Lord Lytton in a joint-reply to some of the addresses pre-
[illegible] persons
and property, [illegible] been engaged in revolutionary movements and have not hesitated to employ methods of assassination." It is open to His Excellency to make such baseless assertions without adducing the slightest proof in support. But it would seem that the request of the presenters of the addresses for the release of political prisoners was a little bizarre and misplaced.

Fighting with Their Own Weapons.

The "Servant":—The second anniversary of Bal Gangadhar Tilak according to the Hindu calendar was celebrated at Bombay by a meeting held at the Gandharva Vidyalaya in which Srijut L. B. Bhopatkar, a Poona Nationalist, spoke bitterly of the attacks that had been levelled at Mahratta Nationalists who had proposed a revision of the Congress Programme. Tilak has proposed "responsive cooperation" with the bureaucracy as the attitude that should be taken up by us in working the Montagu Reforms; and the speaker asserted that in counselling the people to enter the Councils and fighting the bureaucracy with its own weapons they were simply following the principles which the Lokamanya had advocated throughout his life. The bureaucracy whom our friends propose to fight with its own instruments is the creature of capitalist-imperialism. And as the instruments which we handle have a habit of controlling our activities, we would, if we succeeded, only grow into the likeness of an exploiting nation by using the instruments of this bureaucracy. It is for the country to declare which path it should follow.

Maharashtra Revolt.

The "Swarajya":—What is the alternative offered by the Maharashtra party? They desire that the non-co-operators should fight the elections, capture a majority and thus give the Government the option of going back upon their sham parliamentary system or that of yielding gracefully to our demands. This scheme has many a great attraction but it has one weakness. It is impracticable in the present state of circumstances. With a small and unreal electorate it is difficult to get such an absolute majority as is necessary for the political theory of the Maharashtra. Even if that were possible we are sceptical about the results to be achieved in the Legislative Councils. Our friends in the Maharashtra seem to be impatient for senatorial honours. If they could only exercise a reasonable amount of patience all such honours will come to them in due course. The budding Gokhales will all have their chances in the Parliament of liberated India and for that the khaddar fight has first to be won.

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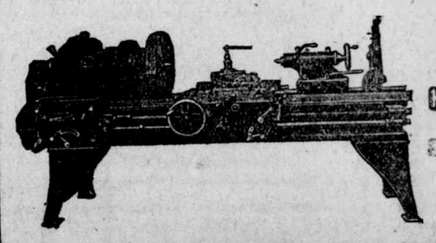

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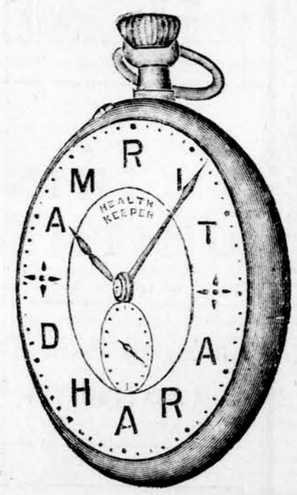

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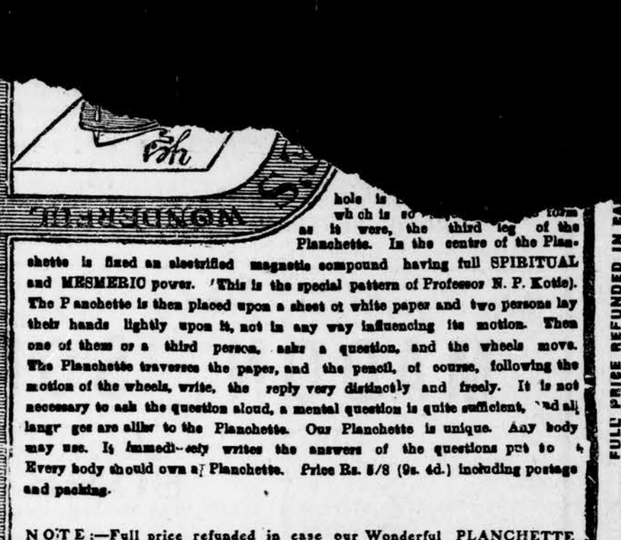

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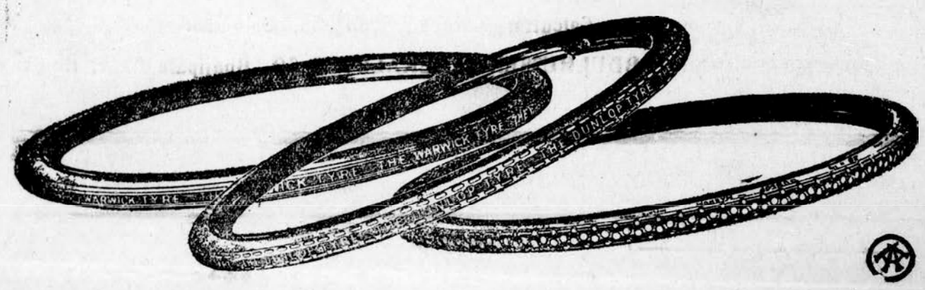

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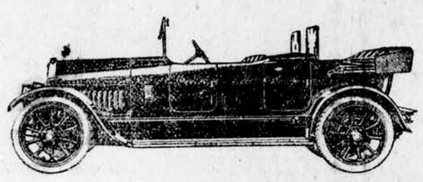

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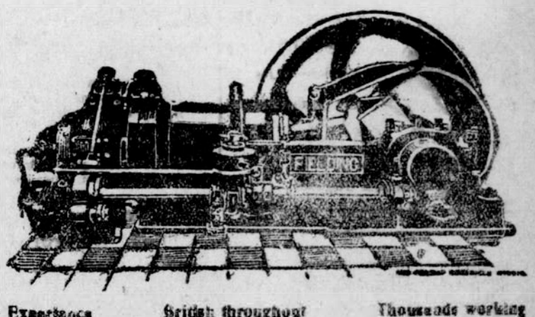

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